



PATIENT

Ares Histro

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

English Bull Terrier

SEX

Male

AGE

5Y, 3M

WEIGHT

27kg

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Viktoria Gounari

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Trust - Bolton

REFERRING VET

Viktoria Gounari

INVOICE

74200

DATE

3-17-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Epistaxis since 7th of March. Previous history of biting the door. Had emergency dental to rule out fractured canine. Epistaxis still going on- non responsive to medical management. PCV was 25% and dropped to 20%

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Triadan 104 and 106 are absent. Parts of the crown of triadan 304 are absent, exposing the pulp cavity to the dental surface. Gas attenuating material is appreciated in the pulp cavity of triadan 304, and the pulp cavity is widened. The periodontal space in the apical region of triadan 304 is significantly widened and the lateral cortex is perforated. Triadan 103 and 204 presents a mild periapical widening of the periodontal space.

In both nasal cavities, a moderate amount of fluid attenuating is appreciated. The alveolar crest of absent triadan 104 is perforating the right nasal cavity.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The mandibular lymph nodes are prominent.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Soft tissue material in both nasal cavities
- Complicated dental fracture 304 and secondary periapical abscess formation
- Possible oronasal fistula level with absent triadan 104
- Periodontal granuloma 103 and 204
- Absent triadan 104 and 106
- Lymphadenopathy mandibular lymph nodes – suggestive for reactive lymphoid hyperplasia

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is no evidence for neoplastic disease of the nasal cavity nor foreign body related rhinitis. The soft tissue material in the nasal cavity is compatible with blood adhering to the mucosal lining. Potentials for epistaxis include immune mediated disease, non-specific rhinitis (e.g. lymphocytic plasmocytic), hyperviscosity syndrome (e.g. Leishmaniosis), other causes for coagulopathy or systemic hypertension.

The clinical relevance of the possible oronasal fistula level with absent triadan 204 is questionable as the nasal changes are appreciated bilaterally.



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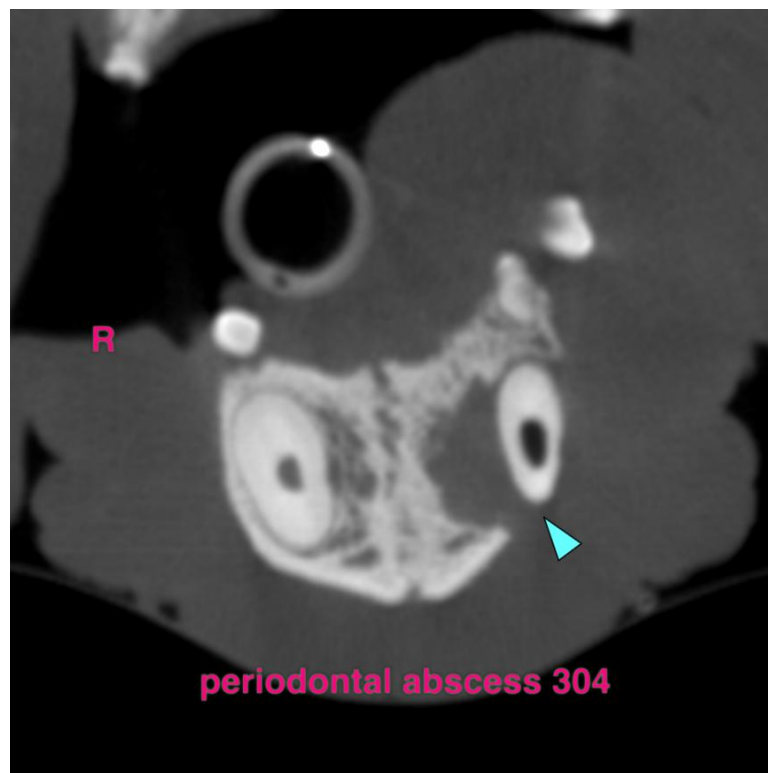
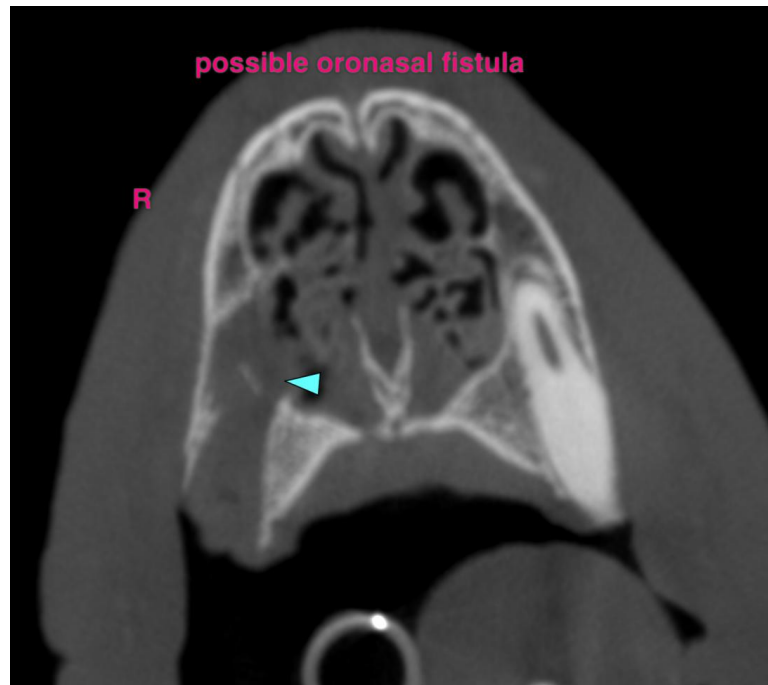
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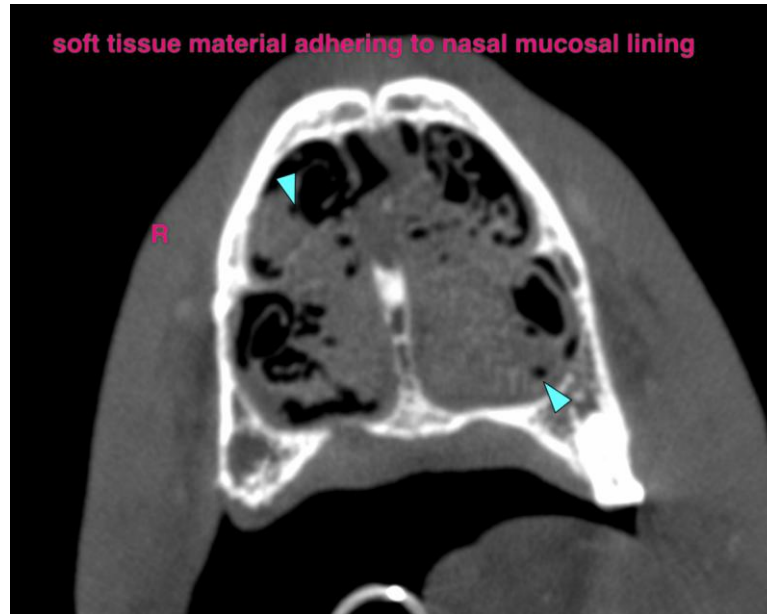
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com