



PATIENT

Sophie Luce

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

13Y

WEIGHT

9.5lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Burge

HOSPITAL NAME

Wilson Veterinary
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Sheehy Veterinary

INVOICE

74209

DATE

3-16-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Intermittent episodes congestion, labored breathing, shaking, gagging started last September, and now getting worse
- Epistaxis started within the last month
- Pet is on Denamarin for elevated ALT and ALP. No changes present on abdominal ultrasound February 2026.
- Pet still eating/drinking ok and no vomiting per owner.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Multiple teeth are absent. The periodontal space of triadan 103, 201, 202, 210 is moderately widened.

The caudal half of the right nasal cavity is obliterated by uniform soft tissue attenuating and mild irregular contrast enhancing material. Localized destruction of the right caudal nasal conchal structures level with the soft tissue material is appreciated.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Contrast enhancing soft tissue material in caudal aspect right nasal cavity with localized conchal destruction
- Periodontal disease triadan 103, 201, 202, 210
- Multiple absent teeth

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The soft tissue material in the caudal aspect of the right nasal cavity is concerning for soft proliferation, and potentials include benign adenomatoid nasal polyp formation, nasal granuloma or primary nasal soft tissue neoplasia such as adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma lymphosarcoma, other. Rhinoscopy including biopsy would be ideal for specification. If neoplasia is confirmed, the Adam tumor stage is 1.



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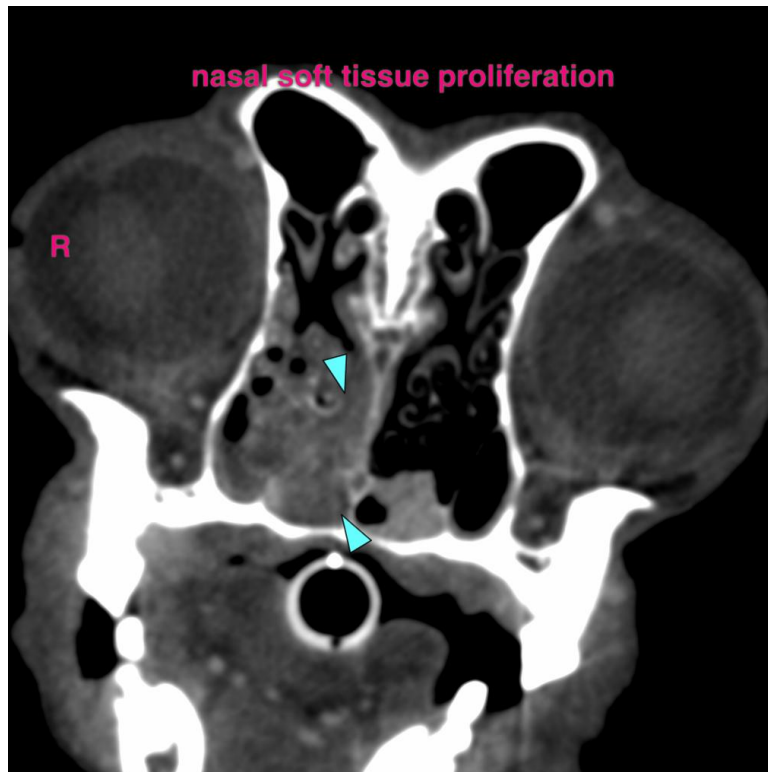
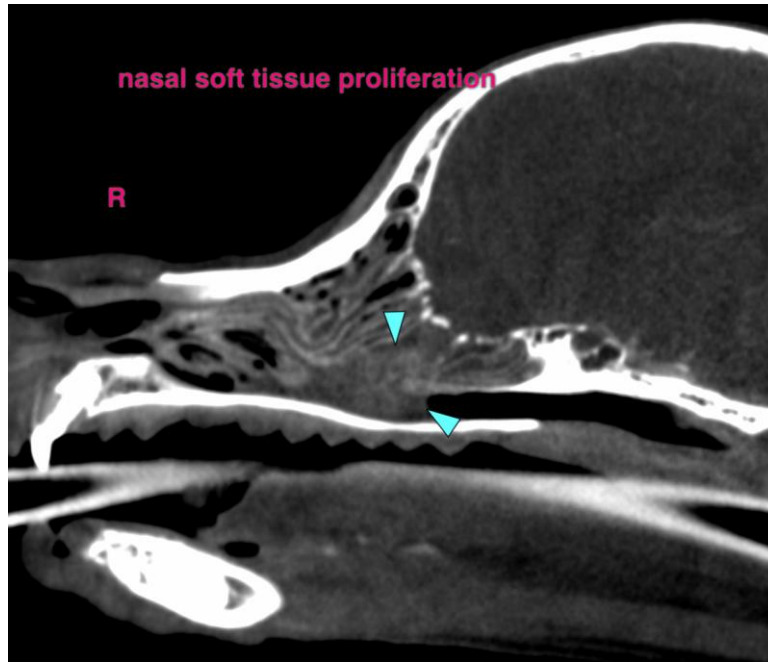
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com