



PATIENT

Boomer Vartanian

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

MN

AGE

8Y

WEIGHT

75lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Amanda Causey

HOSPITAL NAME

Fort Lauderdale
Veterinary Center

REFERRING VET

Dr. Gonzalez

INVOICE

74212

DATE

3-16-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Primary care vet concerned for possible liver abnormality/liver mass.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE THORAX AND ABDOMEN

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the thorax and abdomen is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

Abdomen

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration in the lateral aspect of the cortex of the left kidney, a well-defined, roundish parenchymal filling defect is seen; measuring <3 mm.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

The spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

Protruding from the caudoventral margin of the caudate process of the caudate liver lobe, an ovoid shaped, uniform soft tissue attenuating and mild irregular contrast enhancing nodule is visible; measuring 3.0 x 2.5 x 2.5 cm.

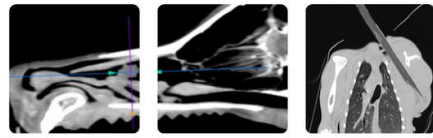
The pancreas is evenly contoured; the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Small soft tissue nodule caudoventral margin caudate process of the liver
- Solitary simple renal cyst



PATIENT

Boomer Vartanian

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

MN

AGE

8Y

WEIGHT

75lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Amanda Causey

HOSPITAL NAME

Fort Lauderdale
Veterinary Center

REFERRING VET

Dr. Gonzalez

INVOICE

74212

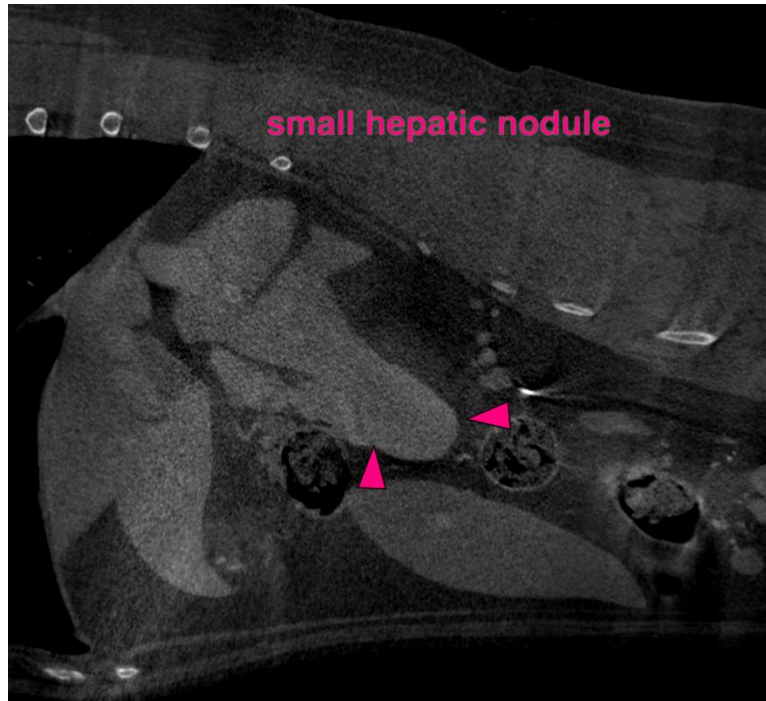
DATE

3-16-26

- Normal thorax, no evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The small hepatic nodule is not specific, and differentials include benign nodular hyperplasia/regeneration nodule or primary hepatic neoplasia (e.g. hepatocellular adenoma or carcinoma). Complete surgical resection of the hepatic mass is feasible.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com