



PATIENT

Winnie Fitzpatrick

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boxer

SEX

FS

AGE

6

WEIGHT

26

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Henry Xue

HOSPITAL NAME

Belconnen Veterinary
Centre

REFERRING VET

Henry Xue

INVOICE

74191

DATE

3-12-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- acute vomiting
- tachypneic in 12 hours
- inappetent

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: normal

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE THORAX AND ABDOMEN

A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the thorax and abdomen in a bone and soft tissue reconstruction is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

Along the caudal thoracic spine and multifocal along the lumbar spine, spondylosis formation is seen.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The ventral aspects of the lung present a cloudy ground glass attenuation pattern. Randomly distributed punctuate mineralization of the lung parenchyma is appreciated.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

Abdomen

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present irregular margins with concave depressions of the renal surface. After contrast administration, a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The pancreas is evenly contoured; the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Ventrally distributed cloudy unstructured interstitial lung pattern



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- Pulmonary osteomas
- Spondylosis deformans
- Normal abdomen

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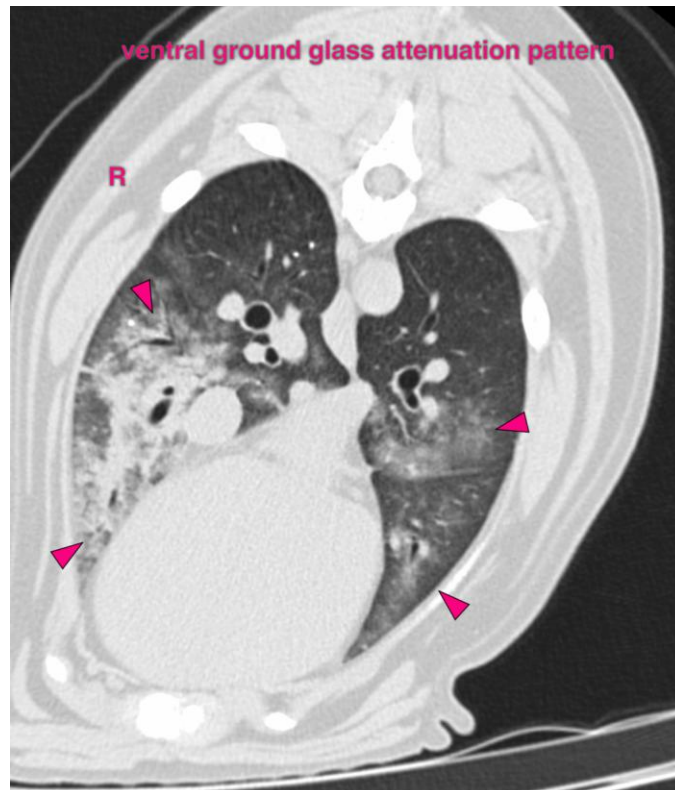
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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The lung pattern is consistent with pneumonia – likely due to aspiration along with the history of vomiting. No abnormalities are appreciated that do explain the vomiting.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com