



## PATIENT

Jethro Rosenblum

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

German Shepherd

## SEX

Male Neutered

## AGE

11Y, 3M

## WEIGHT

43kg

## INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet.  
DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Mountain West  
Veterinary Specialists

## HOSPITAL NAME

Mountain West  
Veterinary Specialists

## REFERRING VET

Melanie Thompson

## INVOICE

74188

## DATE

3-12-26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- The presenting complaint is intermittent nasal bleeding, which was first noted in February.
- The character of the bleeding is variable. At times, only a few drops of blood are noted on the floor. On other occasions, the bleeding has lasted for up to 4 minutes.
- The frequency is also variable; he had not bled for 2 days prior to this morning's episode.
- The owner is uncertain if the bleeding originates from one or both nostrils.
- The owner has administered Yunnan Baiyao during bleeding episodes.
- The referring veterinarian reportedly noted decreased airflow on one side.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Triadan 102 and 109 are absent.

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Absent triadan 102 and 109
- Normal upper airways

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is no evidence for neoplastic disease of the nasal cavity or foreign body related rhinitis and if a mass in the nostril was ruled out, potentials for epistaxis include Possible causes for epistaxis include immune mediated disease, non-specific rhinitis (e.g. lymphocytic plasmocytic), hyperviscosity syndrome (e.g. Leishmaniosis), other causes for coagulopathy or systemic hypertension.



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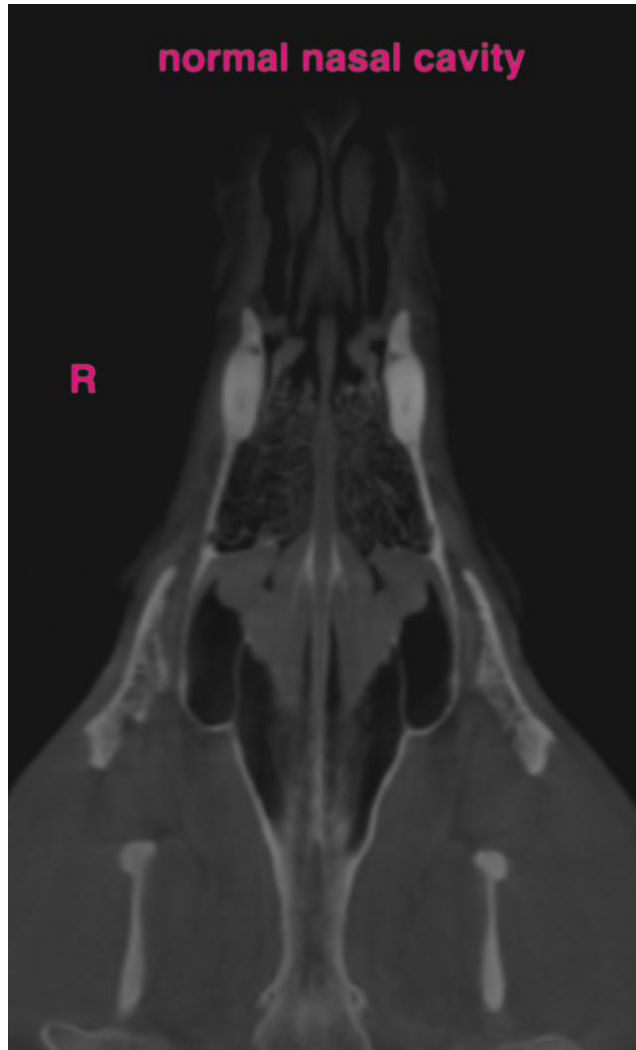
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)