



**PATIENT**

Maximus Farias

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Left-sided nasal discharge. Left upper K9 tooth fractured

**SPECIES**

Feline

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

**BREED**

DSH

Triadan 301 is absent. The tip of the crown of triadan 204 is absent, exposing the pulp cavity to the dental surface; moderate resorption of the tooth root of triadan 204 is seen.

**SEX**

Male Neutered

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The caudoventral aspect of the left nasal cavity is obliterated by heterogeneous mild contrast enhancing soft tissue material and focal mild destruction of the turbinate structures at the same level is seen. The horizontal plate of the left palatine bone level with the contrast enhancing nasal soft tissue material presents moth eaten osteolytic lesions. The remainder of the left nasal cavity contain non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material, attached to the nasal mucosal lining. The right nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin and smooth conchal & turbinate structures.

**AGE**

11 Years

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The right tympanic bulla contains a moderate amount of fluid attenuating material. The osseous lining of the right tympanic bulla is mildly thickened and smooth. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

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The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

**REFERRING VET**

Meaux

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

**INVOICE**

50205

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Left sided nasal soft tissue mass with semiaggressive osteolysis of the left palatine bone
- Right sided mild otitis media
- Complicated dental fracture 204
- Absent triadan 301

**DATE**

2-9-22

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The left sided nasal mass is highly suspicious for primary nasal neoplasia, such as lymphosarcoma, adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, other. Theoretically nasal granuloma or rare nasal inflammatory polyp is a consideration but considered less likely. Recommend rhinoscopy including FNA sampling/biopsy for further workup.



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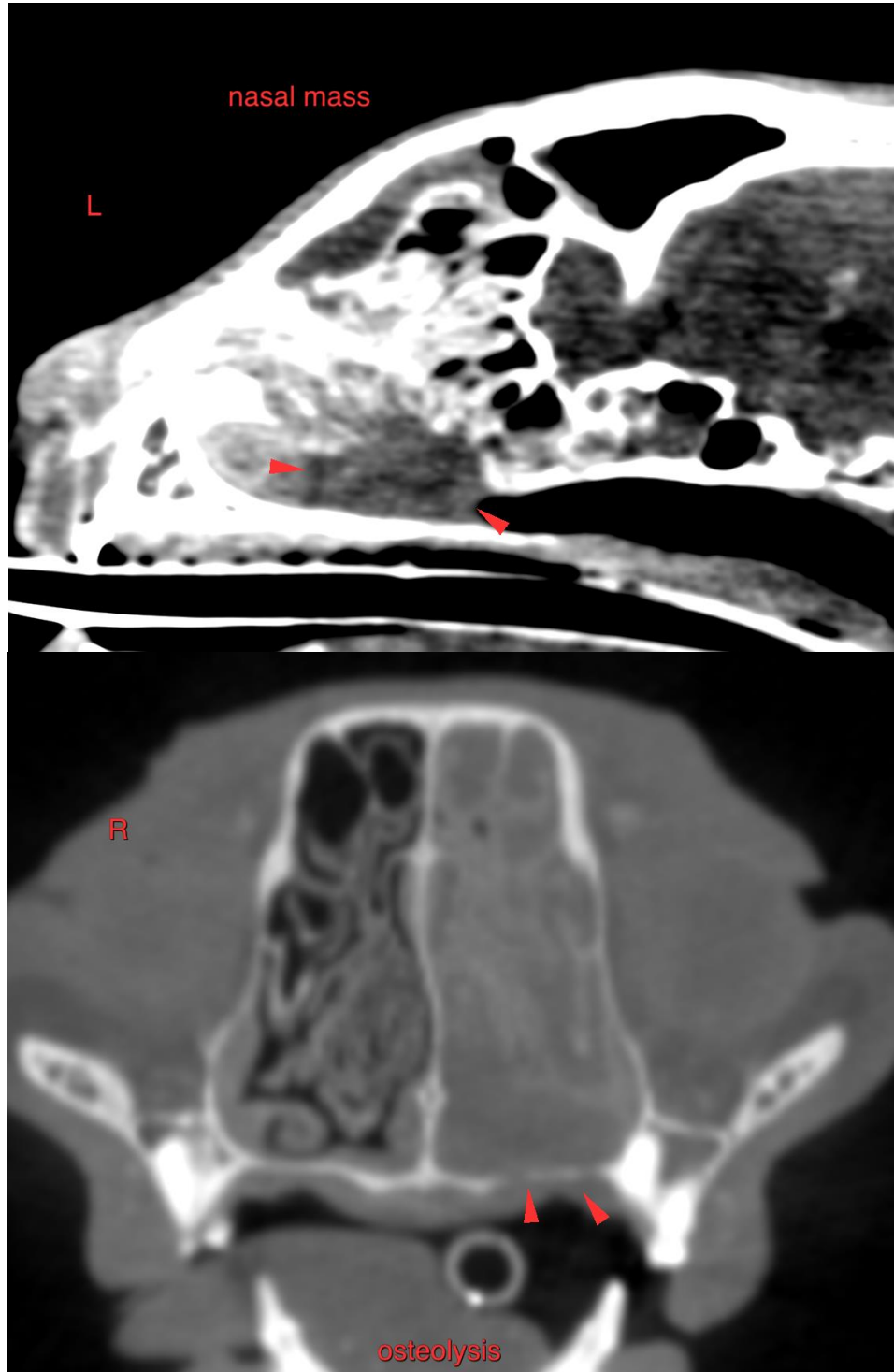
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**SPECIES**

Feline

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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