



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Buddy Howard 1.5cm right anal gland adenocarcinoma diagnosed via FNA. Incidental finding initially - presented for anal gland expression. Abdominal CT scan for staging. Thoracic radiographs wnl
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC/MBA within normal limits.

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

CKCS The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

SEX Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

M The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

AGE The spleen presents with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

14 Years Mild branching mineralization is seen throughout the hepatic parenchyma – following the biliary tree.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

HOSPITAL NAME

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

Colyton Veterinary Hospital

Originating from the right anal sac, a uniform soft tissue attenuating and homogenous contrast enhancing mass is partially included in the field of view, measuring 2.1 x 1.4 cm in width and height.

REFERRING VET

The sacral lymph nodes are mildly enlarged.

Dalton Nguyen

Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is seen along the lumbar spine. The intervertebral disc L5/L6 is mildly protruding into the vertebral canal, distorting the ventral epidural space at the same level.

INVOICE COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

50221

- History of adenocarcinoma originating from the right anal sac
- Mild lymphadenopathy sacral lymph nodes
- Mild intervertebral disc protrusion L5/L6 without compressive myelopathy
- Incidental branching mineralization of the biliary tree – possibly preceding parasitic infection or inflammation
- Spondylosis deformans

DATE

2-9-22



PATIENT

Buddy Howard

SPECIES

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Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

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Dalton Nguyen

INVOICE

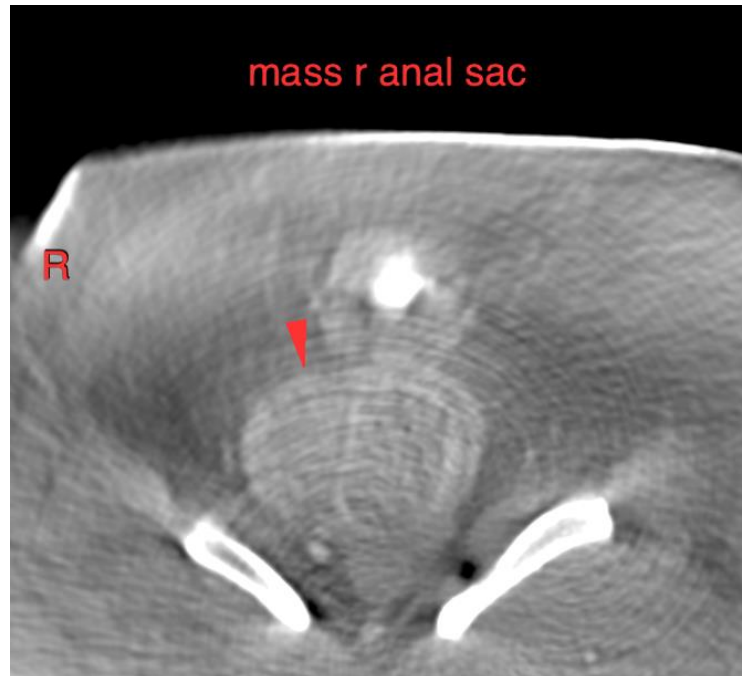
50221

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The prominent sacral lymph nodes are equivocal for reactive hyperplasia or early stage of metastatic spread. No additional signs for metastatic spread are appreciated throughout the abdomen and no other clinically relevant pathology is appreciated.





PATIENT

Buddy Howard

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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