

PATIENT

Dausy Boone

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

3 Years

WEIGHT

9 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Bill McGee, DVM,
DABVP

HOSPITAL NAME

Bridgeport AH

REFERRING VET

Joanna Boone, DVM

INVOICE

35772

DATE

2/6/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Chronic otitis externa, ataxia, FIV positive

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

A supernumerary triadan 106 and 206 is seen.

In the left nasal cavity mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures is seen. The nasopharynx is aerated.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are filled with non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material and the osseous wall is generalized irregularly thickened. The most medial segment of the right external ear canal is obliterated by fluid attenuating material.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are moderately prominent and have a mild irregular contrast enhancement pattern.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild conchal destruction
- Bilateral chronic otitis media
- Mild right sided otitis externa
- Lymphadenopathy mandibular lymph nodes and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes – consistent with reactive lymphoid hyperplasia

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The otitis media and possible accompanying otitis interna are a likely explanation for the presenting vestibular clinical signs. Myringotomy can be used as minimally invasive diagnostic tool for sampling and flushing the tympanic bullae; surgical management of the otitis media can be considered as surgical treatment option.

The appreciated conchal destruction is likely a sequela to preceding rhinitis – commonly primary viral ± bacterial or less likely mycotic superinfection. At this point I do not see signs for active rhinitis.



PATIENT

Dausy Boone

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

3 Years

WEIGHT

9 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Bill McGee, DVM,
DABVP

HOSPITAL NAME

Bridgeport AH

REFERRING VET

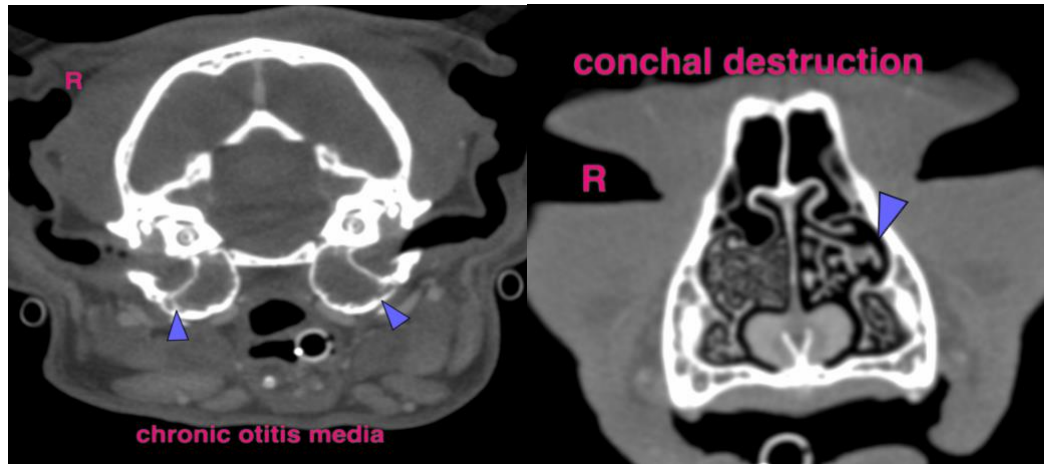
Joanna Boone, DVM

INVOICE

35772

DATE

2/6/26



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com