



PATIENT

Casey Scott

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Trouble walking, plantigrade stance for a long time as per O.

SPECIES

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

Radiographs of the pelvis in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

Domestic Short Hair

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX

Female Spayed

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

AGE

14 Years

The volume of the right kidney is mildly decreased. The left kidney presents mild irregular margins. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

HOSPITAL NAME

Truscott Animal
Hospital

Moderate bridging spondylosis formation is seen along the caudal lumbar spine and mineralized material is superimposed on the ventral aspect of the neuroforamina L5/L6 to L7/S1.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mena Abdelsayed

Both coxofemoral joints present moderate to marked osteophyte new bone formation. The femoral heads bilaterally are misshapen. The left proximal femoral diaphysis and metaphysis presents a heterogeneous medullary sclerosis.

INVOICE

50599

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Degenerative osteoarthritis coxofemoral joints bilaterally, L>>R
- Mild heterogeneous myelosclerosis left proximal femoral diaphysis
- Spondylosis deformans caudal lumbar spine with lateral spondylosis formation versus mild intervertebral disc protrusion
- Chronic nephropathy, R>L

DATE

2-28-22

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings are consistent with advanced degenerative osteoarthritis of the coxofemoral joints, L>>R. I suppose the sclerosis of the left proximal femoral diaphysis is a sequela of the degenerative changes, however accompanying neoplastic disease (e.g. primary osseous versus



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surrounding soft tissues) or osteomyelitis is a consideration – the odds are considered low. If applicable, ultrasound examination of the left coxofemoral joint including FNA sampling can be used as advanced diagnostic test. Follow up radiographs in 4-6 weeks can be used to check for progression of the osseous changes of the left femur.

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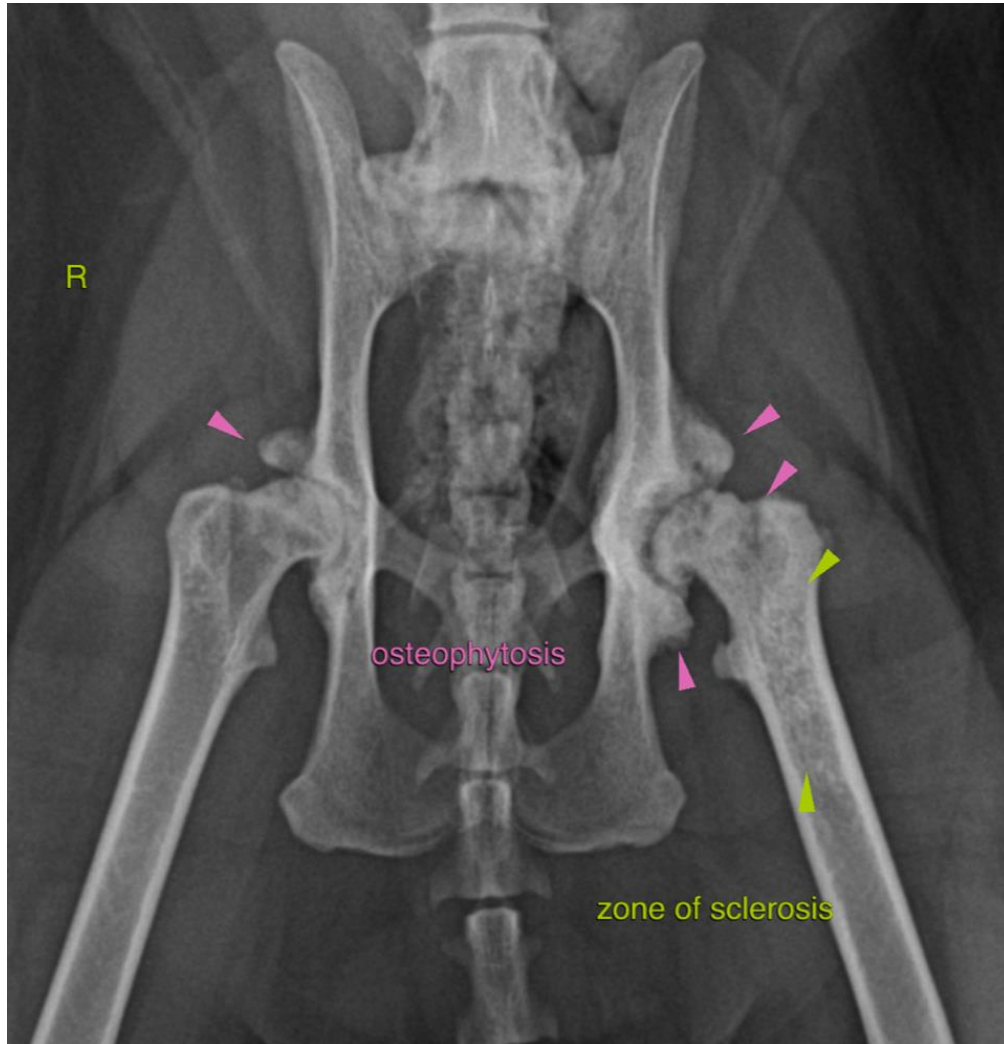
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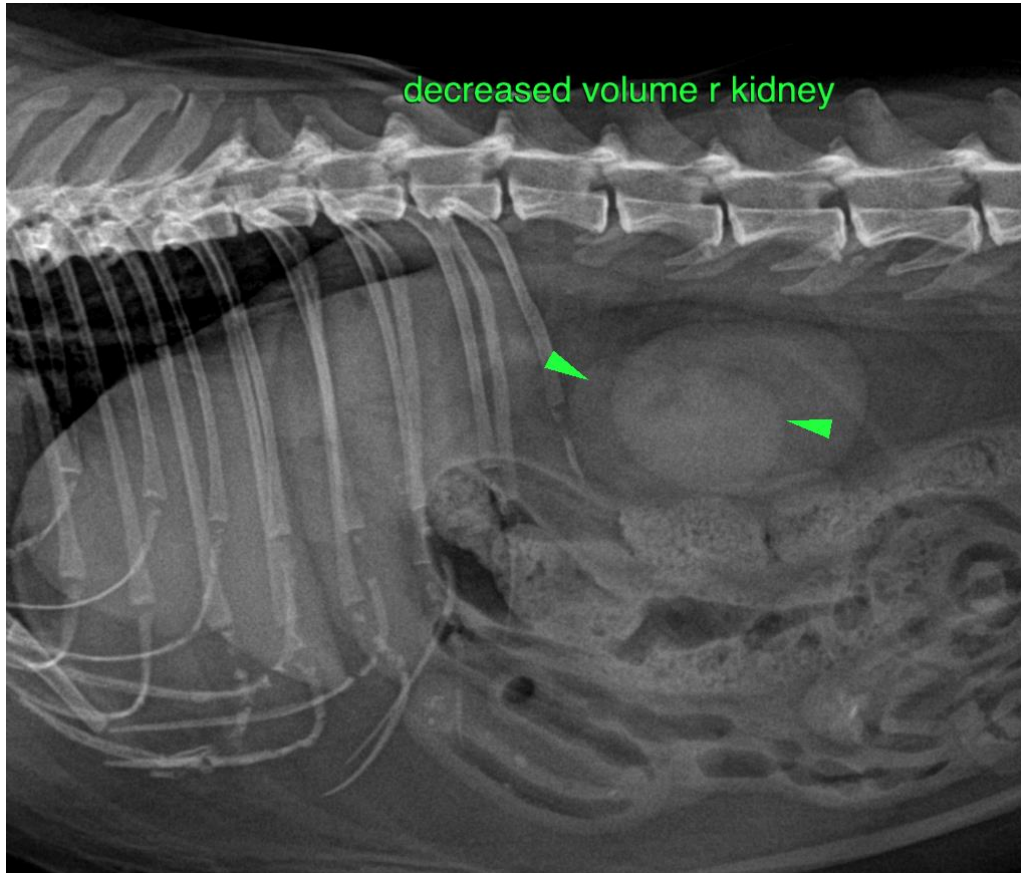
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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