



## PATIENT

Oliver Barry

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Boxer Mix

## SEX

Neutered Male

## AGE

5

## WEIGHT

27.9

## INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

David

## HOSPITAL NAME

ASC Oceanside

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Infernuso

## INVOICE

36023

## DATE

2/27/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- left nasal bleeding
- Left epistaxis

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

A high-resolution post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Triadan 410 and 411 are absent.

The left nasal cavity is partially obliterated by mild irregular contrast enhancing, well-defined soft tissue material. Destruction of the associated nasal conchal structures is seen.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Left nasal soft tissue mass
- Absent triadan 410 and 411

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The left nasal soft tissue mass is concerning for primary nasal soft tissue neoplasia – such as adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma lymphosarcoma, Sticker sarcoma, other. Differentials include nasal hamartoma, granuloma (e.g. Leishmaniasis, mycotic), rare adenomatoid nasal polyp. The finding is a plausible explanation for the left sided epistaxis. Rhinoscopy including biopsy can be performed for specification. If neoplasia is confirmed, the Adam tumor stage is 1.



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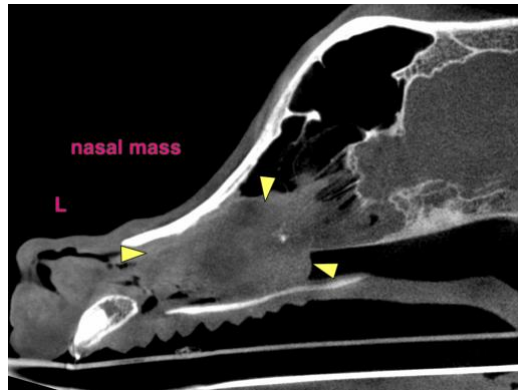
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**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)