



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Nash Black History: owner reports shaking right hind limb mild pain on lordosis
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: chem/cbc wl

SPECIES

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE CERVICAL, THORACIC & LUMBAR SPINE AND ABDOMEN

BREED

Greyhound

A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the entire spine and abdomen in a bone and soft tissue reconstruction are provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

Neutered Male

Spine

The vertebral endplates C4/C5 present mild spondylosis formation.

AGE

10

Level with the intervertebral disc space C6/C7, mild granular disc material is bulging into the vertebral canal, occupying approximately 10% of the cross-sectional area of the vertebral canal at the same level and distorting the ventral epidural space.

The intervertebral disc T12/T13 is bulging into the vertebral canal, occupying approximately 15% of the cross-sectional area of the vertebral canal at the same level and distorting the ventral epidural space at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The vertebral endplates L2/L3 & L7/S1 present moderate spondylosis formation.

Advanced granular mineralization of the lumbosacral intervertebral disc is visible.

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Abdomen

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Eamon

The caudal pole of the right & left kidney present a concave depression of the renal surface respectively. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

INVOICE

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Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

DATE

2/24/23



PATIENT

Nash Black The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

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COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Intervertebral disc protrusion C6/C7 and T12/T13 with possible dynamic myelocompression
- Chondroid disc degeneration lumbosacral intervertebral disc
- Bilateral chronic renal infarction
- Spondylosis deformans

BREED

Greyhound

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

SEX

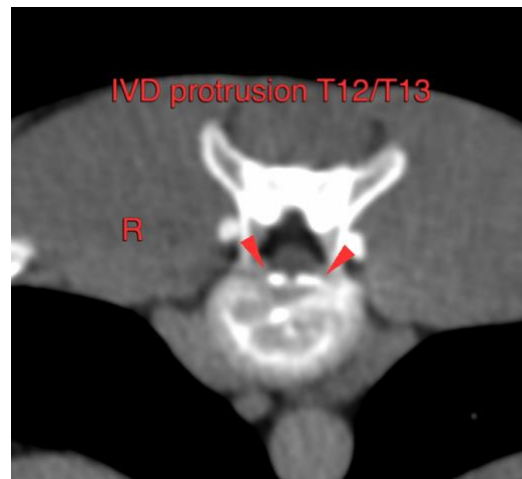
The appreciated intervertebral disc protrusion T12/T13 might be a source for intermittent pain due to dynamic myelocompression. No additional abnormalities are appreciated, explaining the described clinical signs.

Neutered Male

The abdomen presents without clinically relevant pathologies.

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Eamon

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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