



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Ollie Dideban

SPECIES Canine

BREED Bernadoodle

Feb 1 went to groomer and had diarrhea (bloody)- metronidazole 500mg? PO q12 x7d. The diarrhea resolved Feb 9 - developed intermittent cough, limping (right front) and hesitant to sit down. He seemed to be lethargic, he had normal appetite. Started on another antibiotic (cephalexin 750mg mg PO q12?). started to loose his appetite (~50%) and reluctant to eat his normal diet (owner gave him boiled chicken) having difficulty eating food, will drop food to the side he is able to close his mouth at home, but is no longer panting he hasn't been observed chewing rope toy for the last 2 days Feb 15- reevaluated at rDVM- Bloodwork indicated mildly elevated TP, XRAYs were performed. He was started on Baytril 200mg injection he started to hypersalivate (foam) with intermittent cough his energy is improved and his limping has resolved Examination: No pain on opening of the jaw. No oral lesions. Mild atrophy of the muscles of mastication bilaterally

MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING OF THE SKULL

SEX T2 weighted, FLAIR, SWI, diffusion weighted, T1 pre- and post-gadolinium sequences in multiple imaging planes are provided for review.

MN

MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING FINDINGS

AGE The brain presents the expected anatomy and bilateral symmetry with normal signal intensity and contrast enhancement. There is no evidence of abnormal meningeal enhancement.

2 Years The ventricular system presents the expected dimensions, morphology and the CSF signal is within normal limits in all sequences.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The tympanic bullae are aerated, and the bony lining is thin.

The temporal & masseter muscle bilaterally and the right pterygoid muscle present with a mild patchy hyperintensity in the T2 weighted images with a corresponding contrast enhancement pattern.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Health Partners

The mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are prominent and have a mild heterogeneous signal pattern.

MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Alison Little

- Suspect mild myositis masticatory musculature
- Lymphadenopathy mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes bilaterally
- Normal brain

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

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The heterogeneous signal pattern of the muscles of mastication is highly suggestive for masticatory muscle myositis. Complementing workup by a type 2M fibers antibody assay ± muscle biopsy of the temporalis muscle and an electromyography can help to confirm the diagnosis. Infectious myositis (e.g. Neosporosis, Hepatozoon sp.) is a potential as well.

DATE

2-18-23

Secondary reactive hyperplasia of the tributary lymph nodes.



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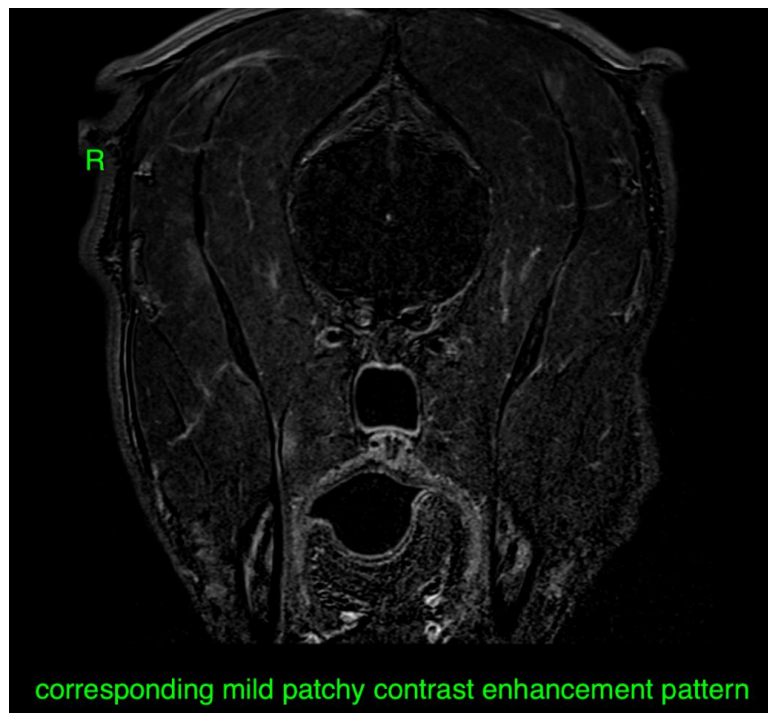
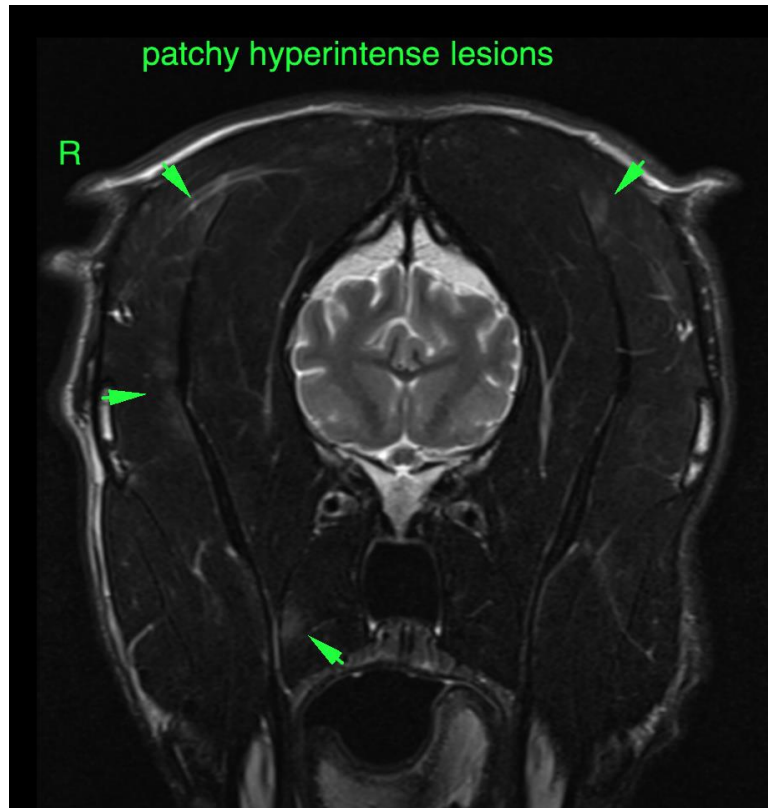
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SEX

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2 Years

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