



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Enid Goodrich History: Enid was acquired last year from a breeding facility and has had mobility issues since. She is very willing to go and even climb with Nicole, but she is left hind lame and will sit early and hold the leg differently. She has chronic allergic otitis and dermatitis.

SPECIES

Canine Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: LH 2/5 lame, stifle with effusion and medial buttress and some drawer as well as crepitus. Bilateral cobblestone pinnae and yeast otitis. Skin with signs of foot licking and ventrum greasy with hair loss.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND STIFLE JOINTS

Golden Retriever A complete set of radiographs of the pelvis and the stifle joints is provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

Spayed Female The osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the pelvis are within normal limits. The periarticular bones of the right coxofemoral joint present mild osteophyte new bone formation. The joint space of both coxofemoral joints is mildly diverging medially.

AGE

4

The volume of the soft tissue shadow of the left thigh musculature is moderately decreased. The periarticular bones of the left stifle joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation and a moderate intracapsular soft tissue swelling of the left stifle joint is appreciated. A well-defined, ovoid shaped mineral opaque body is superimposed on the cranial compartment of the left stifle joint.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI The periarticular osseous structures of the right stifle joint are smooth. The right stifle joint presents a moderate intracapsular soft tissue swelling.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth AH

- Moderate degenerative osteoarthritis left stifle joint
- Articular swelling stifle joints bilaterally
- Suspect metaplasia/synovial osteochondromatosis left stifle joint
- Disuse atrophy left thigh musculature
- Mild degenerative osteoarthritis right coxofemoral joint due to mild hip dysplasia

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

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The radiographic study is consistent with chronic degenerative osteoarthritis with concomitant joint effusion of the left stifle joints. The most-likely underlying cause is (partial) rupture of the cranial cruciate ligament with or without meniscal disease.

The right stifle joint presents evidence of joint effusion as well, that might be an indicator for early-stage degenerative joint disease due to cranial cruciate ligament pathology/meniscal pathology, preceding trauma or arthritis.

DATE

2/17/23



PATIENT

Enid Goodrich

A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia can be used to confirm the diagnosis of cranial cruciate ligament pathology.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

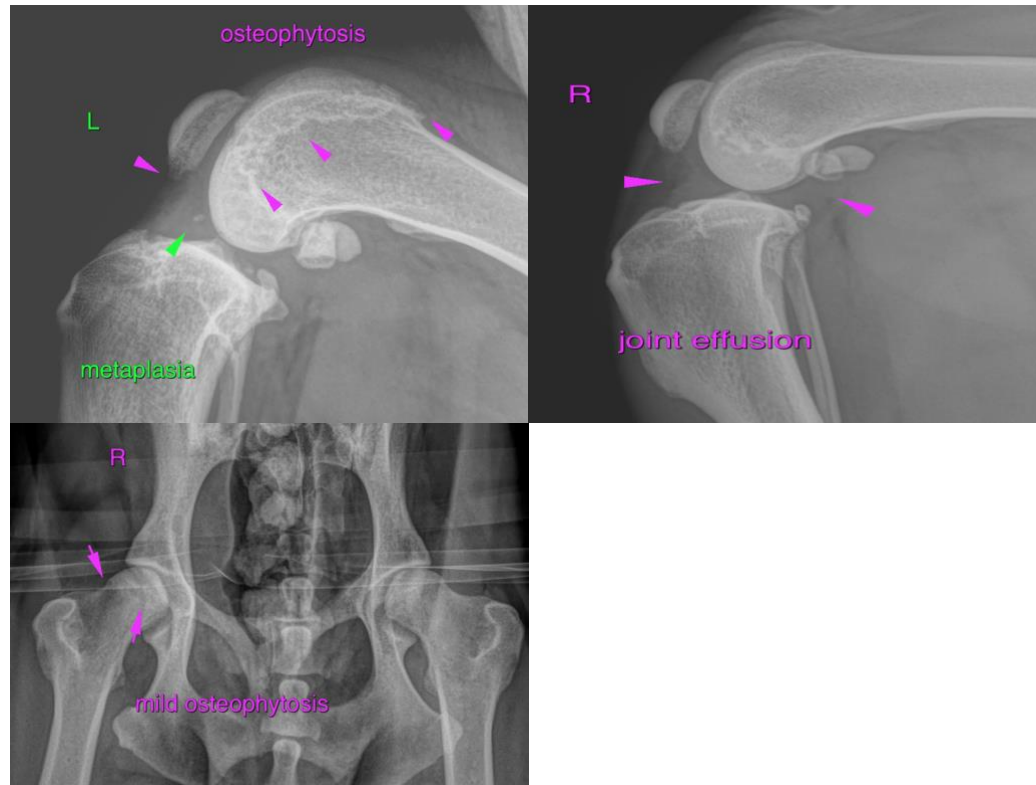
Spayed Female

AGE

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INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth AH

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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