



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pepper Couto

Reason for Visit: Blood tinged diarrhea History: Pepper, a 1yr old Shorthaired German Pointer presents today for blood tinged diarrhea. O states P got into garbage 2 days ago and could have possibly eaten bones. P has been passing paper towels in her stool. Stool started off as brown diarrhea but is now straight liquid "water like" tinged with pinkish/red blood. P was eating like normal yesterday but refused to eat this morning. O states P is acting like herself outside (stalking birds, running around). When P is inside she sleeps a lot and doesn't act like her normal self.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pointer

SEX

SF

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Hydration: Appropriately hydrated Mentation: BAR in exam room, sedated for exam and services EENT: No nasal discharge; clear no discharge OU; clean no debris AU; No cough on tracheal palpation. Oral Cavity: No dental tartar present Lymph Nodes: Symmetrical, no changes in size, shape, consistency Skin: Good hair coat, no signs of ectoparasites. No lesions noted. CV/Respiratory: No murmur or crackles/wheezing auscultated. Synchronous pulses. Normal bronchovesicular sounds. Abd/GI: Soft abdomen, seemingly painful even under sedation Uro/Perineum: N Musculoskeletal: Ambulatory x4, no lameness noted. BCS 5/9 Neurological: Appropriate Diagnostic Testing Needed: CBC/Chem, cPL, abd rads, fecal – qns

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

AGE

1 Year, 11 Months

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

HOSPITAL NAME

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The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

REFERRING VET

Dr. White

The stomach is in its anticipated position and is empty.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

INVOICE

56797

The colon is seen in the expected position and is empty, but a small amount of gas.

DATE

2-16-23

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Empty gastrointestinal tract
- Empty colon



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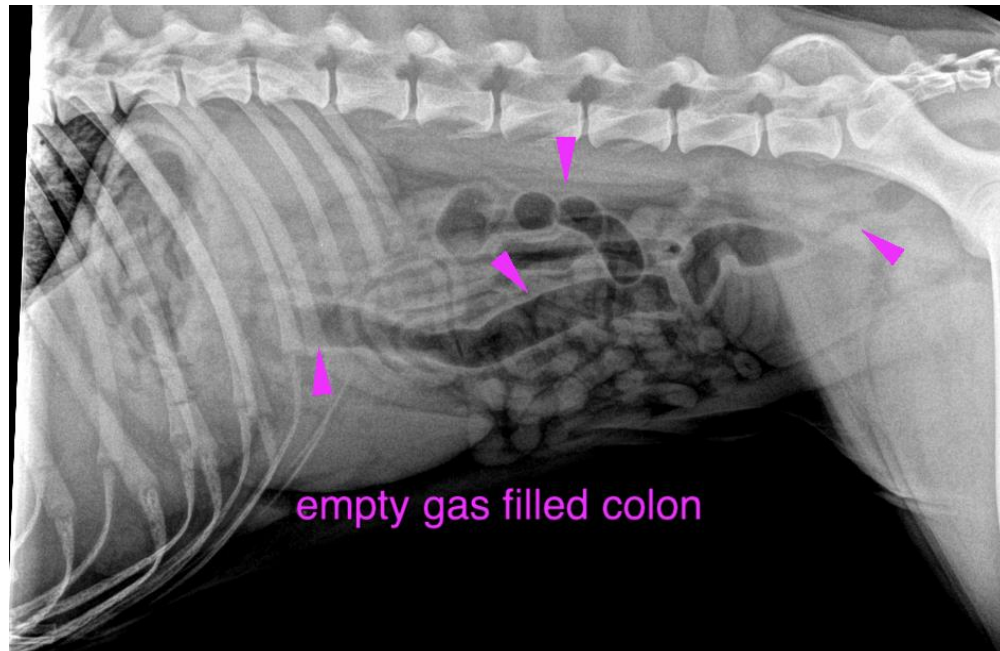
1 Year, 11 Months

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic findings in combination with the clinical signs are suggestive for underlying gastroenteritis. There is no evidence of radiopaque foreign material or signs for gastrointestinal mechanical obstruction. No osseous material is appreciated throughout the gastrointestinal tract.



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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