



**PATIENT**

Ellie Paulson

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

She has a hard time getting up from a down position and she limps after walks. She will also walk sideways in her rear. Londa initially gave glucosamine but now give that with Gabapentin. She is unsure if it is arthritis of an injury. It is her right rear leg that she holds up and toe taps, she will try to walk on it. She will sometimes stay on the couch when offered to go for a walk. She has also become more snuggly and Londa isn't sure if that is age related or doesn't feel good. She also acts like she is starving and has started sniffing the trash. She usually gains weight easily, but recently she doesn't seem to be gaining weight.

**SPECIES**

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: DECREASED MUSCLE MASS RIGHT HIND MEDIAL BUTTRESS UNCOMFORTABLE TO EXTENSION OF HIPS

**BREED**

Border Collie Mix

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND STIFLE JOINTS**

A complete set of radiographs of the pelvis and the stifle joints is provided for review.

**SEX**

FS

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the pelvis are within normal limits. Both coxofemoral joints present smooth osseous margins and congruent joint spaces.

**AGE**

8 Years, 10 Months

The volume of the right thigh musculature is moderately decreased.

The periarticular bones of both stifle joints are smooth. The right stifle joint presents a mild intracapsular soft tissue swelling. A mild cranial subluxation of the right tibia is in a relatively mild cranial position to the most distal point of the respective femoral condyles.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Mild articular swelling right stifle joint
- Equivocal right sided cranial tibial subluxation
- Disuse atrophy right thigh musculature
- Normal left stifle joint
- Normal coxofemoral joints

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The radiographic study is consistent with right sided mild joint effusion of the stifle joint. The most common underlying cause is (partial) rupture of the cranial cruciate ligament with or without meniscal disease. The suspected mild cranial subluxation of the right tibia would support the diagnosis.

**REFERRING VET**

Kim Allyn, DVM

A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia can be used to confirm the diagnosis.

**INVOICE**

56762

**DATE**

2-15-23



**PATIENT**

Ellie Paulson

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Border Collie Mix

**SEX**

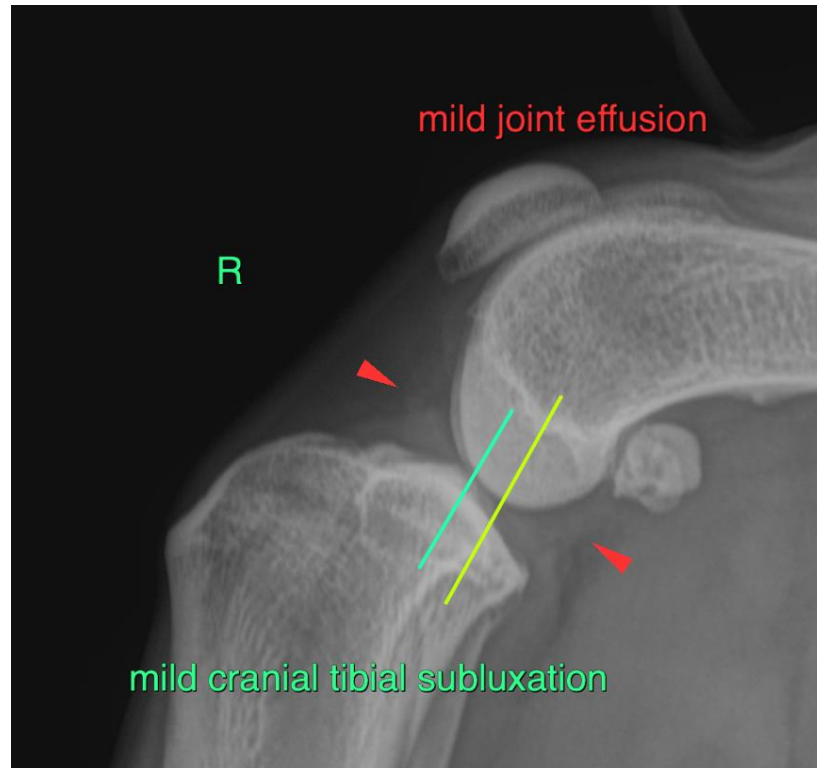
FS

**AGE**

8 Years, 10 Months

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI



**HOSPITAL NAME**

Elizabeth Animal  
Hospital

**REFERRING VET**

Kim Allyn, DVM

**INVOICE**

56762

**DATE**

2-15-23

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
sebast.schaub@gmail.com