



PATIENT

Toro Batista

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pet is here for regular check up, P coughs like he is trying to cough something up. e/d/u/d normal, no s/v/d.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX & ABDOMEN

SPECIES

Canine

A complete set of radiographs of the thorax and abdomen is provided for review.

BREED

Chihuahua

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

SEX

MN

The caudal contour of the cardiac silhouette is steep, and the caudal cardiac waist is lost. The left atrium is prominent and abaxial splaying the principal bronchi is seen. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

11

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

A soft tissue membrane is bulging ventrally into the lumen of the cervical tracheal segment. The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Paradise
Hospital

In the 4th right intercostal space, a focal soft tissue opacification of the right cranial lung lobe is seen. The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Elshafie

Abdomen

Multifocal moderate spondylosis formation is seen along the lumbar spine. The intervertebral disc spaces T12/T13 and L1/L2 are moderately narrowed.

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No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

DATE

2-12-22

The hepatic volume is moderately increased, and the liver is protruding caudally beyond the costal arch. The caudoventral margins are rounded.

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The



PATIENT splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Toro Batista Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

SPECIES The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

Canine The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

BREED The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

Chihuahua

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Suspect pulmonary nodule right cranial lung lobe
- Mild left sided cardiomegaly without evidence of decompensation
- Redundant tracheal membrane
- Hepatomegaly
- Discopathy T12/T13 and L1/I2
- Spondylosis deformans

AGE **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

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INTERPRETED BY The nodular soft tissue opacification of the right cranial lung lobe can be caused by focal atelectasis, round pneumonia, granuloma, fibrosis, cyst or neoplasia. Follow up radiographs in 4-6 weeks can be used to check if the nodular lesion is stationary or progressive in size.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Check if a heart murmur is present, supporting the diagnosis for possible underlying myxomatous mitral valve degeneration and secondary left cardiomegaly due to mild volume overload. If no heart murmur is present, the odds for underlying heart disease are low.

HOSPITAL NAME The redundant tracheal membrane can be a precursor for tracheal collapse.

Animal Paradise
Hospital

Potentials for the hepatomegaly include metabolic hepatic disease/steroid induced hepatopathy, hepatitis or neoplastic infiltration. Ultrasound including FNA sampling can be used as minimally advanced diagnostic tests.

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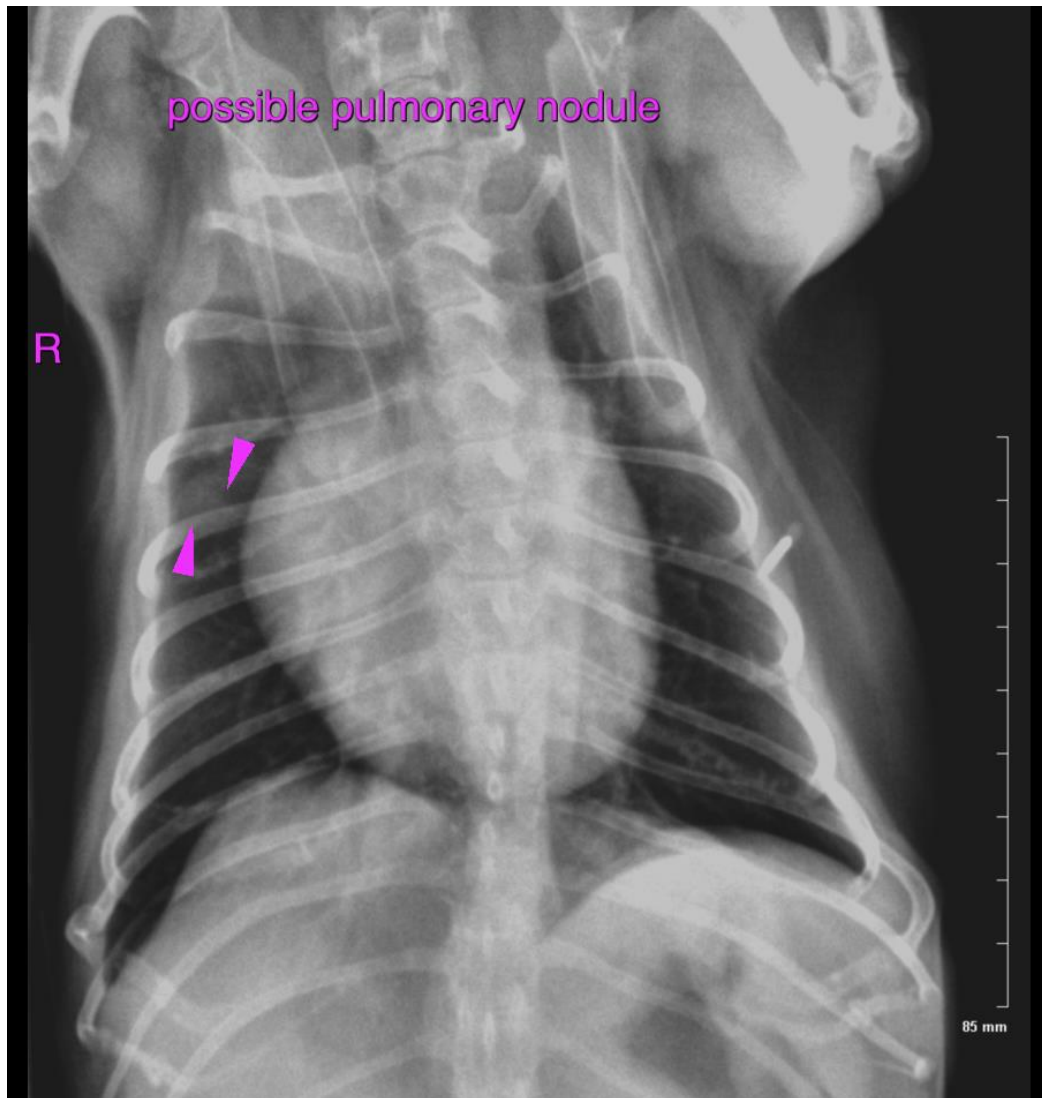
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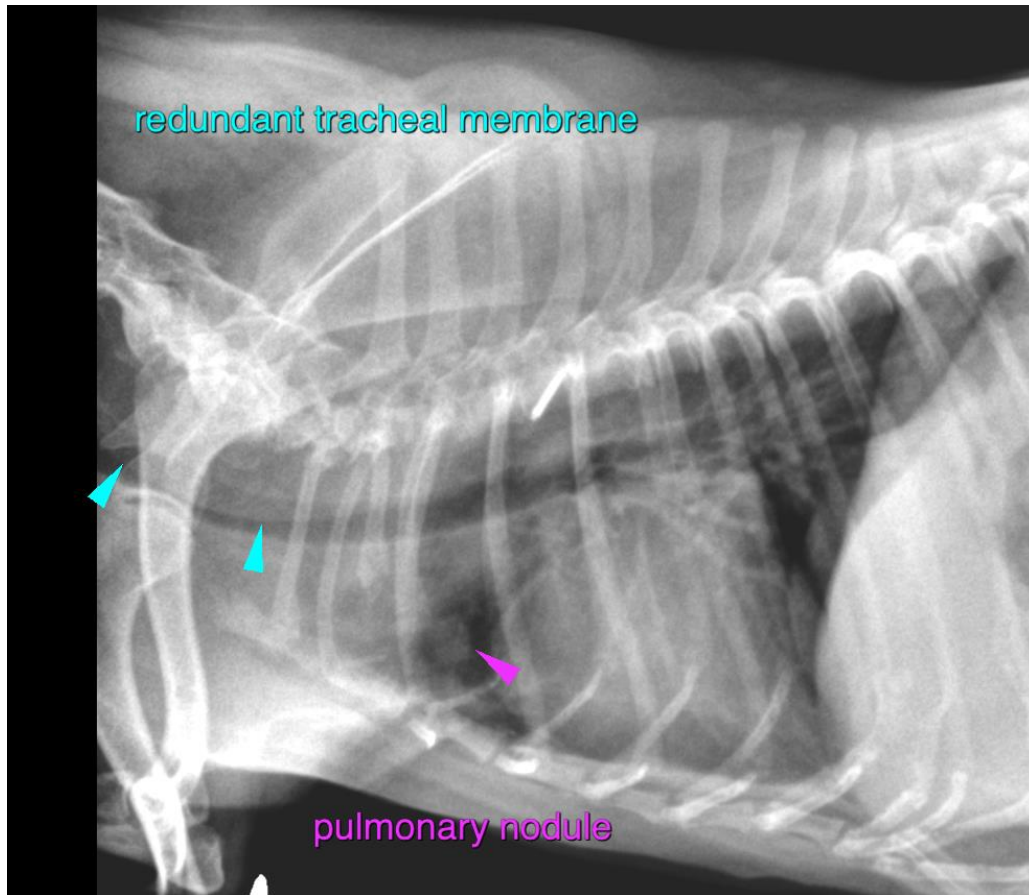
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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