



PATIENT

Archer McClay

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boxer

SEX

MN

AGE

10Y

WEIGHT

36.5

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr Shana Halfon

HOSPITAL NAME

Oxford County
Veterinary Clinic

REFERRING VET

Dr Shana Halfon

INVOICE

73711

DATE

2-11-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- belching/burping/gassy/excessive swallowing/lip licking
- no V/D other than intermittent vomiting
- no improvement with famotidine
- in the last week did well on sulcrate, biome diet, proviable probiotics
- adequan started for OA support
- hypothyroid (antibody positive and low FT4) - on 0.5 mg q12h thyro-tab
- Spring will recheck bloodwork to see if any new thoughts on addisons - if so will consider ACTH Stim
- If intermittent vomiting ongoing may add on metoclopramide
- Pet does not have a heart murmur

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: TT4 28 - July 2025 Resting Cortisol 56 - April 2025 Na/K normal 32 - April 2025 ALP 328 - April 2025

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in right lateral views are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape; there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal thorax

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The dorsal deviation of the intrathoracic tracheal segment is an incidental finding and is commonly caused by flexion of the head. The supposed increased soft tissue opacity of the cranioventral mediastinum is likely caused by the superimposed brachial muscles – anyway, workup can be complemented by a VD view to check if there is pathological widening of the mediastinum.



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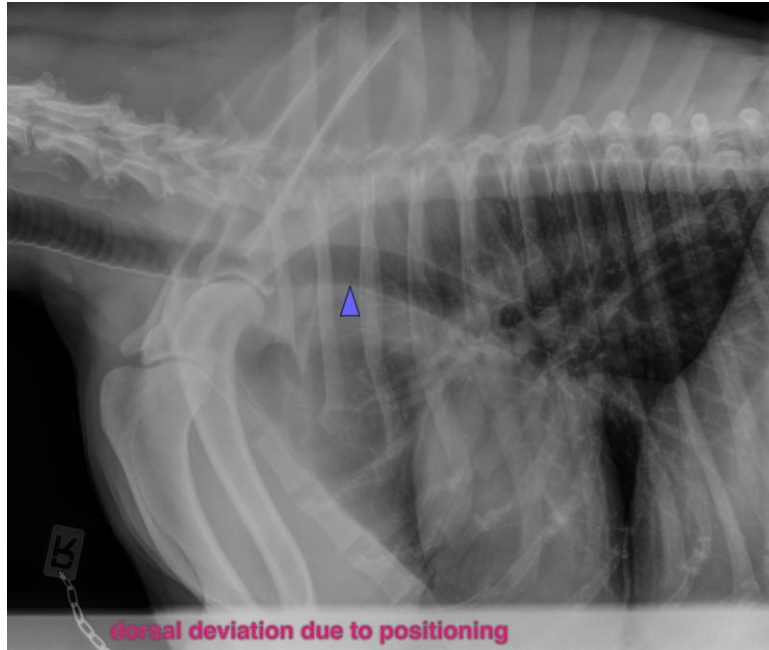
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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