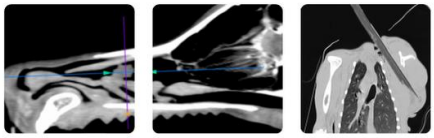

PATIENT

Nacho Farrell

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

MN

AGE

8Y

WEIGHT

15.7lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelsey McCloskey, LVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Advanced Animal Imaging

REFERRING VET

Blair Hollowell, DVM

INVOICE

72906

DATE

12-8-25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic upper respiratory symptoms of sneezing, coughing, and wheezing. O reports these to occur daily since being adopted a year ago. Trying apoquel currently but have not yet seen improvement. Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL & THORAX

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and a post-contrast CT study of the thorax are provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Skull

Multiple teeth are absent. Triadan 409 presents multiple resorptive lesions.

Mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures is appreciated and a very small amount of fluid attenuating material is attached to the nasal mucosal lining. A very small amount of gravity dependent fluid attenuating material is appreciated in the right frontal sinus.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

The right tympanic bulla is partially obliterated by non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material; the osseous wall is mildly thickened and smooth. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

Thorax

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild destructive rhinitis
- Bilateral otitis media without inflammatory polyp formation
- Normal thorax

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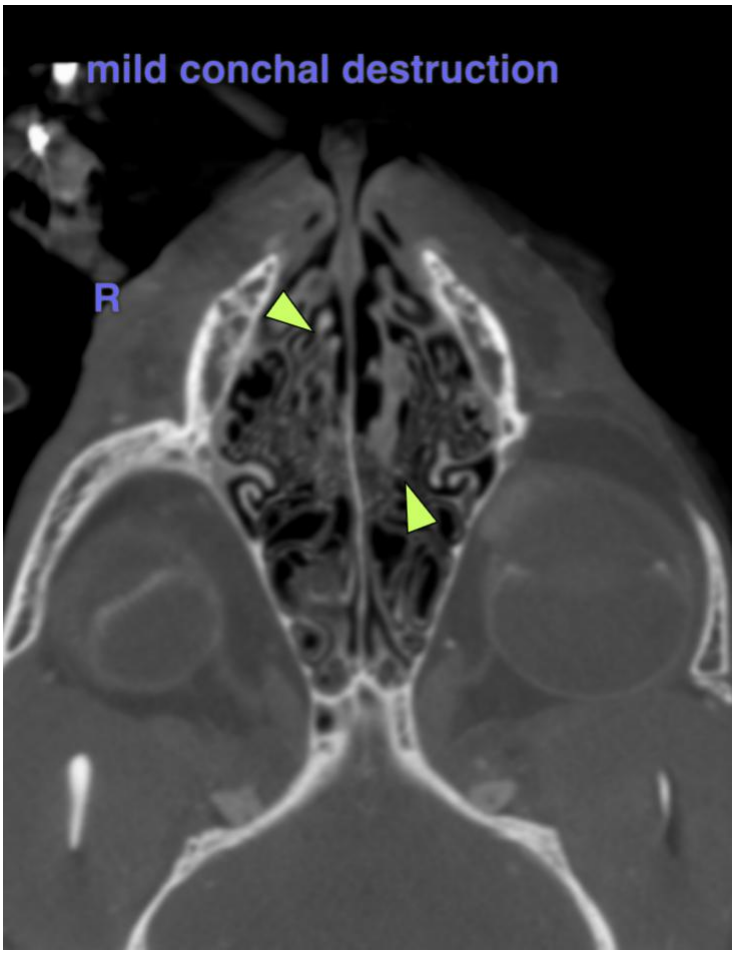
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Destructive rhinitis in feline patients is commonly primary viral ± bacterial or unlikely here mycotic superinfection. The otitis media is considered as a sequela to the rhinitis due to ascending infection via the Eustachian tube. Recommend rhinoscopy including biopsy and sampling for microbial culture - in many cases the initial causative infectious agent cannot be isolated anymore. In chronic cases of rhinosinusitis, clinical signs are prone to reoccur.



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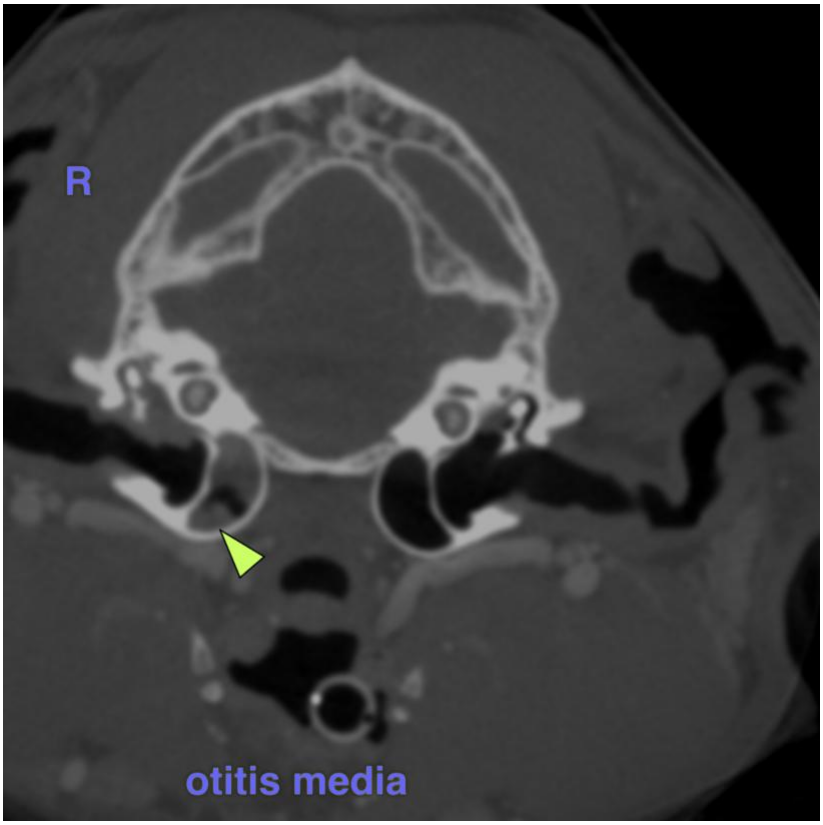

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com