



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Annie Lick Presents today for check of mass on left rear hip. P very itchy and chews on mass so e-collar used. During exam, found new murmur. No clinical signs of heart disease at home. Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Murmur found with auscultation. New finding for pet. Grade II-III/VI. 5 cm diameter x 5 cm deep mass with domed granulomatous appearing central area that is bleeding that is appx 2 cm diameter x 1 cm tall. X-rays done to look for evidence of lung metastasis and look at heart for changes that may indicate the need for medication. Portion of mass sent for histopathology. Plan to do surgical removal w/in next few weeks.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

The body condition score is 8/9.

SF

Mild spondylosis formation is seen along the caudal thoracic spine. The elbow joints present mild to moderate osteophyte new bone formation.

AGE

13 Years, 10 Months

A fat-opaque subcutaneous swelling is seen at the left thoracic wall; measuring approximately 9 x 5 cm in size.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement; the vertebral heart score is 10.2. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum is moderately widened by fat.

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The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Lynne Luna

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and generalized mild increased opacity with interspersed punctuate mineralization; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

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DATE

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RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Generalized mild to moderate unstructured interstitial lung pattern
- Pulmonary osteomas
- Suspect lipoma left thoracic wall
- Degenerative osteoarthritis elbow joints bilaterally
- Spondylosis deformans
- Obesity



PATIENT • No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

Annie Lick

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The current radiographic study of the thorax is negative for clinically relevant pathology, there is no evidence of pulmonary metastatic spread. The interstitial pattern of the lung is likely a sequela to the obesity, hypoinflation and age related changes of the lung parenchyma.

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Radiographically the heart is normal, however for more specific assessment of cardiac chamber size and function, a cardiac echo appears beneficial.

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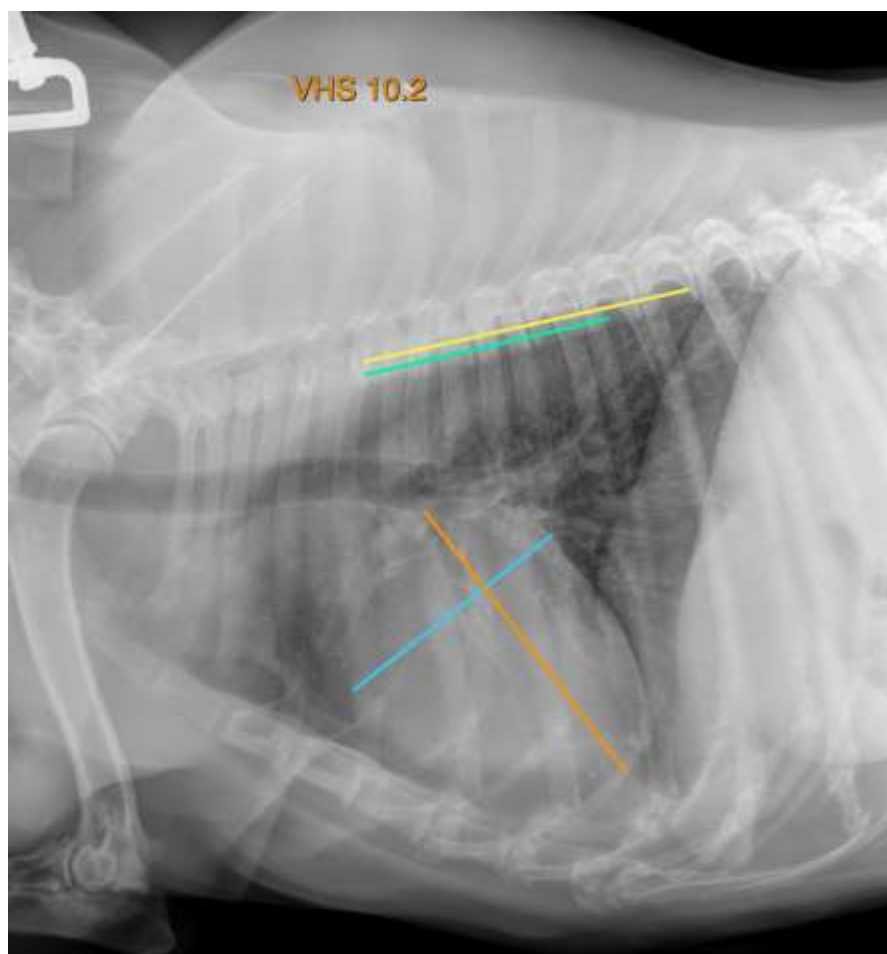
Dr. Lynne Luna

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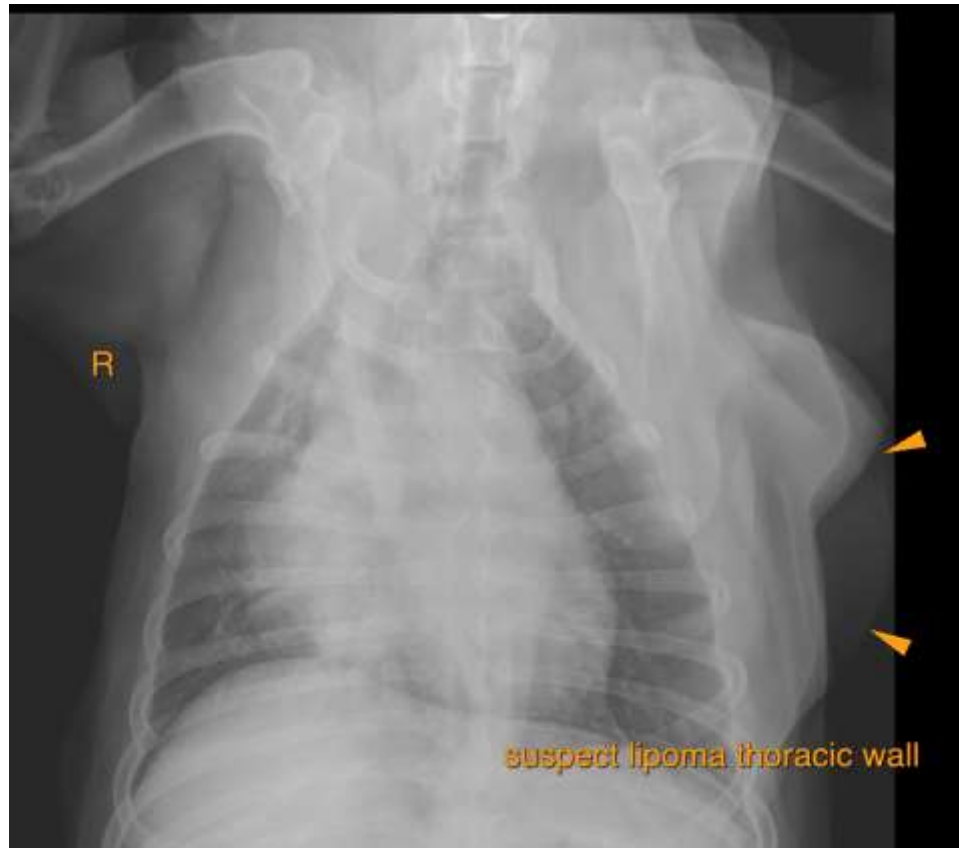
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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