



PATIENT

Mikey Wolsey

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

FN

AGE

12

WEIGHT

30

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Eamon

HOSPITAL NAME

Belconnen Veterinary
Centre

REFERRING VET

Eamon

INVOICE

73126

DATE

12-28-25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

bright yesterday very lethargic this morning ate well, no vomiting weak in hindlegs
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: cbc wl chem wl

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE THORAX AND ABDOMEN

A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen and thorax are provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

Along the thoracic and lumbar spine, multifocal spondylosis formation is seen.

The tendon of the right infraspinatus muscle presents moderate irregular mineralization and an irregular insertion zone at the lateral aspect of the major tubercle of the humerus.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The ventral dependent aspects of the lung present patchy zones with soft tissue attenuation pattern and air-bronchograms.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

Abdomen

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration, a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

The spleen presents with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The liver is normal in size and shape. The hepatic parenchyma is uniform soft tissue attenuating. Post contrast administration, in the cranial aspect of the right medial liver lobe, a hyperattenuating nodular lesion is seen; measuring 18 mm in diameter.

The hepatic lymph nodes are prominent.

The pancreas is evenly contoured; the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.



PATIENT

Mikey Wolsey

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

FN

AGE

12

WEIGHT

30

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Eamon

HOSPITAL NAME

Belconnen Veterinary
Centre

REFERRING VET

Eamon

INVOICE

73126

DATE

12-28-25

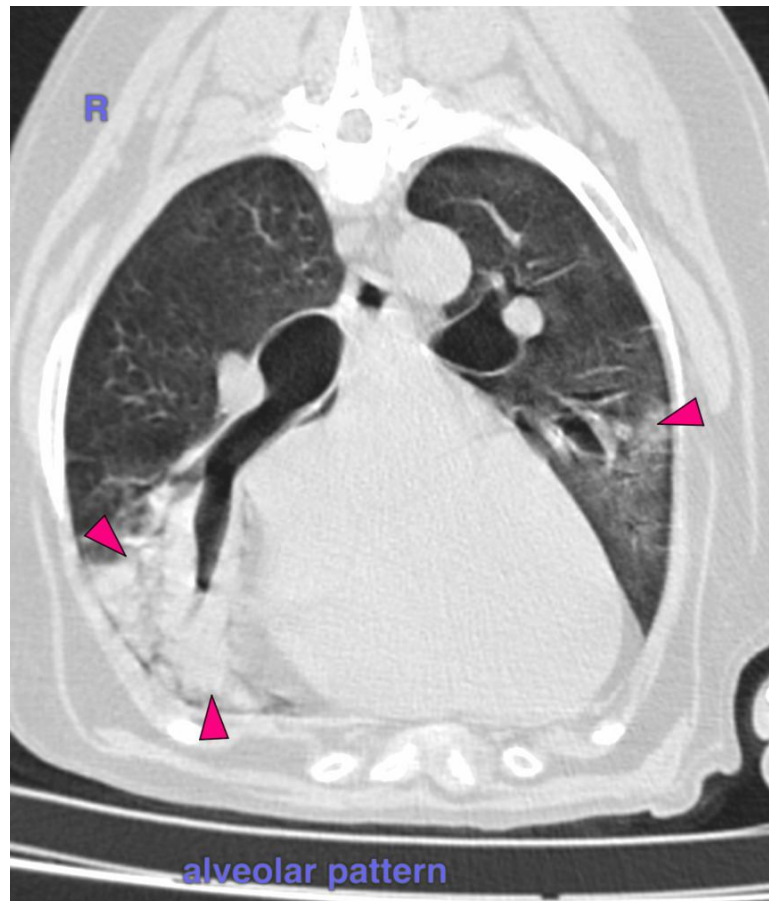
The lumbosacral intervertebral disc is protruding into the vertebral canal, occupying approximately 50% of the cross-sectional area of the vertebral canal at the same level.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Ventral distributed alveolar lung pattern
- Intervertebral disc herniation L7/S1 with possible dynamic compression of the cauda equina fibers
- Dystrophic mineralization tendon right infraspinatus muscle and insertional desmopathy
- Spondylosis deformans
- Normal abdomen

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The ventral distribution of the alveolar lung pattern is indicative for pneumonia that is a possible cause for the presenting clinical signs. Theoretically neoplastic infiltration of the lung is a differential, but I consider the odds very low.





PATIENT

Mikey Wolsey

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

FN

AGE

12

WEIGHT

30

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Eamon

HOSPITAL NAME

Belconnen Veterinary
Centre

REFERRING VET

Eamon

INVOICE

73126

DATE

12-28-25

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com