



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Shiloh Barrera Pet here for exam. Pet is not eating a lot. Pet got a seizure 3 weeks ago. After pet got the seizure he feels down and doesn't eat much.

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX & ABDOMEN

Canine A complete set of radiographs of the thorax and abdomen is provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED
Maltese

Thorax
Multifocal spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine

SEX
Male

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.
The cardiac silhouette is elongated, accentuating the left ventricle. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE
16

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Paradise
Hospital

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Elshafie

Abdomen

The intervertebral disc spaces T11/T12 to L1/L2 are moderately narrowed.

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

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The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

DATE

12-22-21

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and



PATIENT

lower urinary tract.

Shiloh Barrera

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

SPECIES

Canine

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

BREED

Maltese

- Chronic discopathy T11/T12 to L1/L2 ± compressive myelopathy
- Spondylosis deformans
- Normal abdomen

SEX

Male

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The elongated cardiac silhouette might be a normal anatomical variant if a cardiac murmur is absent, underlying cardiac disease, such as mitral valve insufficiency, is unlikely. Rule out arrhythmia as source for the potential seizure like activity as well. A cardiac echo can be used as an advanced diagnostic test.

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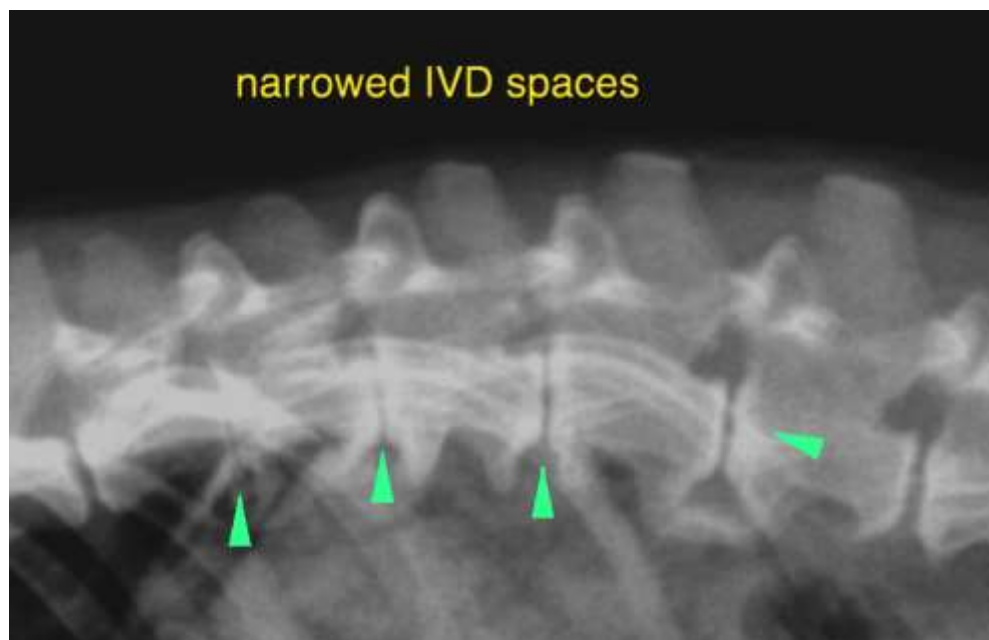
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PATIENT

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Canine

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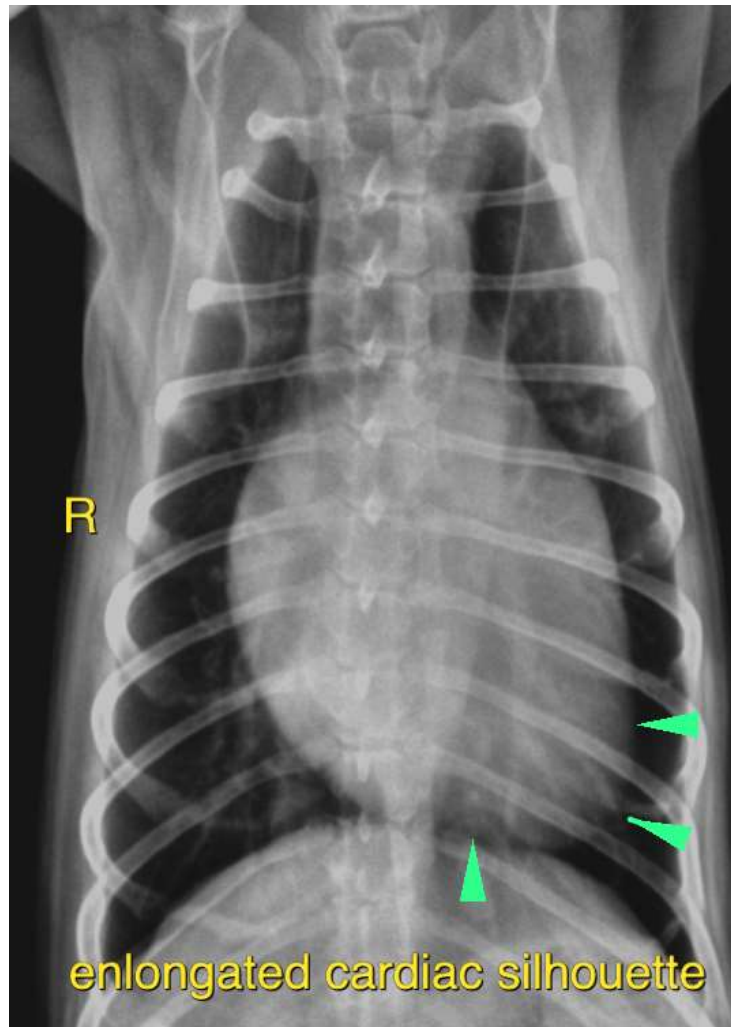
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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