



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Teddy Bazzoni #10126
Rockbrook AC

History: Referral for CT imaging today with a multi-month history of nasal discharge. Non-responsive to non-targeted antibiotics, antihistamines and steroids both topically and systemically. Recent history of complete dental therapy with no cause identified and no improvement in clinical symptoms.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: No systemic changes with recent labs

Canine **COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL**

BREED A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

Canine **COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The tooth elements 101-103, 107-109, 201, 206, 208, 303, 305 and 405 are absent.

SEX In both nasal cavities, fluid attenuating material is attached to the nasal conchal structures and the nasal mucosal lining is mildly thickened. Mild atrophy of the nasal conchal structures is appreciated.

Neutered Male

AGE Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

7 Years 11 Months Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

HOSPITAL NAME **COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

Gentle Doctor AH

- Rhinitis, mildly destructive
- Recent history of dental workup with multiple absent teeth, see above

REFERRING VET **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Pete Bashara, DVM

An underlying cause for the rhinitis is not appreciated in the current CT study and the presumptive diagnosis is non-specific rhinitis (e.g. allergic, lymphocytic plasmocytic, eosinophilic) ± bacterial superinfection. Theoretically nasal mites can be a source Biopsy and sampling for microbial culture would be ideal to confirm the diagnosis.

INVOICE

20179

DATE

12/16/22



PATIENT

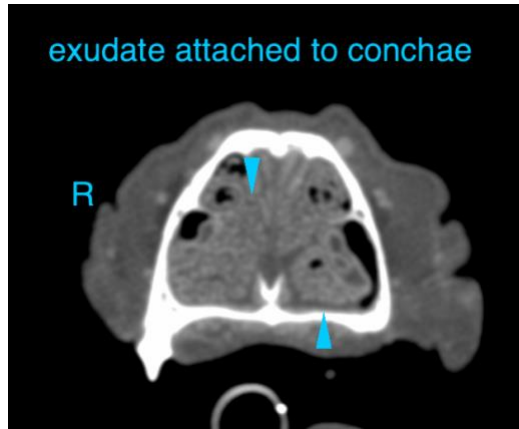
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SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Canine



SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7 Years 11 Months

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
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