



PATIENT

Aspen Slater

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Belgian Malinois mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4

WEIGHT

67

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDP

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

WS

HOSPITAL NAME

Aloha Pet & Bird
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. McLaughlin

INVOICE

72972

DATE

12-11-25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Owner reports that patient was obtained about a month and a half ago. Few weeks after getting her she fell off of the bed and was limping on her right front leg. Primary DVM treated for pain with Carprofen but patient continued limping intermittently. Owner reports that patient will still run and walk using the leg. Owner reports being unable to get patient into primary DVM and would like sedated radiographs performed. Eating and drinking okay. No vomiting no diarrhea. No coughing no sneezing. No current medications.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SHOULDER & ELBOW JOINTS

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the front limbs is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Both shoulder joints present smooth margins of the periarticular bones and the surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The volume of the musculature of the right front limb is moderately decreased.

The periarticular bones of the right elbow joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation. The right humeral condyle presents a sagittal fissure line in the mid aspect. The medial coronoid process of the right elbow joint is irregular and foreshortened. At the caudolateral aspect of the lateral humeral epicondyle, multiple well-defined, isolated mineralized bodies are seen; measuring up to 11 x 5 x 22 mm. Post contrast administration the synovial capsule of the right elbow joint is prominent and increased contrast enhancing.

The periarticular bones of the left elbow joint are smooth. The medial coronoid process of the left elbow joint is well-defined and has a homogeneous density.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Intracondylar fissuring right humeral condyle
- Coronoid disease right elbow joint
- Osteoarthritis right elbow joint
- Synovitis right elbow joint
- Metaplasia caudal aspect right lateral humeral epicondyle
- Disuse atrophy musculature right front limb

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The right front limb lameness is a combination of the degenerative joint disease due to FCP and a humeral intracondylar fissuring/incomplete ossification of humeral condyle (IOHC). Arthroscopy/arthrotomy may be used as advanced therapeutic and diagnostic tool. The option of surgical stabilization (e.g. lag screw + condylar plate) may be discussed with surgeon as the humeral condylar fissure can predispose for pathological fracture.



PATIENT

Aspen Slater

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Belgian Malinois mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4

WEIGHT

67

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

WS

HOSPITAL NAME

Aloha Pet & Bird
Hospital

REFERRING VET

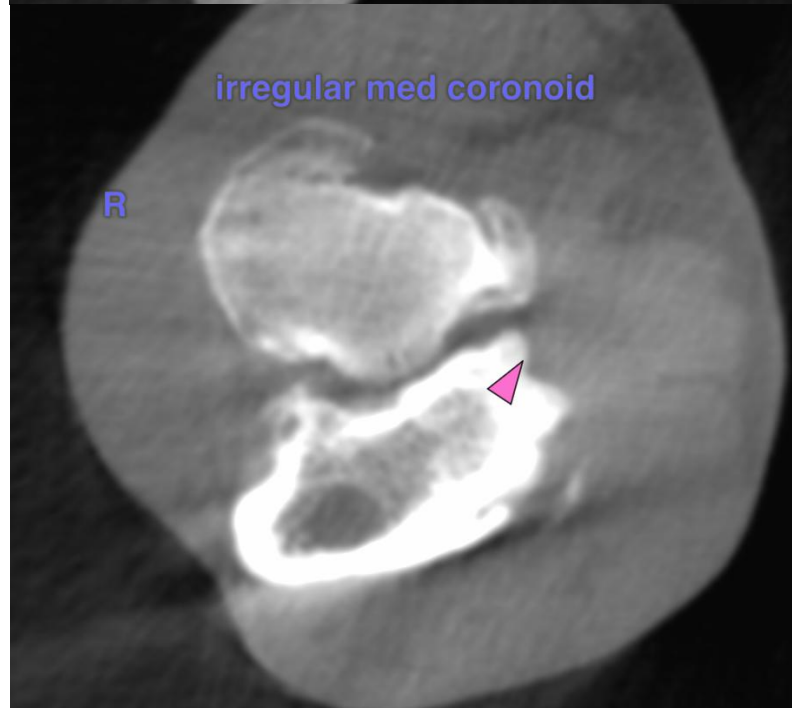
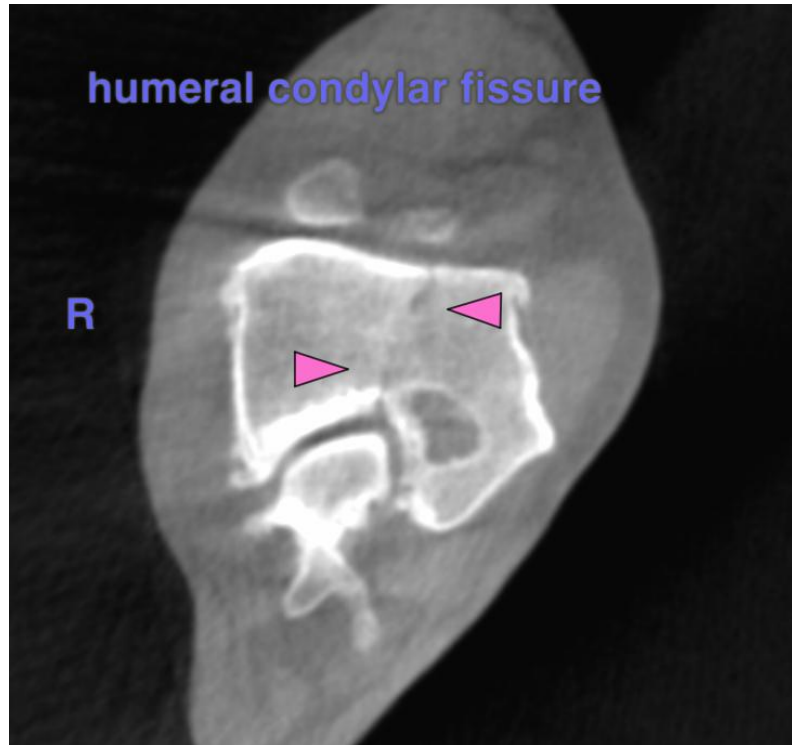
Dr. McLaughlin

INVOICE

72972

DATE

12-11-25





PATIENT

Aspen Slater

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Belgian Malinois mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4

WEIGHT

67

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

WS

HOSPITAL NAME

Aloha Pet & Bird
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. McLaughlin

INVOICE

72972

DATE

12-11-25

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com