



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Georgie Becker Vomiting and not eating with in the last 24 hours. Also muscle wasting.  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Pending blood work

**SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN**

Canine Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**BREED** Proximal to the greater trochanter of the right femur, small mineralized bodies are seen.

Mixed No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

**SEX** The serosal detail is decreased, and the peritoneal fat presents a mild soft tissue striation

Female/sp The liver is appropriate in position & size. A fusiform shaped mineral opaque region is superimposed on the cranioventral aspect of the liver in the lateral projections.

The spleen cannot be delineated.

**AGE** Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

15 Years

**INTERPRETED BY** The stomach is in its anticipated position and contains a small amount of gas.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

The colon is seen in the expected position and is empty

**HOSPITAL NAME RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- New Bridge Veterinary Practice
- Suspect mild peritoneal effusion/peritonitis
  - Empty gastrointestinal tract
  - Mineralized material superimposed on liver
  - Absent spleen – possible preceding splenectomy
  - Metaplasia tendon right gluteus medius muscle

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Abina Glennon

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

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The empty gastrointestinal tract in combination with the presenting clinical sign can indicate gastritis/gastroenteritis; in combination with the mild peritoneal effusion pancreatitis should be considered as potential as well. Other potentials for the peritoneal effusion can include severe enteritis, hepatic disease, paraneoplastic, hemorrhage.

**DATE**

11-8-22

The mineralized material superimposed on the liver can present mineralized biliary sludge.

Based on the results of lab work, workup might be complemented by a complete abdominal ultrasound examination.



**PATIENT**

Georgie Becker

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Mixed

**SEX**

Female/sp

**AGE**

15 Years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

New Bridge  
Veterinary Practice

**REFERRING VET**

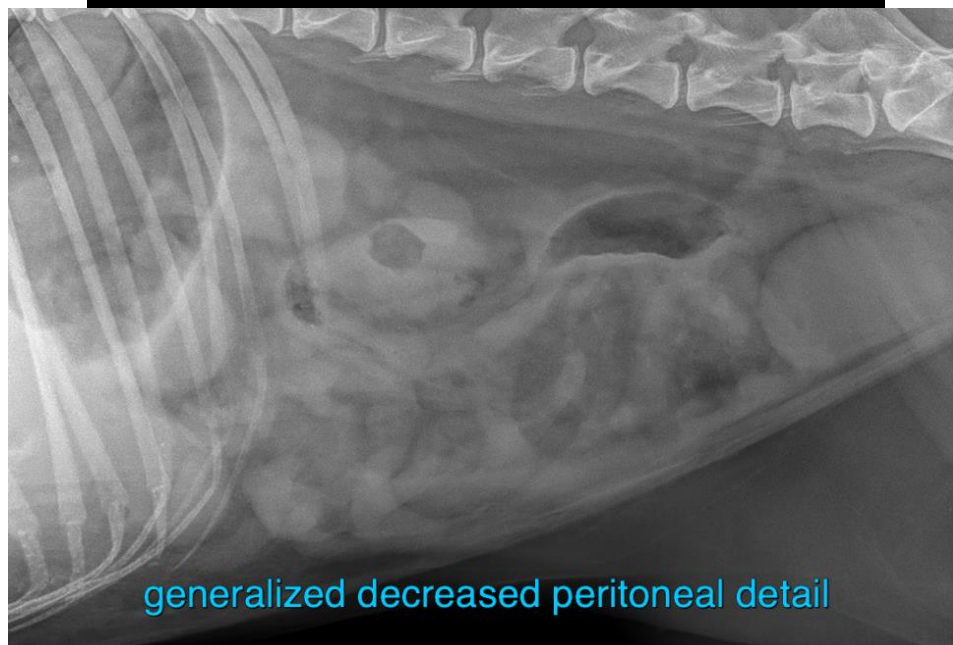
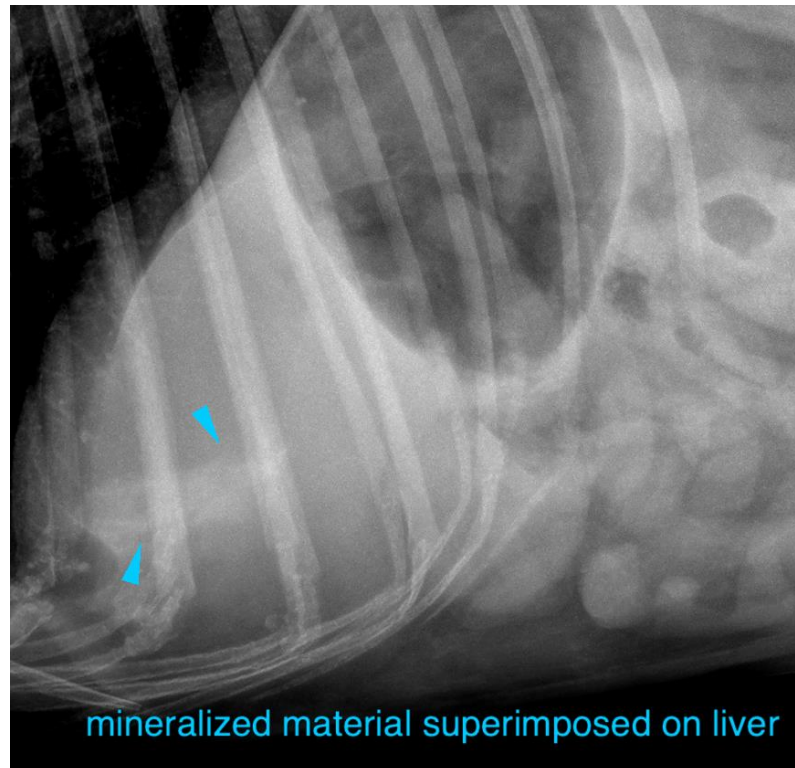
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**PATIENT**

Georgie Becker

**SPECIES**

Canine

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**BREED**

Mixed

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

**SEX**

Female/sp

**AGE**

15 Years

**INTERPRETED BY**

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