



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Roxy Boggess Senior onset of seizures.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL & THORAX

SPECIES A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and a post-contrast CT study of the thorax are provided for review.

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED Skull

German Shepherd

The pictured parts of the dentition are complete and unremarkable in all jaw quadrants.

Mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures is appreciated.

SEX

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Spayed Female

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

AGE

10.7 Years

In the delayed post contrast phase, centered on the right aspect of the falx cerebri, level with the parietal lobe, a mild contrast enhancing mass is seen measuring 1.6 x 1.6 x 2.0 cm in size. A mild midline shift of the falx to the left is seen. The right lateral ventricle is distorted.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Thorax

Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine.

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging
CFL

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

REFERRING VET

Meaux

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior with randomly distributed interspersed punctuate mineralization.

INVOICE

55005

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen, there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

DATE

11-7-22

- Intracranial extraaxial mass centered on the falx cerebri
- Mild destructive rhinitis
- Spondylosis deformans
- Pulmonary osteomas
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease



PATIENT INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Roxy Boggess

The extraaxial mass is consistent with neoplastic disease and meningioma is the top differential. The finding is a plausible explanation for the seizure activity.

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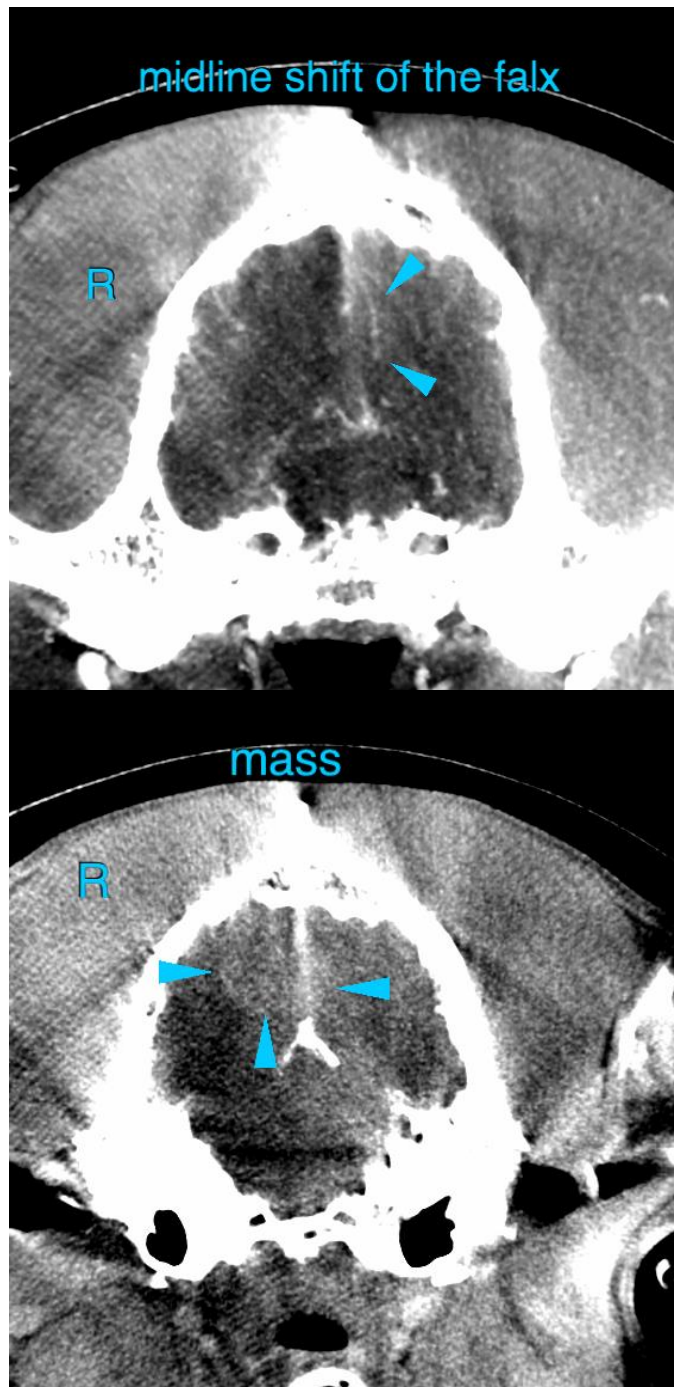
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PATIENT

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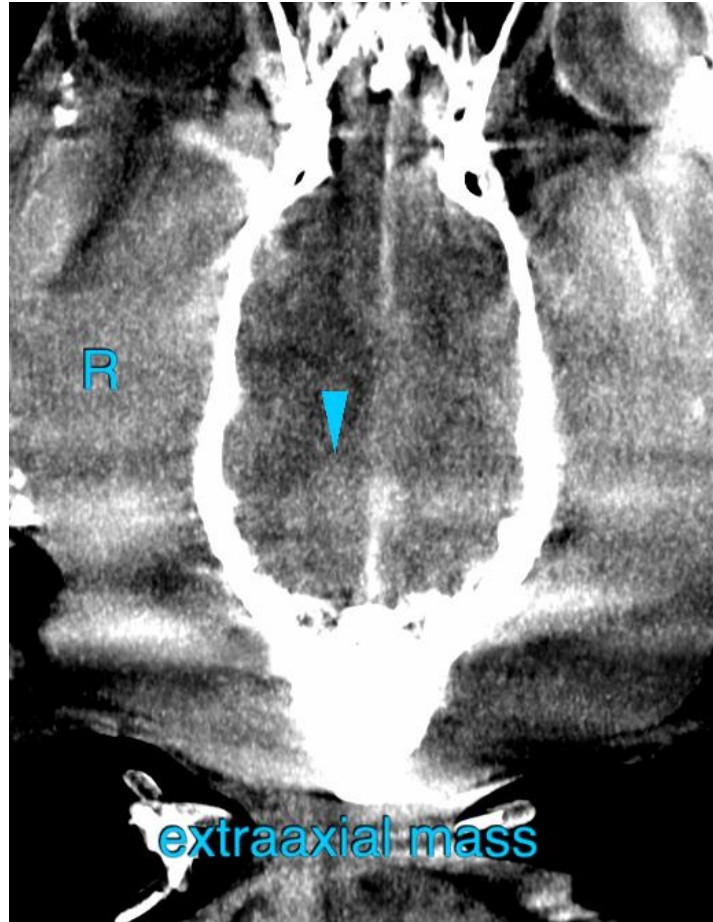
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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