



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

**INDIANA Conn**  
 Patient was running and jumping in the house roughly 2 weeks prior - Cried out and was acutely 3 legged lame on the right rear leg. Original imaging showed no osteopathic concerns at that time. Placed on Carprofen and Gaba - Improved mildly with intermittent toe touching lameness on the same right hind. At the 2 week post injury mark, Indiana was still intermittently 3 leg and toe touching lame within the right rear leg and family expressed concerns for no real improvement and possible Px changes due to lack of improvement; Also at this time the family updated that a few days post Indiana's injury a deep bruising had started to develop on the ventral aspect of the injured right leg, this was still present but much improved per family. Based on the bruising that developed an in-house CBC was performed (WNL) and on examination no additional bruising was noted. Due to Family's concerns at this time we are rechecking the xrays and sending out for consult. No prior Hx of health concerns.  
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: No issues noted

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Labradoodle

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

11 Years, 4 Months

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE STIFLE JOINTS**

Radiographs of both stifle joints in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The volume of the right thigh musculature is moderately decreased.  
 The mediolateral projection of the left stifle joint is moderately rotated. Both stifle joints present smooth osseous margins and evidence of mild intracapsular soft tissue swelling.

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Bilateral mild articular swelling, R>L
- Disuse atrophy right thigh musculature

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Summit Dog & Cat Hospital

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

There is evidence of bilateral mild joint effusion of both stifle joints. The finding is not specific and can be traumatic in origin, a sequela to cranial cruciate ligament pathology ± meniscal pathology or less likely indicate arthritis (immune mediated versus infectious).

**REFERRING VET**

Vogler

A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test (under general anesthesia) can be used to check for failure of the cranial cruciate ligament.

**INVOICE**

55491

**DATE**

11-30-22



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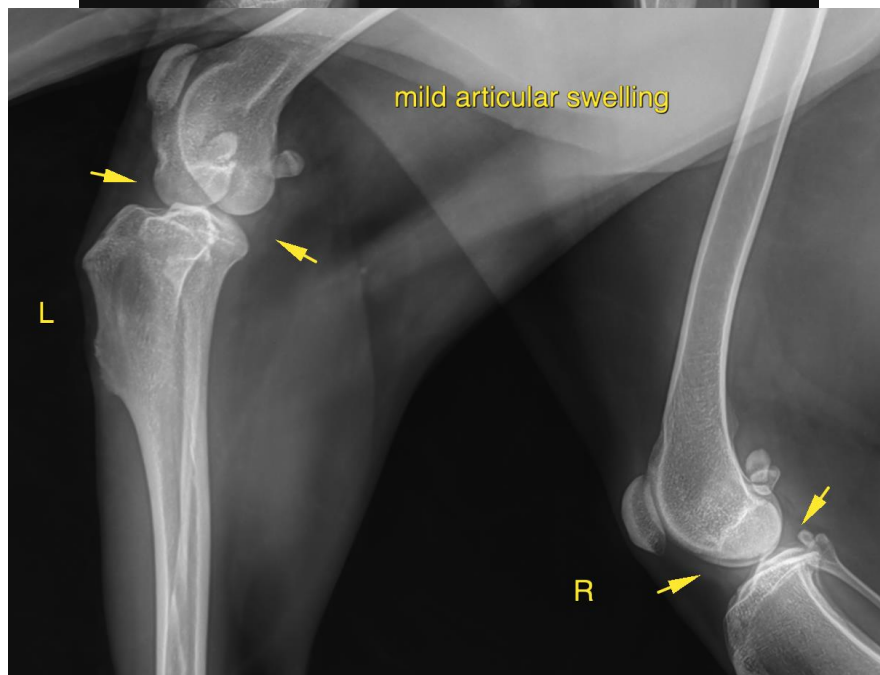
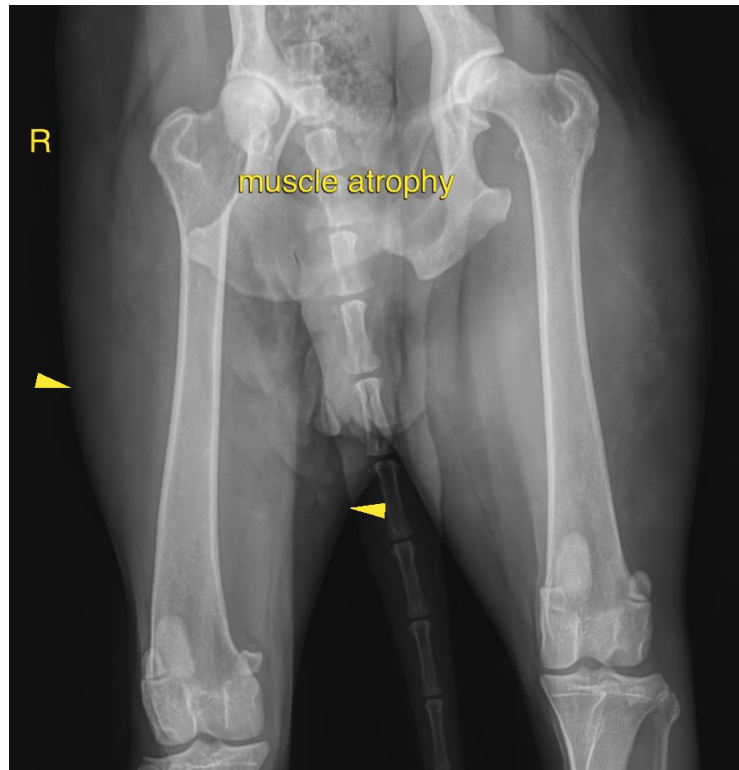
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
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