



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Jackson Doll
Pendulous abdomen palpable spinous processes
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Pending

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine
A lateral projection of the abdomen is provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED
Mixed
Multifocal moderate spondylosis formation is seen along the lumbar spine. The intervertebral disc spaces L1/L2 and L4/L5 are moderately narrowed.

SEX
Male Neutered
A roundish metal opaque body is visible superimposed on the soft tissues ventral to T11. A second mild irregular roundish metal opaque body is seen superimposed on the ventral abdominal wall.

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

AGE
10 Years
The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

INTERPRETED BY
Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
In the ventral aspect of the mid abdomen, caudal to the stomach, a macronodular elongated mass is visible, displacing the small intestinal loops dorsally and mildly caudally.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

HOSPITAL NAME
New Bridge
Veterinary Practice
The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

REFERRING VET
Dr. Abina Glennon
The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- INVOICE**
48682
- Multinodular soft tissue mass ventral abdomen
 - Chronic discopathy L1/L2 and L4/L5
 - Suspect small shotgun bullet fragments in the soft tissues
 - Spondylosis deformans

DATE INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

11-30-21
The top differential for the multinodular mass in the ventral abdomen is splenic neoplasia. However, an enlarged hepatic lobe may extend caudally into the ventral abdomen and hepatic mass is still a potential (e.g. neoplasia, cyst, hematoma) but considered less likely.



PATIENT

Jackson Doll

Complementing workup by an abdominal ultrasound examination or CT study can be used for further differentiation and surgical planning if applicable.

Recommend full tumor staging.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

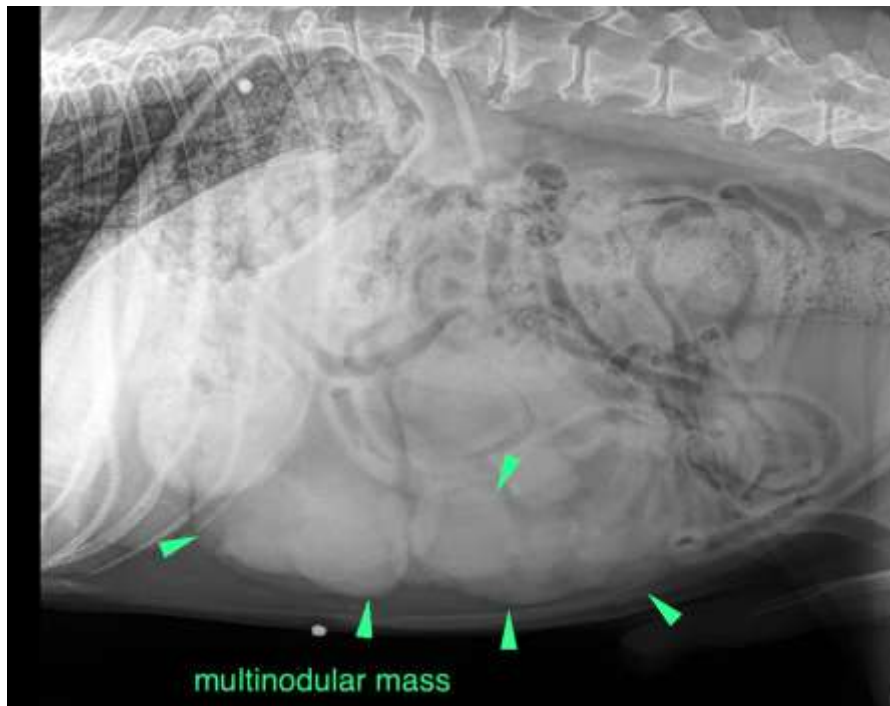
Male Neutered

AGE

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HOSPITAL NAME

New Bridge
Veterinary Practice

REFERRING VET

Dr. Abina Glennon

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

INVOICE

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DATE

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