



PATIENT

Milo Kadar

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Maltipoo

SEX

Male

AGE

2.5 Years

WEIGHT

20.7

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDE

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Sarah Green

HOSPITAL NAME

Healing Spirit Animal
Wellness

REFERRING VET

Dr. Sarah Green

INVOICE

35715

DATE

11/29/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Returned home this morning with a proposed globe after going missing in the woods overnight.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Proptosis of the globe, OD, with periorbital soft tissue swelling, hemorrhagic nasal discharge from the left nostril

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Triadan 302 is absent.

The mandibular symphysis is very mildly widened and presents subtle step formation.

The left nasal bone is demarcated by a longitudinal fracture line and is mildly mildly depressed into the left nasal cavity. A longitudinal fracture line is appreciated in the rostral part of the horizontal plate of the right palatine bone extending caudally in the midline up to the caudal margin of the hard palate – covered by gingiva. The medial wall of the left orbital cavity presents a depression fracture and a osseous fragment is displaced into the left nasal cavity and left sphenoid recess. A small amount of fluid attenuating material is appreciated in the left nasal cavity. The fracture line of the medial wall of the left orbital cavity is extending caudally into the left hamulus of the pterygoid bone.

In the right orbital cavity, a diffuse soft tissue swelling is appreciated, encompassing the right ocular bulb that is displaced rostrally by the mass effect.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. In both external ear canals, a small amount of non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material is attached to the epithelial lining.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Multiple fractures of the osseous lining of the nasal cavity – partially with depression of osseous fragments into the nasal cavity
- Right sided periocular soft tissue swelling and secondary right sided exophthalmos – compatible with hematoma formation
- Very mild widened mandibular symphysis
- Bilateral mild otitis externa
- Absent triadan 302



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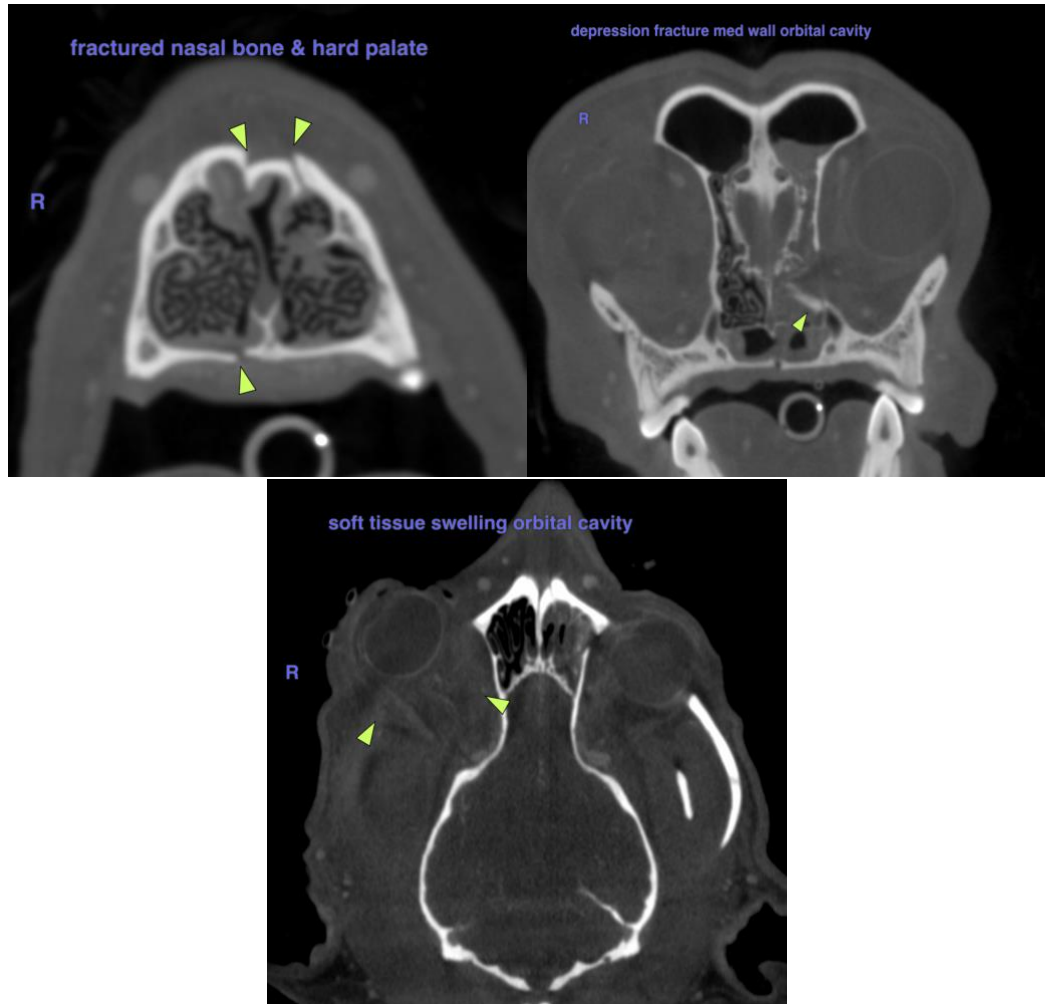
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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings are consistent with preceding blunt craniofacial trauma – explaining the presenting clinical signs. Check clinically for signs of instability of the mandibular symphysis.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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