



**PATIENT**

Opie Heddle

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Tumor behind left eye, looking for metastasis in abdomen.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

**BREED**

Lab mix

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

**SEX**

Male Neutered

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

The liver presents with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

**AGE**

10 Years

In the early post contrast phase, in the caudal extremity of the spleen, an irregular roundish, hypoattenuating parenchymal zone is noted, measuring 16 mm in size. The spleen is within normal limits in size and shape.

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

Generalized spondylosis formation is seen along the lumbar spine. The periarticular bones of the left coxofemoral joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Parrish Creek  
Veterinary Clinic

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Intraparenchymal hypoattenuating contrast enhancing lesion of the spleen
- Degenerative osteoarthritis left coxofemoral joint
- Spondylosis deformans lumbar spine

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Scott Echols

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The intraparenchymal post contrast hypoattenuating zone of the spleen is highly suggestive for splenic nodular hyperplasia – FNA sampling of the spleen can be performed to rule out malignant infiltration.

**INVOICE**

55357

No additional clinically relevant abnormalities of the abdomen are appreciated.

**DATE**

11-23-22



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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