



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT
Rees Gibson

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
Poodle

SEX
M

AGE
4 Years

Rees, a 4 old Male Poodle (standard), was presented to the Toronto Animal Health Partners Surgery Service for evaluation of a right hindlimb lameness. The lameness was initially noticed the week of October 11, 2021. Since then, Rees was placed on metacam and a restricted exercise regimen with physiotherapy. Rees was started on restricted exercise routine and (metacam 1.5mg/ml: 17.5kg x 24hrs x 7 days) for pain relief Rees was re-evaluated Nov 5, 2021, for veterinary spinal manipulation therapy. He was not on any medication and seemed to be doing ok at home while also on physiotherapy exercises. The iliopsoas muscle was no longer tight, He was walking on the leg but not fully weight bearing. Re-evaluation of the Rees participates in agility.

Rees was evaluated October 18, 2021 at Centennial Animal Hospital at which time he was weight bearing with a slight limb during the weight bearing phase. On physical examination there was an increased tightness of the iliopsoas muscle and an increased luxation of the right stifle cranially. A positive drawer or tibial thrust could not be elicited while patient was awake. joint suggested further increase range of luxation with no definitive drawer sign. Brother has had CCL tears on both sides

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: -forelimbs: No digital crepitus or pain. No carpal effusion, normal range of motion. Full range of motion of elbow, no pain on coronoid palpation. No pain on shoulder extension or flexion. -pelvic limbs: No pain on digital or hock palpation/range of motion. No instability, creptius, or effusion of stifle. No laxity of patella. No pain on hip range of motion or abduction.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE RIGHT STIFLE JOINT

Radiographs of the right stifle joint in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The right stifle joint presents smooth margins of the subchondral bone. There is no evidence of intracapsular swelling.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal right stifle joint

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The current radiographic study of the right stifle joint is negative for pathology, there are no signs for joint effusion or degenerative changes of the periarticular bones. Rule out muscular pathology or the spine (e.g. degenerative lumbosacral stenosis) as source for the clinical signs as well. If there is strong clinical suspicion for the lameness originating from the stifle joint, an MR study of the stifle joint may provide additional information.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Health Partners

REFERRING VET

Lea Mehrkens

INVOICE

48435

DATE

11-17-21



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Poodle

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