



## PATIENT

Willow 25-262 DVGRR

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Golden Retriever

## SEX

Female

## AGE

6Y

## WEIGHT

60lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet.  
DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Amicone

## HOSPITAL NAME

New Holland  
Veterinary Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Amicone

## INVOICE

72615

## DATE

11-13-25

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Arrived at rescue in August - 3 mammary masses and several cysts. Intact. OHE with mass removal today. Radiographs due to mammary masses.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 9/7/25: CBC: WNC: 17.93 - elevated, neutrophils: 14.48 - neutrophilia, monocytes: 1.54 - monocytosis - could be stress leukogram. Chem: WNL, 4dx - neg x4. No further follow up needed.

## RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

## RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The vertebral endplates T10/T11 present bridging spondylosis formation.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities. Prominent nipples are superimposed on the ventral lung field. In the VD view, a soft tissue nodule is seen in the lateral aspect of the 4<sup>th</sup> intercostal space and 5<sup>th</sup> right intercostal space respectively.

Level with the 7<sup>th</sup> right rib, a subcutaneous soft tissue nodule is appreciated.

The heart is of normal size and shape; there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

## RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Soft tissue nodules in VD view superimposed on lung field
- Non-specific subcutaneous nodule right thoracic wall

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The appreciated nodules in the VD projection level with the 4<sup>th</sup> left intercostal space and 5<sup>th</sup> right intercostal space are likely caused by the nipples of the mammary glands – a small amount of barium can be used to stain the nipple and repeat the VD view to confirm the diagnosis. At this point I would consider the thoracic radiographs negative for metastatic lung disease.



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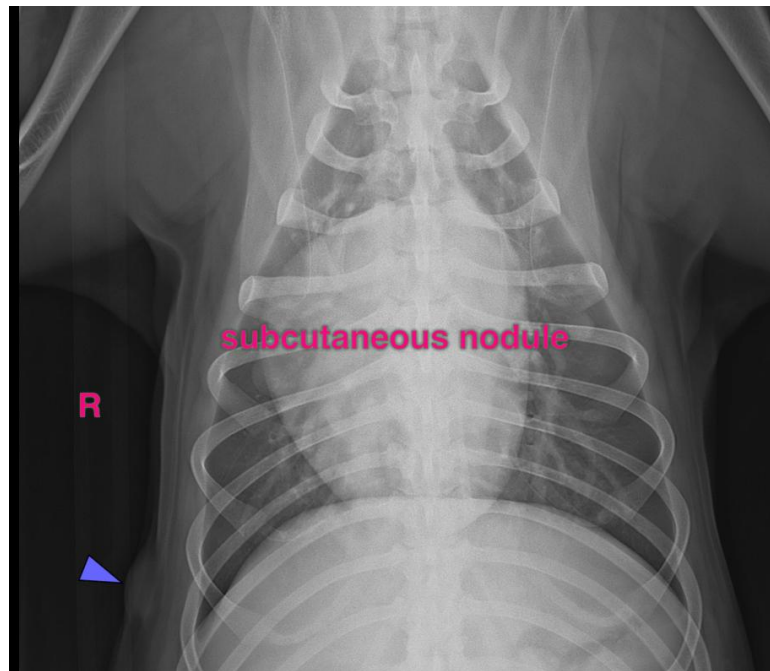
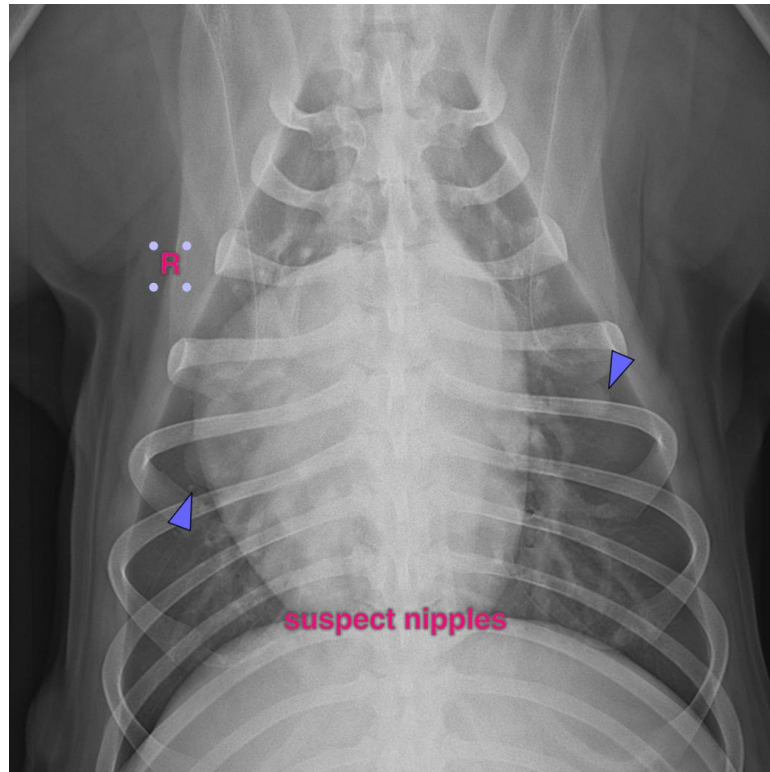
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)