



PATIENT

Evie Shivar

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Doodle

SEX

FS

AGE

5Y

WEIGHT

23.7kg

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenna/Julia

HOSPITAL NAME

Pet Emergency &
Referral Center - NVA

REFERRING VET

Dr. Darby Toth

INVOICE

72580

DATE

11-11-25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Evie presented to the Pet Emergency and Referral Center Surgery service for consultation on further diagnostics for a recently identified lytic lesion on her right ilium. Evie's physical examination revealed mild muscle atrophy to her right hind limb, as well as mild resistance to hip extension bilaterally. She did not demonstrate overt discomfort on palpation of her pelvic bones or spine.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE THORAX AND PELVIS

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the pelvis and a plain CT study of the thorax is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Thorax

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation pattern is uniform.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

Multifocal throughout the lung parenchyma, well-defined, soft tissue attenuating nodules are seen; measuring up to 5 mm in diameter.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

Pelvis

The cranial aspect of the right iliac wing presents an ill-defined zone with permeative osteolysis along with cortical destruction and immature periosteal new bone formation. An ill-defined soft tissue swelling with a heterogeneous mild contrast uptake is appreciated along the medial surface of the right cranial iliac wing.

The periarticular bones of both coxofemoral joints present mild osteophyte new bone formation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Monostotic aggressive osteolytic lesion right iliac wing with associated soft tissue swelling
- Structured nodular interstitial lung pattern
- Mild osteoarthritis coxofemoral joints

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The aggressive bone lesion of the right iliac wing is consistent with primary osseous neoplasia – such as osteosarcoma, fibrosarcoma, chondrosarcoma, other. FNA sampling can be performed for specification.

The nodular lung pattern indicates pulmonary metastatic disease.



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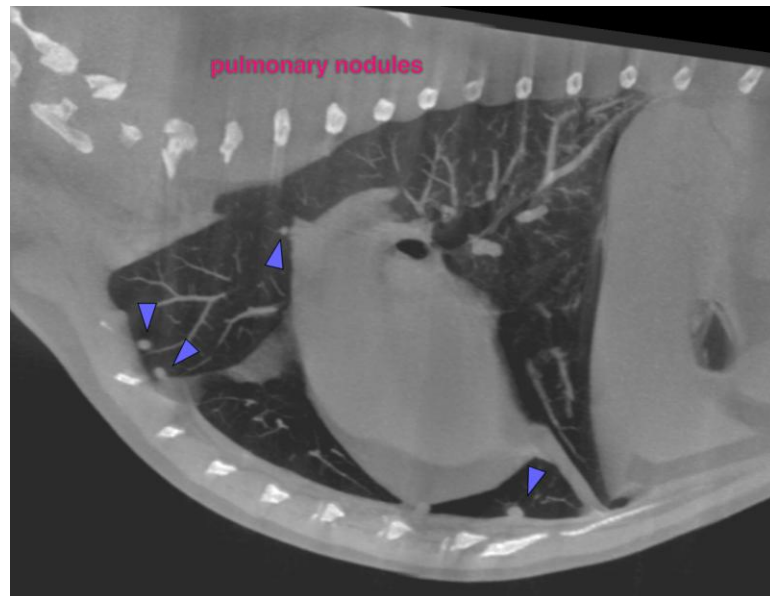
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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info@sonopath.com

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