



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Jax Conover Presented 10/19/22 for intermittent left hind limb lameness, especially pronounced after playing. Minimal exam performed due to patient temperament. Visible mild LH lameness and mild LH stifle effusion palpable. Dispensed Carprofen and Trazodone. Presented 11/10/22 for radiographs under sedation. No drawer sign noted but Jax did react mildly when Left stifle was manipulated. Difficult to position femurs on VD due to muscling of thighs. Owner reports she has extreme difficulty preventing him jumping up on bed. NSAIDs seem to help with lameness but he occasionally will still hold LH up when running and for the past month or so has been pacing at night before settling down. Owner interprets this as sign of discomfort.

**SPECIES** Canine

**BREED** Old English Bulldog

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Left hind lameness

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND STIFLE JOINTS**

A complete set of radiographs of the pelvis and the stifle joints is provided for review.

**SEX RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX** MN The right coxofemoral joint presents a mild lateral widening of the subchondral sclerosis of the craniolateral acetabular rim. The joint space of the left coxofemoral joint is mildly incongruent.

**AGE** 5 Years, 9 Months The periarticular bones of both stifle joints present mild osteophyte new bone formation and bilaterally a mild intracapsular swelling of the stifle joints is appreciated, distorting the infrapatellar fat-pad. In the lateral projection of the left stifle joint, a mineral opacity is superimposed on the cranial aspect of the lateral femoral condyle.

**INTERPRETED BY RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
- Mild degenerative osteoarthritis stifle joints bilaterally
  - Mild articular swelling of the stifle joints
  - Mild incongruity left coxofemoral joint – likely incidental

**HOSPITAL NAME INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Ash Creek Animal Clinic The radiographic study is consistent with bilateral mild chronic degenerative osteoarthritis with concomitant mild joint effusion of both stifle joints. The most-likely underlying cause is (partial) rupture of the cranial cruciate ligament with or without meniscal disease. The appreciated mineralized body can present a prominent osteophyte or synovial osteochondromatosis / metaplasia of the joint capsule and is likely an incidental finding.

**REFERRING VET** Diane Alexander DVM A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia can be used to check for potential failure of the cranial cruciate ligament.

**INVOICE**

55097

**DATE**

11-10-22



**PATIENT**

Jax Conover

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Old English Bulldog

**SEX**

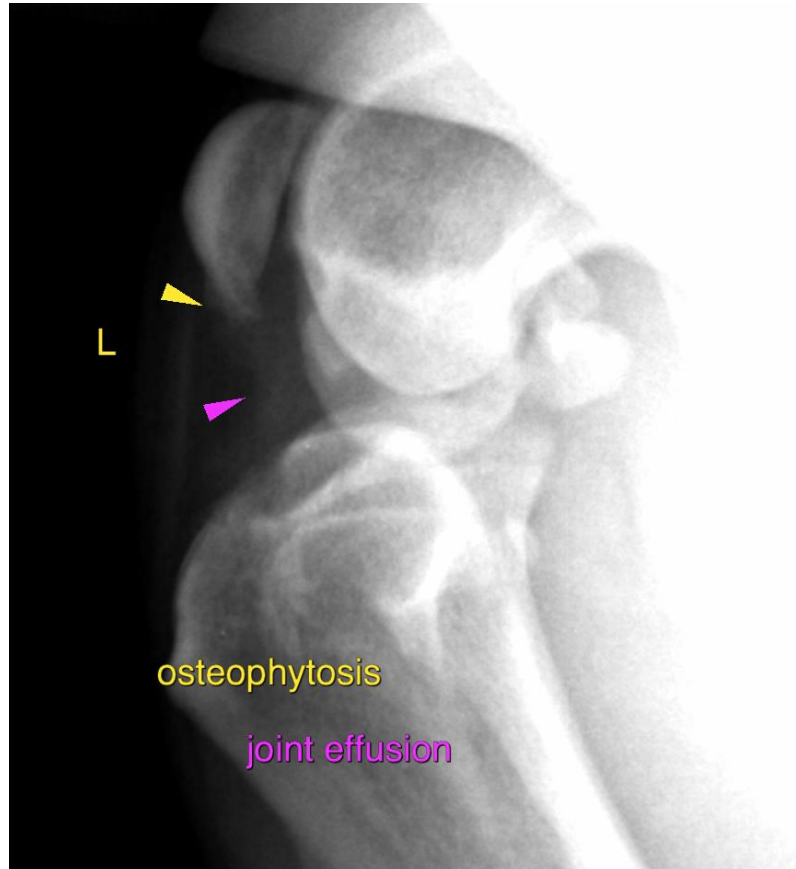
MN

**AGE**

5 Years, 9 Months

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI



**HOSPITAL NAME**

Ash Creek Animal  
Clinic

**REFERRING VET**

Diane Alexander  
DVM

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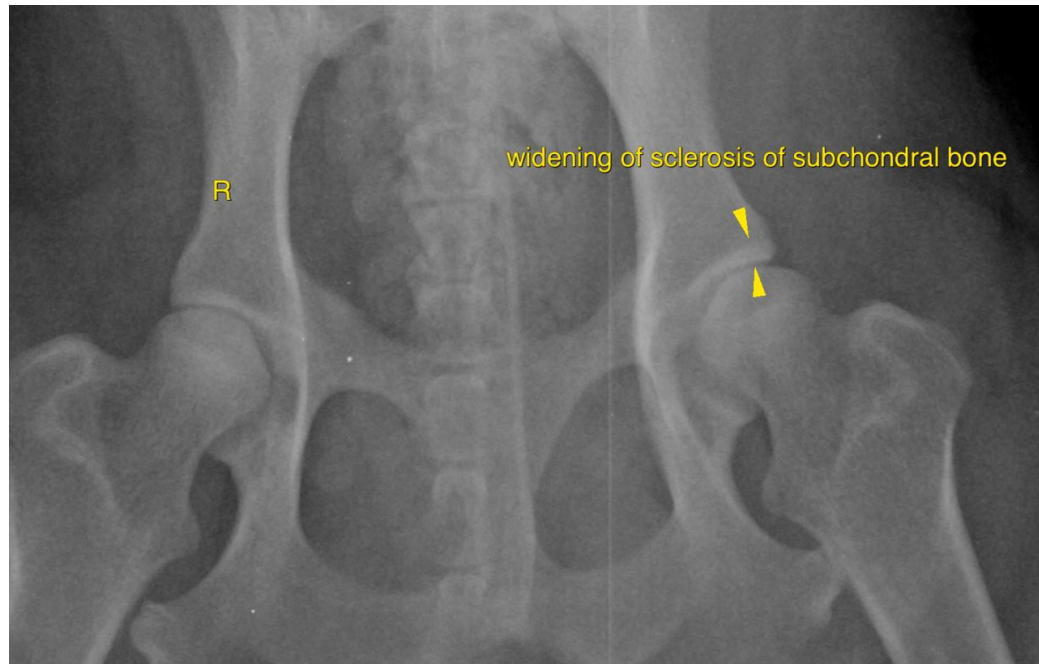
Diane Alexander  
DVM

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
sebast.schaub@gmail.com