



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Cooper Swanson History: ate dishes silk sponge few day ag , was presented with only diarrhea
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: N/A

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine Radiographs of the abdomen in two imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED

Labrador Retriever

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits, the growth plates are age related open.

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

Male

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

6 Months

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The stomach is in its anticipated position and contains a moderate amount of fluid.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catharine's AH

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

- Fluid filled stomach

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

13567

There is no evidence of radiopaque foreign material throughout the gastrointestinal tract. However, the fluid filled stomach can be a sequela to gastric emptying disorder either function (e.g. due to gastroenteritis) or mechanical (history of ingestion of foreign material). As the patient does not present with clinical signs for gastrointestinal mechanical obstruction, empirical management should be considered. If clinical signs for mechanical obstruction develop re-evaluating the patient is recommended including at least follow up radiographs of the abdomen.

DATE

10/5/21



PATIENT

Cooper Swanson

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

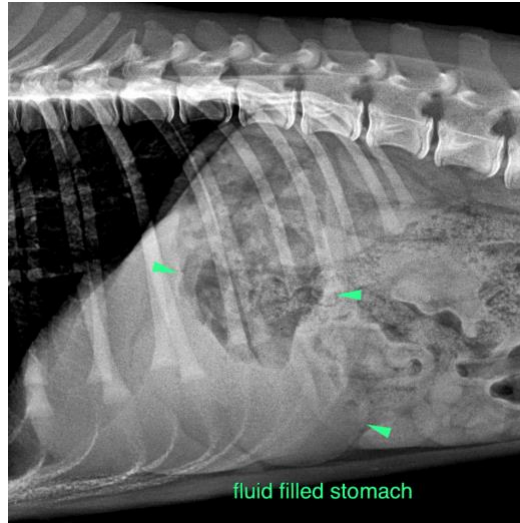
Labrador Retriever

SEX

Male

AGE

6 Months



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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