



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Zena Pawley History: p presents because for the last 2 weeks o states p has not been e/d much. will pick at her bowl but barely eating anything. p has also been hiding and sleeping all day long which is not normal behavior for p. p's coat isnt as shiny and looks to have lost weight.

SPECIES

Feline Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mentation: BAR, growling, swatting EENT: No nasal discharge; clear no discharge OU; unable to examine AU; Oral Cavity: pale mm noted when hissing Lymph Nodes: Symmetrical, no changes in size, shape, consistency Skin: Good hair coat, no signs of ectoparasites. No lesions noted. CV/Respiratory: No murmur/arrhythmia or crackles/wheezing auscultated. Normal bronchovesicular sounds. Abd/GI: Soft non painful abdomen, firm irregular mid abdominal mass palpated Uro/Perineum: N Musculoskeletal: Normal ambulation, no lameness noted. Front declaw

BREED

DMH

SEX

Spayed Female

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

AGE

11 Years

Radiographs of the abdomen in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail level with the small intestinal lopps is mildly decreased.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary H

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Duke

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

In the left caudal mid abdomen, an ovoid shaped, soft tissue opaque mass, measuring approximately 7.6 x 4.2 x 6.8 cm in size is visible. The mass presents a central linear gas opaque region. The small intestinal loops are displaced cranially and to the right by the mass effect.

INVOICE

13526

The descending colon is displaced dorsally by the mass effect of the soft tissue mass.

DATE

10/4/21

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS



PATIENT

Zena Pawley

- Mid abdominal soft tissue mass with central elongated gas opacity
- Suspect mild peritoneal effusion

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

SPECIES

Feline

The mid abdominal mass with the central gas opacity is suggestive for a mural mass of a small intestinal loop – round cell neoplasia is considered most likely here. A neoplasia originating from a lymph node with central necrosis and abscessation or primary mesenteric neoplasia or abscess formation are potentials here – the latter is considered far less likely. Secondary mild peritonitis/peritoneal effusion.

BREED

DMH

Recommend FNA sampling of the mass for further definition. Ultrasound can be used to confirm the origin of the mass from a small intestinal segment.

SEX

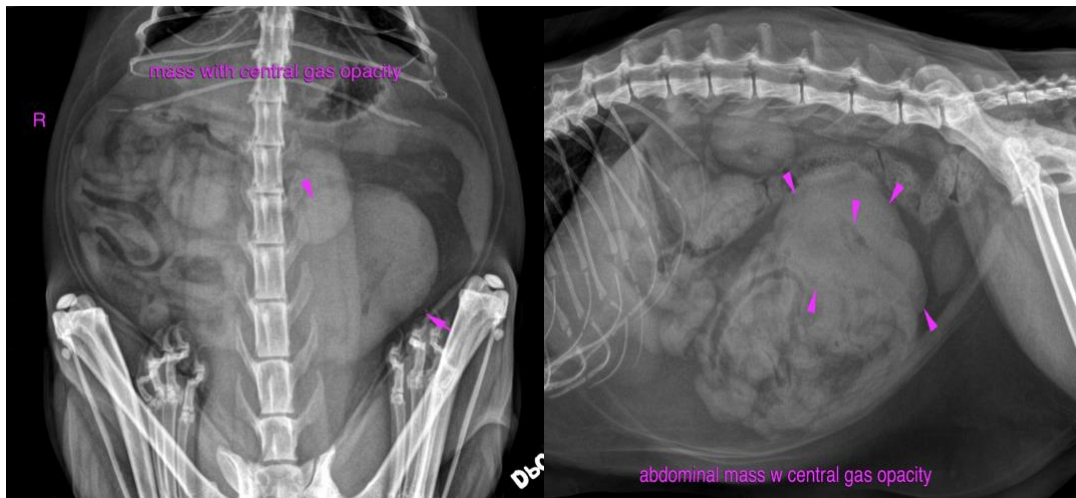
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Duke

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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