



PATIENT

Perla Alfonso

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

21 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

HVSFA

HOSPITAL NAME

Hospital Veterinario
San Francisco de Asis

REFERRING VET

Dra. Irizarry

INVOICE

35384

DATE

10/31/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Patient has been experiencing chronic vomiting for the past month, accompanied by weight loss and soft feces. The patient was diagnosed with and treated for parvovirus infection two months ago.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE NECK, THORAX AND ABDOMEN

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and abdomen and a post-contrast CT study of the thorax is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Neck

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5 , the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

The osseous and soft tissue structures of the neck reveal no abnormalities. The thyroid glands have the expected size, shape and attenuation behavior.

Thorax

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5 , the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior.

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen; there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

Abdomen

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.



PATIENT

Perla Alfonso

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years

WEIGHT

21 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

HVSFA

HOSPITAL NAME

Hospital Veterinario
San Francisco de Asis

REFERRING VET

Dra. Irizarry

INVOICE

35384

DATE

10/31/25

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The portal vein presents a normal order of its tributary veins and intrahepatic branching. No abnormal vessel is noted inside and outside of the liver parenchyma.

The pancreas is evenly contoured; the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Normal neck
- Normal thorax
- Normal abdomen

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT study presents without abnormalities and an underlying cause for the presenting clinical signs cannot be specified.

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com