



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Nuriko Boikov At least 8 months history of intermittent unilateral nasal discharge, no improvement with symptomatic treatment (doxycycline and NSAIDs). Patient is clinically well. HyperA patient managed with trilostane.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Blood work - unremarkable Physical examination - nasal discharge not obvious, owner reports worse at particular times of the day

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

BREED A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

Fox Terrier Cross **COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The crown of triadan 102 is absent.

SEX In both nasal cavities, L>>R, a non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material is attached to the nasal mucosal lining. There is mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures. The left frontal sinus is filled with non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material. The nasopharynx is obliterated – suspect the soft palate bulging dorsally.

Male

AGE Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

13 Years

INTERPRETED BY Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

HOSPITAL NAME

Colyton Veterinary Hospital

The mandibular lymph nodes are prominent, uniform soft tissue attenuating and contrast enhancing.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- REFERRING VET**
- Soft tissue material in the nasal cavity, L>>R, with evidence of mild conchal destruction
 - Lymphadenopathy mandibular lymph nodes
 - Complicated dental fracture 102

Dalton Nguyen

INVOICE INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

48111 The findings are most suggestive for underlying non-specific rhinitis – such as lymphocytic plasmocytic or eosinophilic – with mild conchal destruction. There are no signs of biologically aggressive behavior or overt contrast enhancement of the nasal soft tissue material, decreasing the odds for underlying nasal neoplasia. If not done so yet, complementing workup by rhinoscopy with sampling for histopathology and microbial culture is recommended.

DATE

10-31-21 The nasopharynx is not aerated, I suspect this is due to dorsal bulging of the soft palate, however retrograde evaluation of the nasopharynx is recommended to rule out any mass completely.



PATIENT

Nuriko Boikov

Consider FNA sampling of the mandibular lymph nodes to rule out malignant transformation and confirm reactive hyperplasia.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fox Terrier Cross

SEX

Male

AGE

13 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Colyton Veterinary
Hospital

REFERRING VET

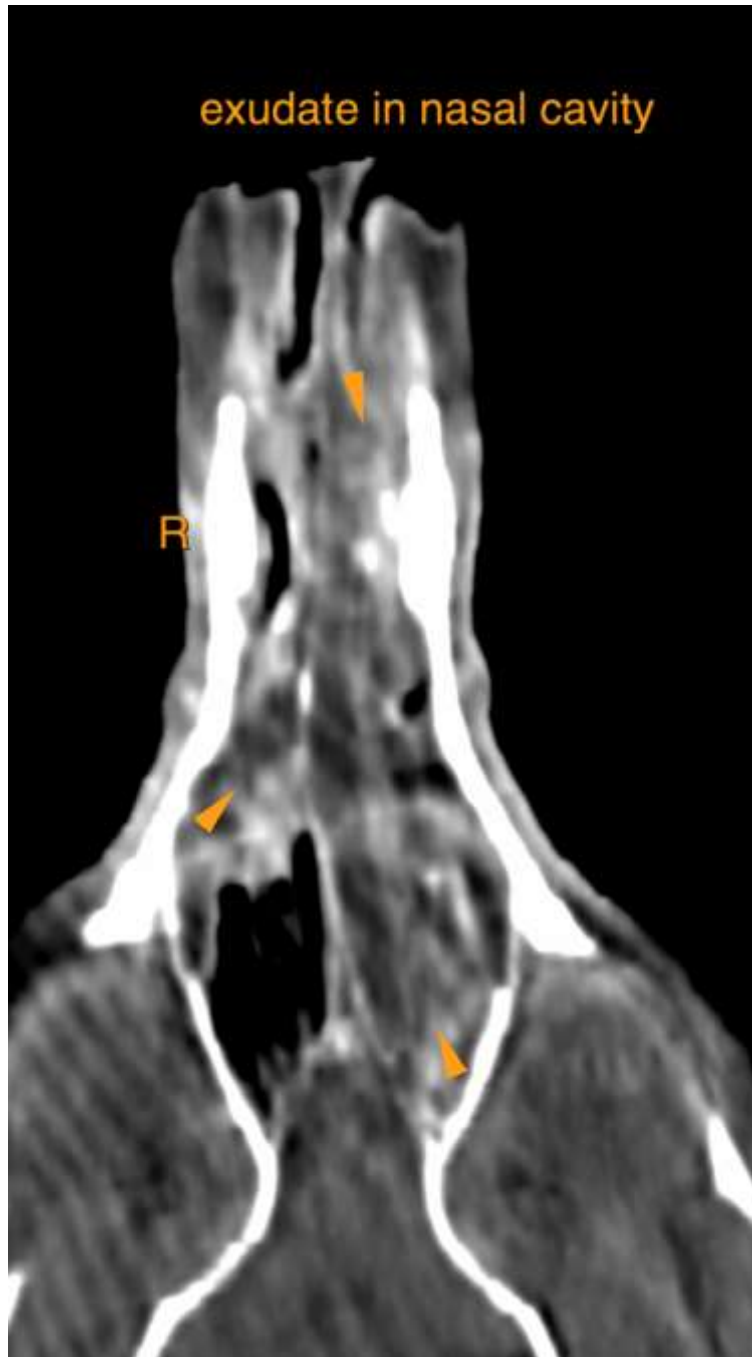
Dalton Nguyen

INVOICE

48111

DATE

10-31-21





PATIENT

Nuriko Boikov

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Fox Terrier Cross

SEX

Male

AGE

13 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Colyton Veterinary
Hospital

REFERRING VET

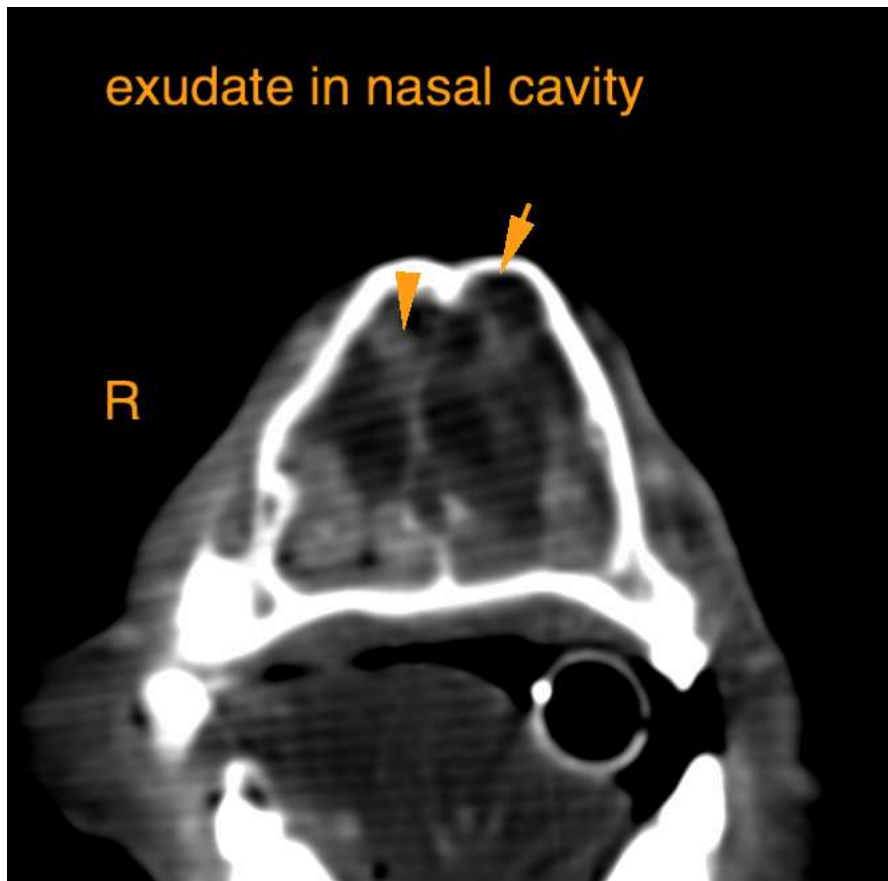
Dalton Nguyen

INVOICE

48111

DATE

10-31-21



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com