



PATIENT

Murray Oosterhof

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

sudden onset of Vomiting , diarrhea, not eating
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: mild abdominal discomfort , BW : moderate neutrophilia , CPL markedly elevated , rest were unremarkable.

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Radiographs of the abdomen in two orthogonal imaging planes.

BREED

Border Collie Mix

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

Male Neuter

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

13 Months

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

The stomach is in its anticipated position and contains a mild amount of striated radiopaque material.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal Hospital

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

The colon is seen in the expected position and contains a moderate amount of gas.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Masoud

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Small amount of gastric foreign material without signs of obstruction
- Empty colon

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is a small amount of striated material visible in the stomach, suggestive for mild amount of gastric foreign material. There are no signs for gastric outflow obstruction and the clinical relevance is unclear. Given the clinical signs, laboratory and radiographic changes, underlying pancreatitis is considered likely. If clinical signs persist under empirical management of the pancreatitis, follow up radiographs of the fasted patient can be used to check if the material can still be appreciated in the stomach.

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10-27-21



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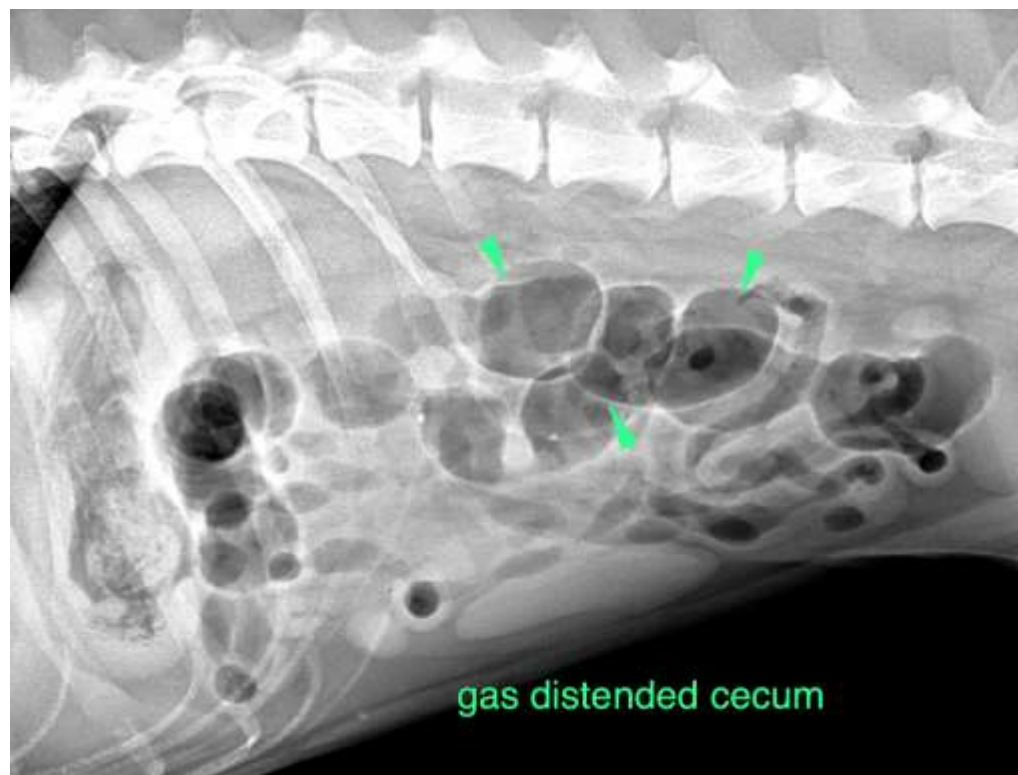
Dr. Masoud

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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