



**PATIENT**

Arlo Wong

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Hx elevated liver values, ruling out PSS  
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Elevated liver values and bile acids

**SPECIES**

Canine

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

**BREED**

Grey Hound X

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

**SEX**

MN

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

**AGE**

4 Years

The portal vein presents a normal order of its tributary veins and intrahepatic branching. No abnormal vessel is noted inside and outside of the liver parenchyma.

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is seen along the lumbar spine.

Ankylosis of both sacroiliac joints is appreciated.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Animal Health  
 Partners

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Ankylosis sacroiliac joints
- No evidence of portosystemic shunting, neither intra- nor extrahepatic

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Westgarth

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

No macroscopic vascular bypass of the liver was noted in the pre- and post- contrast studies of the abdomen. However, if the clinical signs are consistent with insufficiency of the liver primary non-cirrhotic portal hypertension (microvascular dysplasia) or other diffuse parenchymal liver disease would still be a potential and should be ruled out by means of ultrasound guided or surgical liver biopsy.

**INVOICE**

54795

**DATE**

10-25-22



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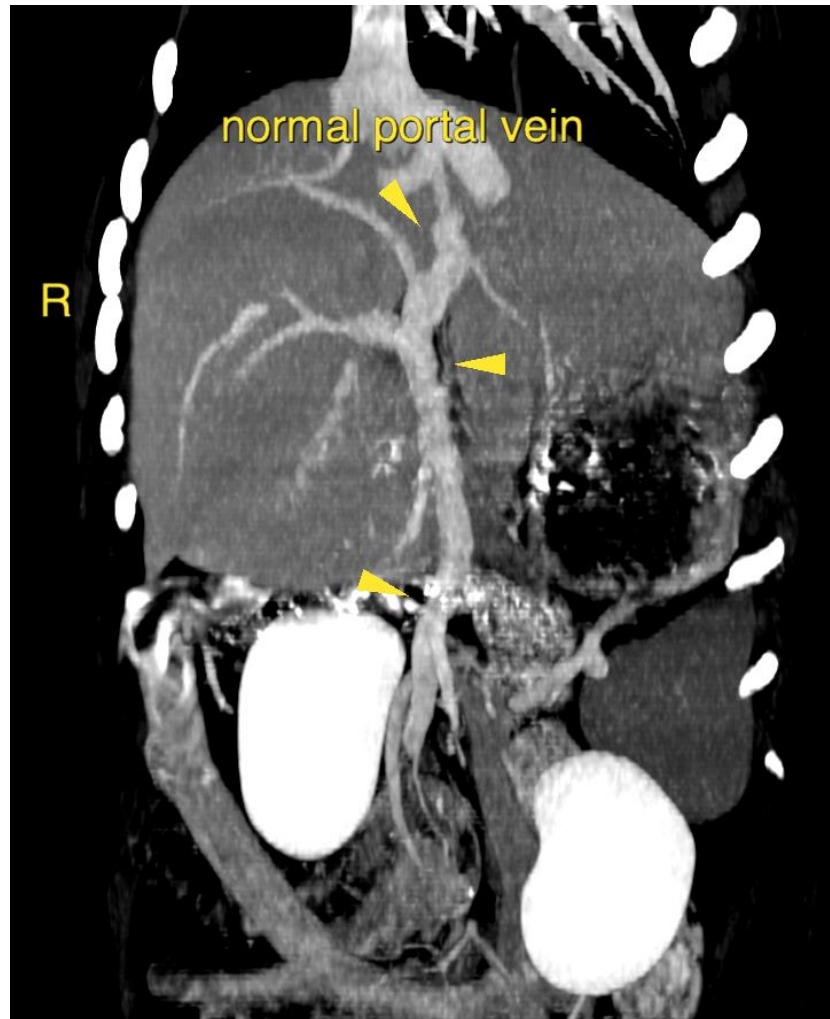
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
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