



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Clover Grocott History: vomiting for 3 days
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: blood work unremarkable

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Boston Terrier The vertebral endplates L6/L7 and L7/S1 present advanced bridging spondylosis formation.

SEX

Spayed Female No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.
 The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.
 The liver presents a mild increased volume and the caudoventral margins are rounded.

AGE

11 Years The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
 DVM Dr. med. vet.
 DipECVDI

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

The stomach is in its anticipated position. In the pyloric antrum an irregular discoid shaped metal opaque body is visible measuring 1.2 cm in size, as well as three linear metal opaque structures (small wires) measuring up to 2.4 cm in length. On wire appears to extend the margins of the pylorus.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catharine's AH

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content – a metal opaque body is seen in the most distal aspect of the rectum.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

INVOICE

14002

- Gastric foreign bodies – three wires and one metal opaque discoid metal object
- Mild hepatomegaly
- Spondylosis deformans L6/L7 & L7/S1

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

10/22/21



PATIENT

Clover Grocott

There are multiple metal opaque foreign bodies visible in the pyloric antrum of the stomach, being a potential explanation for the history of vomiting. One wire appears to project beyond the margins of the pyloric wall – possibly indicating migration of the small wire through the gastric wall. A follow up radiograph of the abdomen can be used to check if the foreign bodies are stationary in the pylorus and decision making if endoscopic or surgical removal of the foreign material can be considered.

SPECIES

Canine

Potentials for the hepatomegaly include metabolic hepatic disease/steroid induced hepatopathy, hepatitis or neoplastic infiltration. Ultrasound including FNA sampling can be used as minimally advanced diagnostic tests.

BREED

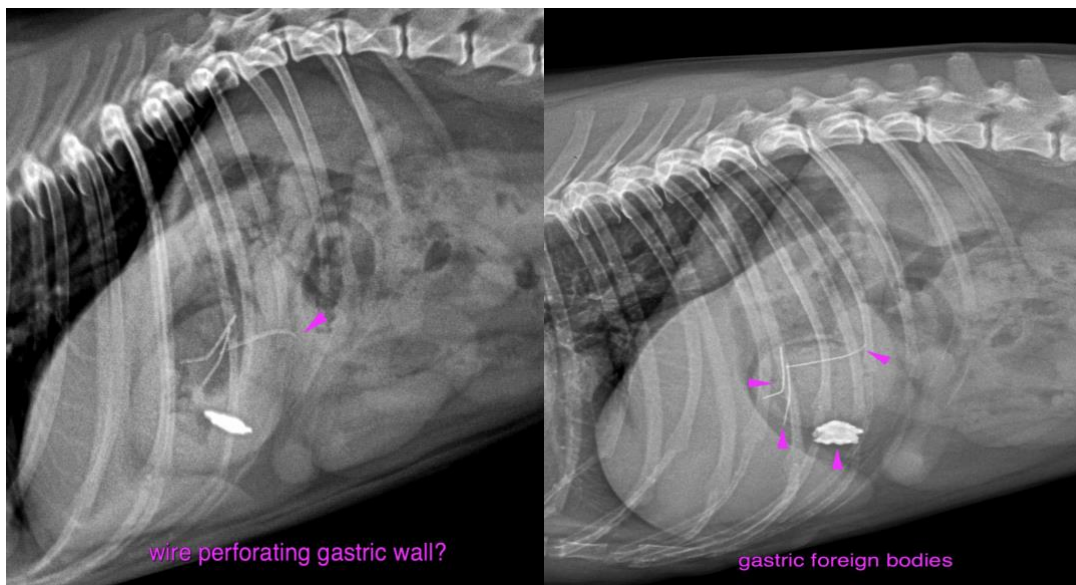
Boston Terrier

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11 Years



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DipECVDI

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catharine's AH

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

INVOICE

14002

DATE

10/22/21