



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Stryper Barton History: Chronic Rhinitis
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

Feline A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

DSH All teeth but triadan 104, 204, 304 and 404 are absent. Multiple small, retained fragments of the roots of the upper incisor teeth are visible within the alveolar bone.

SEX The right nasal cavity presents with mild atrophy of the conchal structures. Post contrast administration generalized moderate swelling of the nasal mucosal lining is present. A mild amount of non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material is visible in the most rostral aspect of the nasal cavity and the nasopharynx.
Neutered Male

AGE Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.
7 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

Both tympanic bullae contain a moderate amount of soft tissue material and post contrast administration the mucosal lining of the tympanic bulla is moderately thickened and contrast enhancing. The wall of the tympanica bullae is mildly thickened and smooth. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

HOSPITAL NAME

VC of Hardyston The parotid, submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are moderately enlarged, uniform soft tissue attenuating with a heterogeneous contrast enhancement pattern; the short-to-long-axis ratio is maintained normal <0.5.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Cerf

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Rhinitis mildly destructive
- Bilateral otitis media without evidence of nasopharyngeal polyp formation
- Lymphadenopathy tributary lymph nodes of the skull
- History of full mouth dental extraction

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

10/21/21



PATIENT The findings are consistent with chronic mildly destructive rhinitis. The causative agent is most likely primary viral with bacterial superinfection.

Stryper Barton

The prominent regional lymph nodes are consistent with secondary reactive lymphadenitis.

SPECIES Rhinoscopy with biopsy and samples for microbial cultures can be used as advanced diagnostic tests – although in many cases the primary causative agent for the rhinitis cannot be isolated anymore. Clinical signs are likely to reoccur in chronic cases of rhinosinusitis.

Feline

BREED

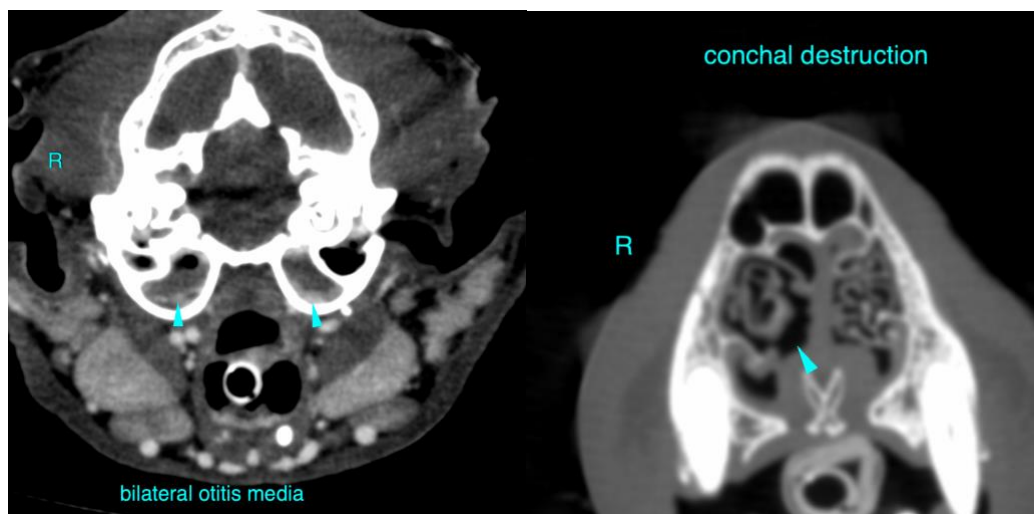
DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7 Years



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

HOSPITAL NAME

VC of Hardyston

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