



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Sasha Vilord Chronic upper respiratory congestion for about 1 year. Unresponsive to multiple courses of antibiotics and steroids. Dental disease.

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

Feline A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED Multiple teeth are absent. A moderate amount of mineral attenuating material is attached to the crowns of the remaining buccal teeth. Triadan 407 presents resorptive lesions.

DSH The nasal cavity bilaterally is obliterated by soft tissue attenuating material with equivocal contrast enhancement. Mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures is appreciated. The choana and the rostral segment of the nasopharynx are obliterated by mild contrast enhancing soft tissue material.

SEX Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

AGE Both tympanic bullae are filled with soft tissue attenuating material. The wall of both tympanic bullae is mildly thickened and smooth. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

12 Years The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are significantly enlarged and rounded, uniform soft tissue attenuating and present a homogeneous contrast enhancement pattern

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

HOSPITAL NAME

Blairstown Animal Hospital

- Choanal/rostral nasopharyngeal plaque like soft tissue mass with upper airway obstruction
- Destructive rhinitis
- Lymphadenopathy mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes bilaterally
- Bilateral otitis media
- Dental resorptive lesions 407
- Dental tartar
- Multiple absent teeth

REFERRING VET

Dr. Summers

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

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The soft tissue mass in the choana/nasopharynx is concerning for neoplastic infiltration of the mural lining, in combination with the enlarged regional lymph nodes round cell tumor is the top differential. Potentials include nasopharyngeal stenosis, inflammatory mucosal swelling or less likely polyp formation level with the choana. The rhinitis can be a sequela to the choanal obstruction. If not done so yet, recommend rhinoscopy including retrograde evaluation of the nasopharynx including sampling for biopsy and microbial culture as well as FNA sampling of the enlarged tributary lymph nodes.

DATE

10-19-22



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Sasha Vilord

SPECIES

Feline

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DSH

SEX

SF

AGE

12 Years

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HOSPITAL NAME

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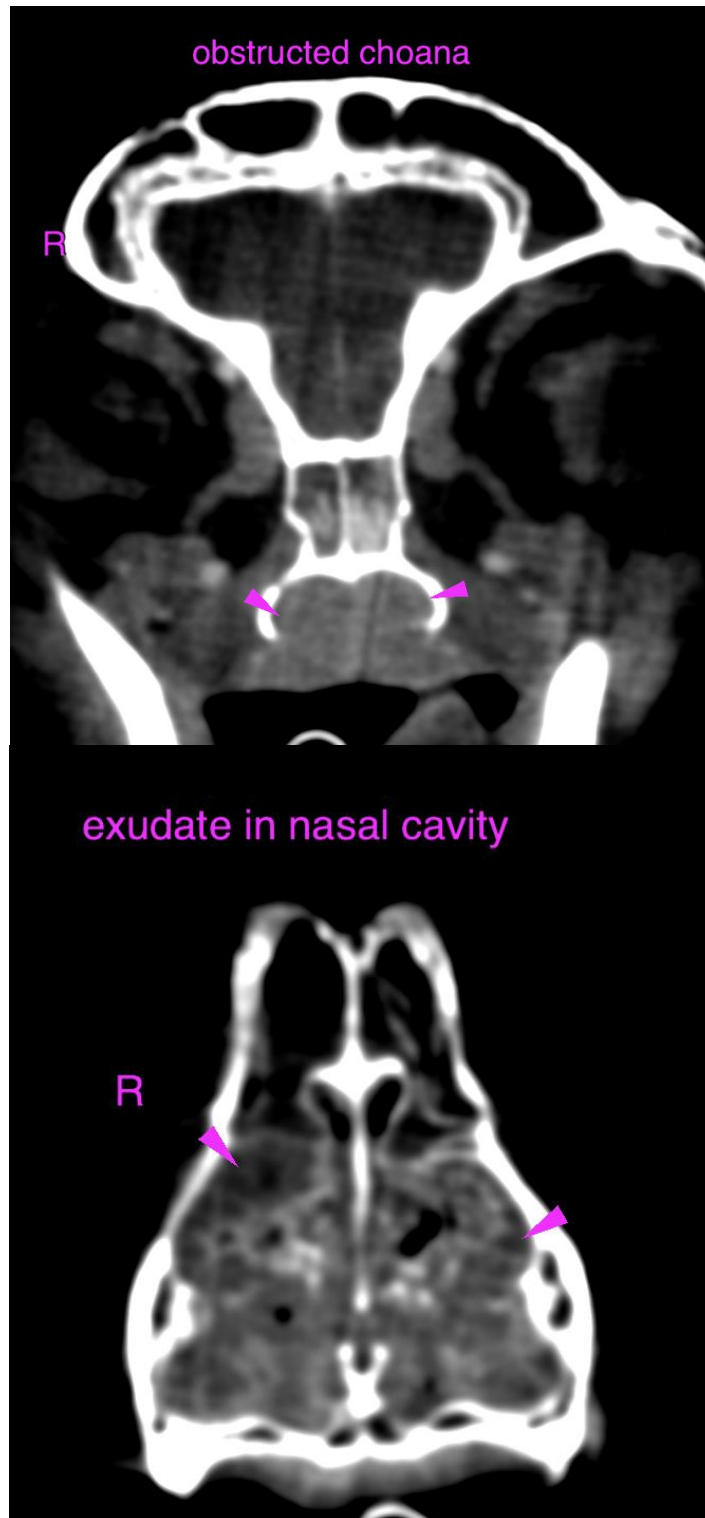
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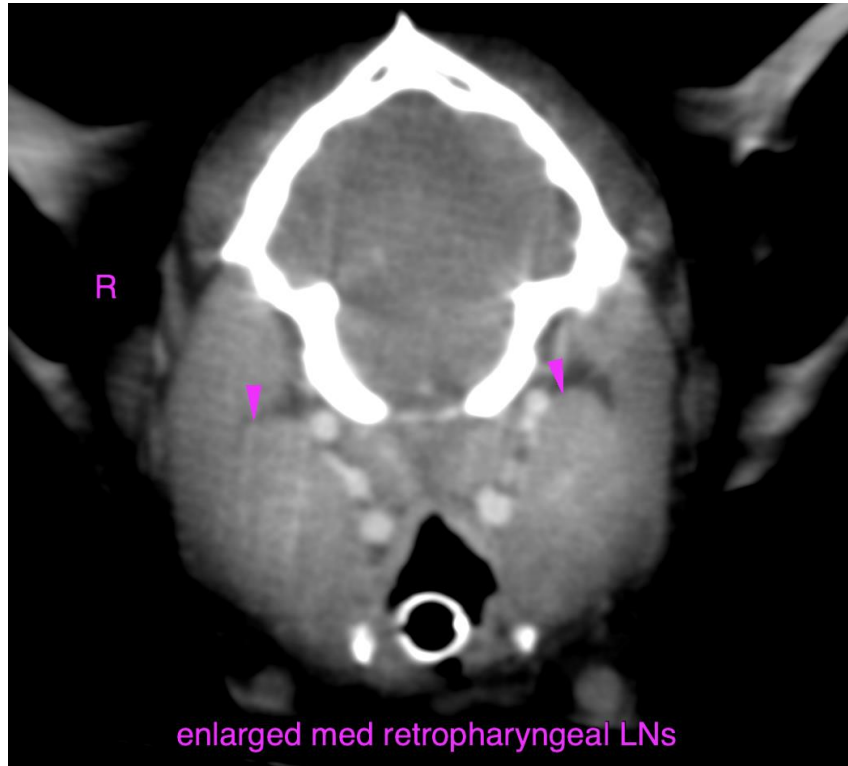
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12 Years

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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