



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Spice Harer History: Hiatal hernia diagnosed in 2016. Spice has started breathing harder and deeper at rest in the last few months. No coughing, sneezing, or change in appetite or behavior. Other cats in the home are fine. Spice's physical exam was unremarkable today.

SPECIES

Feline Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: None performed

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

BREED

DSH A complete set of radiographs of the thorax is provided for review.

SEX

Spayed Female The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

AGE

7 Years The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth. The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected. The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture.

The ventral aspect of the diaphragm cannot be clearly delineated and a moderate amount of fat is seen in the ventral aspect of the right hemithorax with secondary left sided displacement of the heart by the mass effect.

HOSPITAL NAME

Cornelius VC In the caudal mediastinum, cranial to the diaphragm, a roundish structure containing foamy soft tissue material is visible consistent with parts of the stomach, the ventral segment of the fundus of the stomach is displaced dorsally and cranially towards the level of the esophageal hiatus. The stomach is displaced dorsally and cranially and

REFERRING VET

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- H. Flint
- Hiatal diaphragmatic hernia with prolapse of approximately one half of the stomach into the caudal mediastinum
 - Suspect diaphragmatic rupture in the right ventral aspect with prolapse of fat

INVOICE

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

13680

The findings are suggestive for traumatic origin of the diaphragmatic hiatal hernia with prolapse of major parts of the stomach into the caudal medasitnum. There is evidence of fat protruding into the

DATE

10/11/21



PATIENT ventral aspect of the right hemithorax by a defect in the right ventral aspect of the diaphragm, explaining the history of increased respiratory effort. A traumatic origin is considered likely here.

Spice Harer

Surgical intervention is the therapy of choice, as there is a latent risk for incarceration of the stomach and tympany warranting immediate surgical intervention.

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

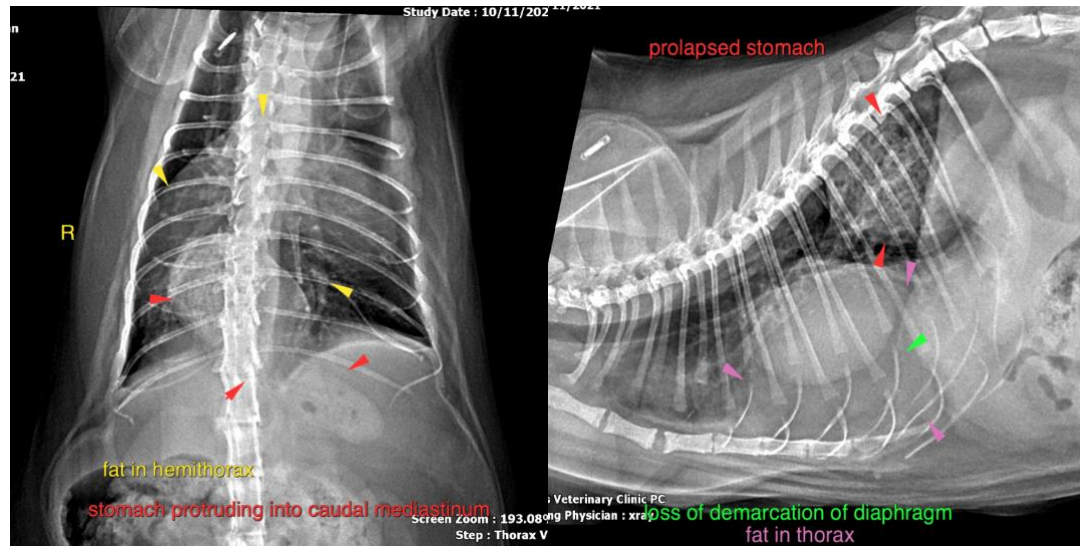
DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

7 Years



INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

HOSPITAL NAME

Cornelius VC

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sebast.schaub@gmail.com

REFERRING VET

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