



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Ted Vint Chest x-rays for met check for possible forelimb amputation (please see previous sonopath submission of right forelimb x-rays from 1/5)

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Canine Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Cairn The vertebral endplates T4/T5 and T5/T6 present mild ventral spondylosis formation. The right antebrachium presents a with an aggressive bone lesion. Moderate osteopenia of the right humerus is appreciated.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

SEX The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

MN The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

AGE The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

12 Years, 4 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

In both lateral views, a roundish soft tissue opacity is superimposed on the third rib – the nodular soft tissue opacity is subjectively more well-defined in the left lateral projection and is not appreciated in the VD view. In the left lateral view, a roundish soft tissue opacity is superimposed on the caudal vertebral endplate of T7.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

HOSPITAL NAME

Gentle Doctor Animal Hospital

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Suspect two nodular soft tissue opacities of the lung
- Spondylosis deformans
- History of biologically aggressive lesion right antebrachium

REFERRING VET

Dr. Rotthaus

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Although the nodular lesions appreciated in the lateral views cannot be appreciated in the VD view, the odds for a structured nodular interstitial lung pattern indicating pulmonary metastatic disease. In case of doubt, a CT study of the thorax can be used to confirm the diagnosis.

INVOICE

56072

DATE

1-9-23



PATIENT

Ted Vint

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Cairn

SEX

MN

AGE

12 Years, 4 Months

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HOSPITAL NAME

Gentle Doctor Animal
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REFERRING VET

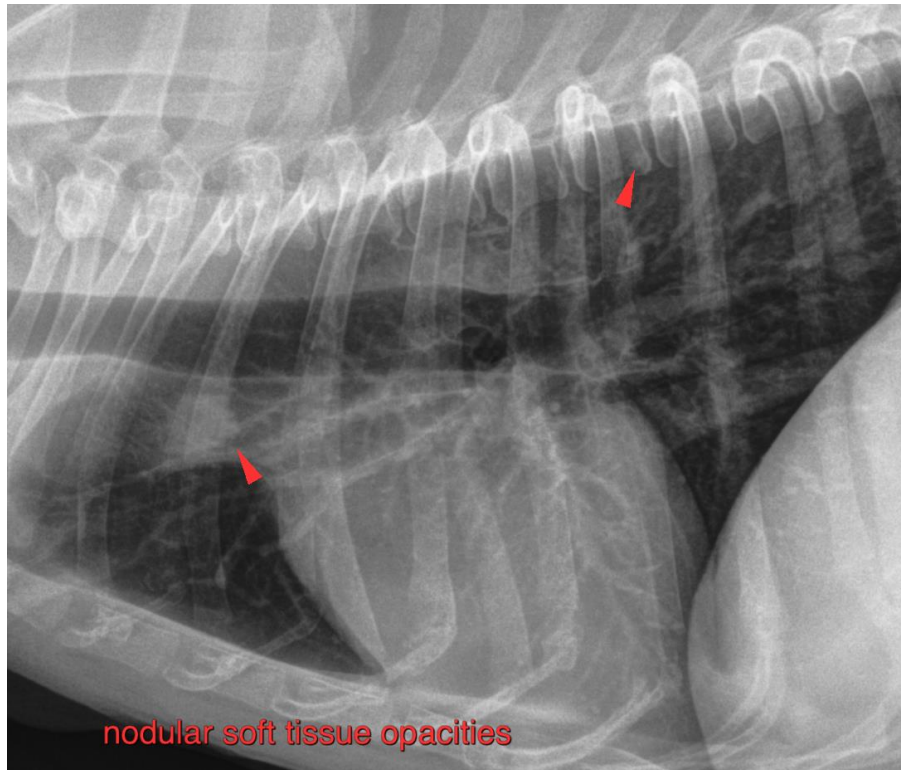
Dr. Rotthaus

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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