



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Maggie Waring

Hx: Problem list: 1) Diagnosed with asthma last spring. Coughing has been pretty well controlled with fluticasone/flovent inhaler. 2) Hyperthyroid-treated and currently WNL 3) Intermittent heart gallop 4) Stage 2 kidney disease. (see med records) 5) chronic pancreatitis 6) Chronic cough - Trachea is very sensitive on palpation, cough easily elicited Patient is here today for dental work (hence CBCT performed) and BAL to help internists evaluate the chronic lower airway dz. Please evaluate for upper airway dz.

SPECIES

Feline

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 11/16/22, Chem/CBC/T4: Maggie's recheck CBC & mini chem panel show stable stage 2 CKD (creatinine=2.3 mg/dl). Her T4 has improved significantly (2.4 ug/dl) and is now in the range of "normal" for a cat with hyperthyroidism.

BREED

DSH

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution plain CT study of the skull is provided for review.

SEX

FS

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The tooth elements 101, 204, 206, 208, 209 are absent. A small remaining fragment of the root of triadan 204 is appreciated in the alveolar crest; the respective alveolar crest is moderately widened and presents mild moth eaten osteolytic lesions. A retained root of triadan 101 is appreciated. Triadan 104 presents mild irregular margins.

AGE

11

In both nasal cavities, a small amount of soft tissue material is attached to the nasal conchal structures and a small amount of foamy soft tissue material is seen in the nasopharynx.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are filled with soft tissue attenuating material; the osseous lining is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

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Animal Dental Clinic

The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

REFERRING VET

Jean Battig, DVM,
DAVDC

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild rhinitis
- Bilateral otitis media
- Remaining fragment root triadan 204 with signs of osteomyelitis of the alveolar bone at the same level
- Remaining root triadan 101
- Mild dental resorptive lesions 104
- Multiple absent teeth

INVOICE

56049

DATE

1-9-23

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT study is consistent with mild rhinitis – commonly primary viral ± bacterial or less likely mycotic superinfection. Rhinoscopy including sampling for microbial culture or histopathology might be used for further definition. The bilateral otitis media is considered as a sequela to upper



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airway infection with ascending infection by the auditory tube.

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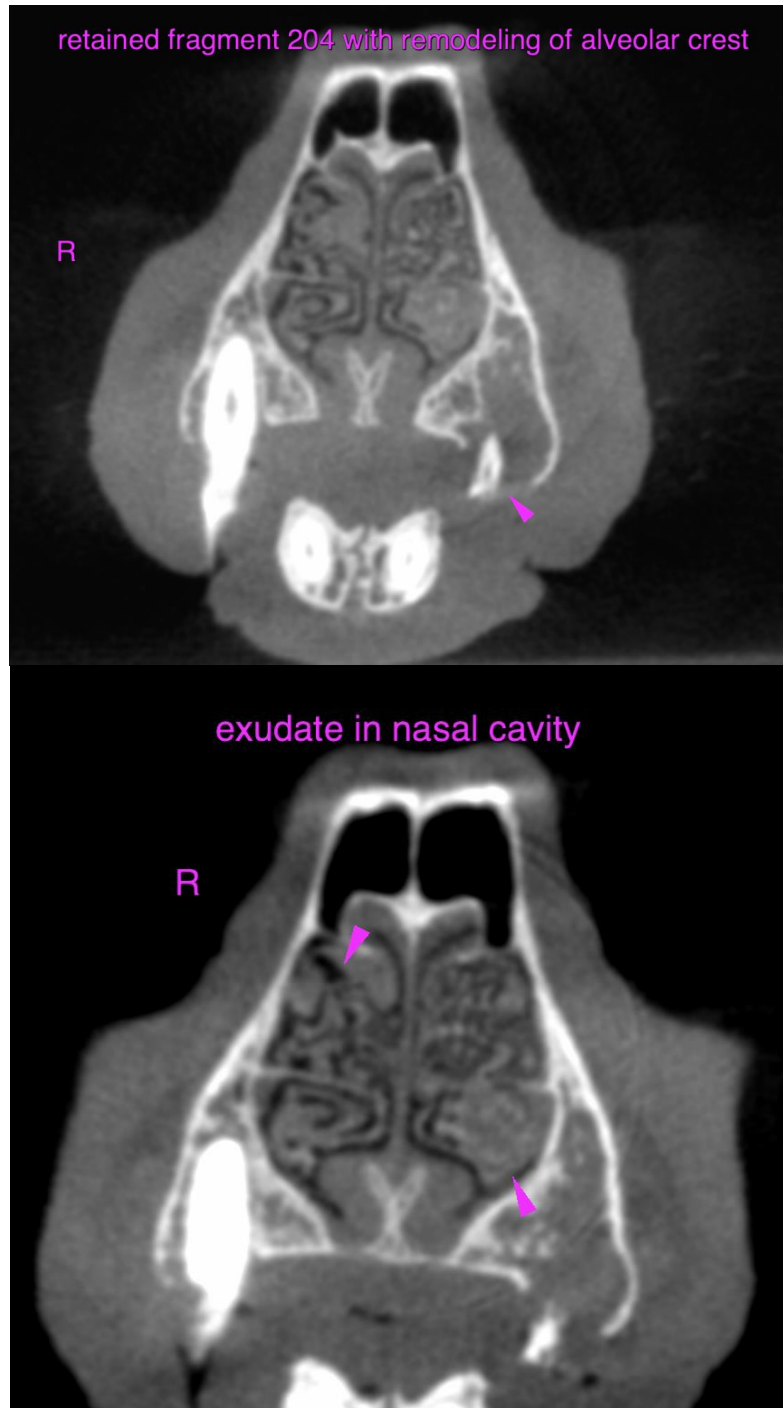
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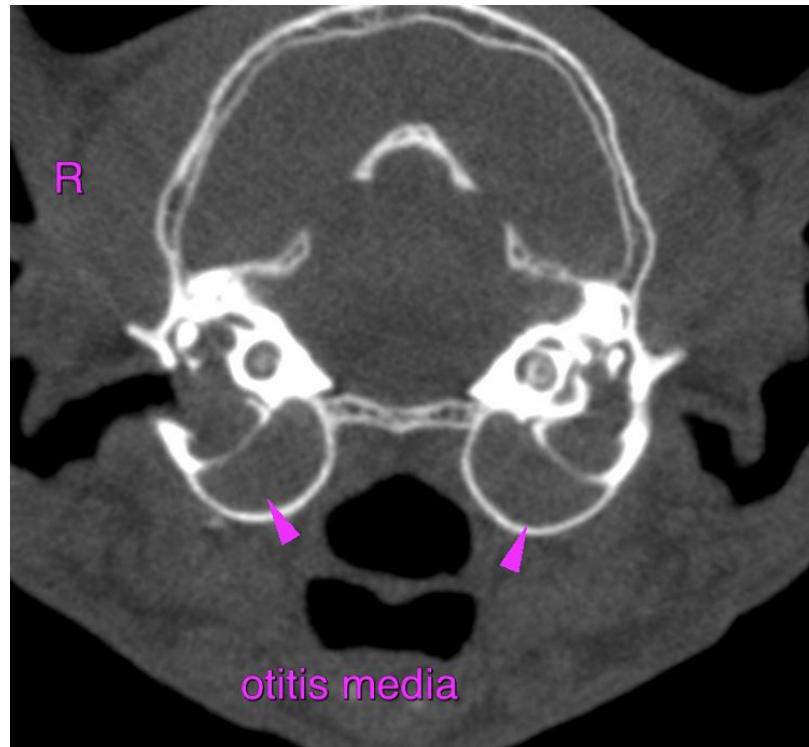
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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