



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Lola Haley Sudden onset of pain over right ear however sensitive to left ear touch. Purulent discharge under and around right eyelids, soft swelling dorsal to temporal region. Hx of Left TECA on June 2022. Previous Right TECA in early 2022.

**SPECIES** Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC: slight neutrophilia Chem: WNL

**Canine COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

**BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Staffordshire Terrier Triadan 101, 104-106, 204-206, 301, 401, 402 is provided for review. A remaining root of Triadan 101 is appreciated in the alveolar crest.

**SEX** The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

Spayed Female Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

**AGE** The external ear canals bilaterally are absent. A diffuse, ill-defined soft tissue swelling is seen in the region of the absent left external ear canal; post contrast administration, a peripheral contrast enhancing and central fluid attenuating area is appreciated within the swelling measuring 3.0 x 1.3 x 1.7 cm in size. The left tympanic bulla is filled with soft tissue attenuating material, the osseous lining is mildly thickened and smooth. The right external ear canal contains a small amount of irregular shaped soft tissue material.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mobile Pet Imaging

The left medial retropharyngeal lymph node is moderately enlarged, and the left mandibular lymph nodes are mildly prominent.

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

**REFERRING VET**

Meaux

- Diffuse soft tissue swelling region of left external ear canal with focal cavitory lesion with focal steatitis
- History of bilateral total ear canal ablation
- Bilateral otitis media, L>>R

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**INVOICE**

56052

The swelling and cavitory lesion in the region of the excised left external ear canal indicates abscess formation and focal steatitis – an underlying cause cannot be specified, but small retained cartilaginous material or epithelial lining might be present. Surgical drainage of the cavitory lesion is considered as the therapy of choice.

**DATE**

1-9-23

Secondary reactive hyperplasia of the tributary lymph nodes.



**PATIENT**

Lola Haley

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Staffordshire Terrier

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

12 Years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mobile Pet Imaging

**REFERRING VET**

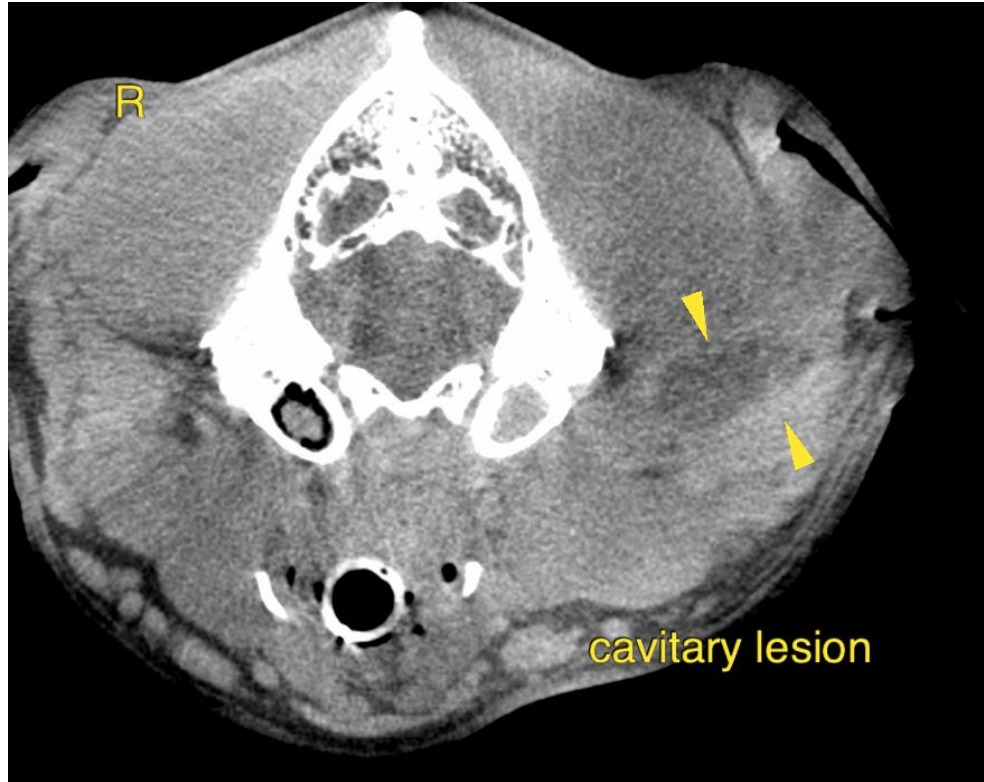
Meaux

**INVOICE**

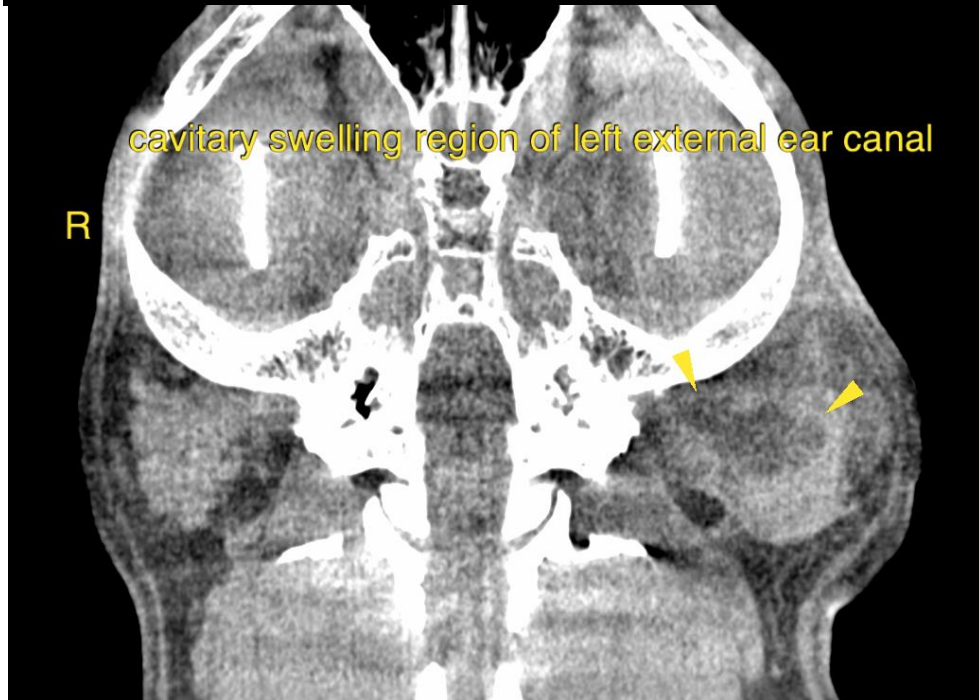
56052

**DATE**

1-9-23



cavitary lesion



cavitary swelling region of left external ear canal

**PATIENT**

Lola Haley

**SPECIES**

Canine

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**BREED**

Staffordshire Terrier

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

12 Years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mobile Pet Imaging

**REFERRING VET**

Meaux

**INVOICE**

56052

**DATE**

1-9-23