



PATIENT

Kato Quirarte

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Husky

SEX

MN

AGE

11

WEIGHT

34.2kgs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Zh/Arr

HOSPITAL NAME

Southern Oregon
Veterinary Specialty
Center

REFERRING VET

Kimberly Winters

INVOICE

73173

DATE

1-5-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Left sided epistaxis occurred 12/22/25. He also has had persistent/frequent reverse sneezing and sneezing since 11/13/2025. He has sneezed and had reverse sneezing periodically before that time. Past Medications Amoxicillin 500mg caps 1 po BID x 2 weeks started on 11/13 and finished. Prednisone 20mg 0.5 tab po q12 hrs x3 days. Reduce to 0.5 tab SID x3 days. Continue at 0.5 tab EOD until gone started on 11/13 Zyrtec - Stopped as O thought it could be making things worse from thinning mucous. Currently on Yunnan Baiyao BID

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The tooth elements 105, 205, 305, 311, 405 and 411 are absent.

The left nasal cavity is obliterated by uniform soft tissue attenuating and mild irregular contrast enhancing material. Destruction of the associated nasal conchal structures is seen. The osseous lining of the left nasal cavity presents multifocal moth eaten defects with perforation of the horizontal plate of the left palatine bone. The left frontal sinus is partially obliterated by foamy fluid attenuating material.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Left nasal soft tissue material with semiaggressive osteolytic lesions of the osseous lining of the left nasal cavity
- Secondary left sided obstructive sinusitis
- Multiple absent teeth

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The left nasal soft tissue mass is compatible with primary nasal soft tissue neoplasia. Differentials include adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma lymphosarcoma, other. Rhinoscopy including biopsy can be performed for specification. The Adam tumor stage is 3.



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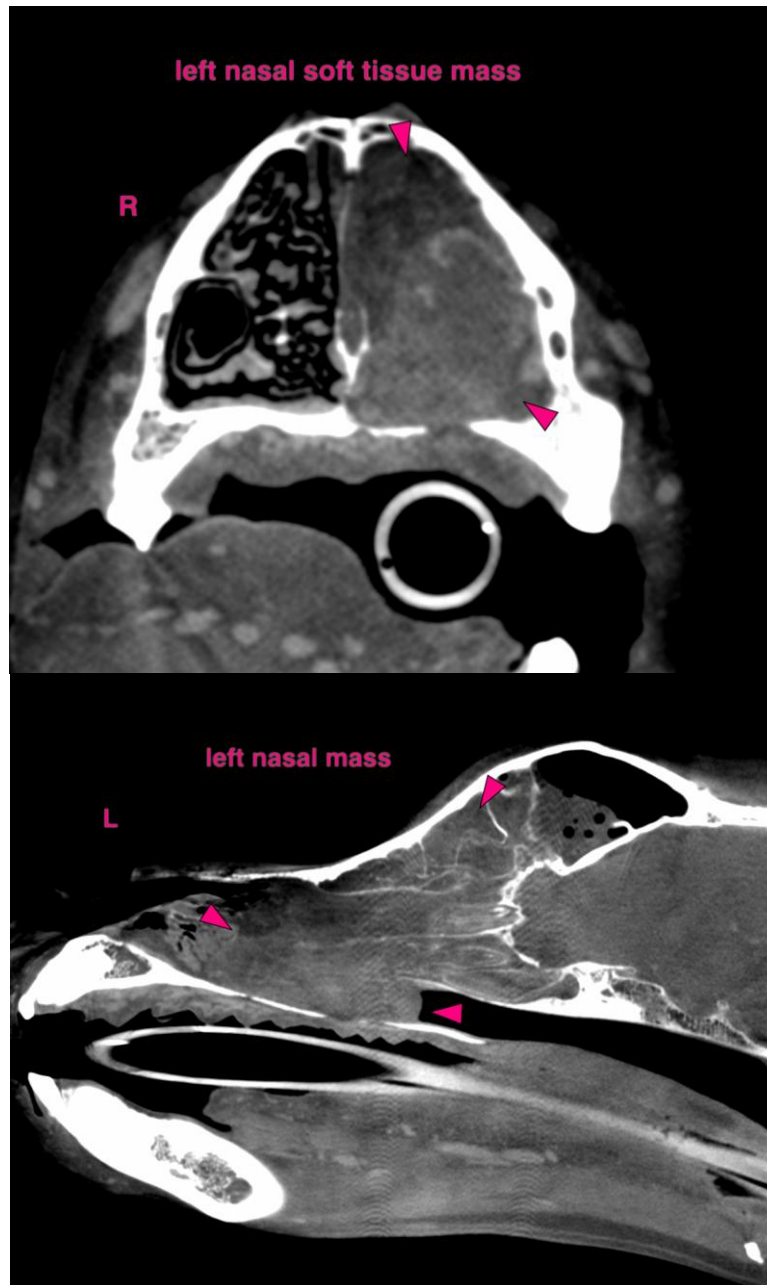
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com