



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Buddy Benson
Reason for Visit: Coughing and Breathing harder at times - night time pacing unable to get comfortable (2 days ago) / yesterday was open mouth breathing
Current Medications: thyro tabs - 1 BID / hycodan PRN 1/2 yesterday AM and then 1/2 at bed
CV/Respiratory: Normal heart rate and rhythm, no murmur, pulses strong and synchronous, normal bronchovesicular sounds.
EENT: lenticular sclerosis OU and AU. No nasal discharge. No cough on tracheal palpation. Oral cavity: Moderate tartar 3.5-5
Musculoskeletal: BCS = 6/9. Ambulatory x 4

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

The vertebral end plates C7/T1 present moderate spondylosis formation. The intervertebral disc space T9/T10 is collapsed.

MN

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

AGE

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

15.9 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

Mild dorsoventral flattening of the caudal cervical tracheal segment is visible.

Mild thickening of the bronchial walls is present.

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary Hospital

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Torres

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild bronchial lung pattern
- Mild tracheal collapse
- Spondylosis deformans C7/S1
- Chronic discopathy T9/T10

INVOICE

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

1-3-22

The bronchial lung pattern is suggestive for bronchitis and inflammatory non-infectious causes (e.g. allergic, eosinophilic) or infectious (e.g. viral, bacterial, parasitic) are considerations. If clinical signs are refractory to empirical therapy, bronchoscopy including BAL can be used as advanced diagnostic tests.

The mild tracheal collapse is considered an incidental finding and might be accentuated by mild



PATIENT

extension of the neck.

Buddy Benson

TECHNICAL COMMENTS

Human fingers are seen in the primary beam, please consider radiation safety guidelines!

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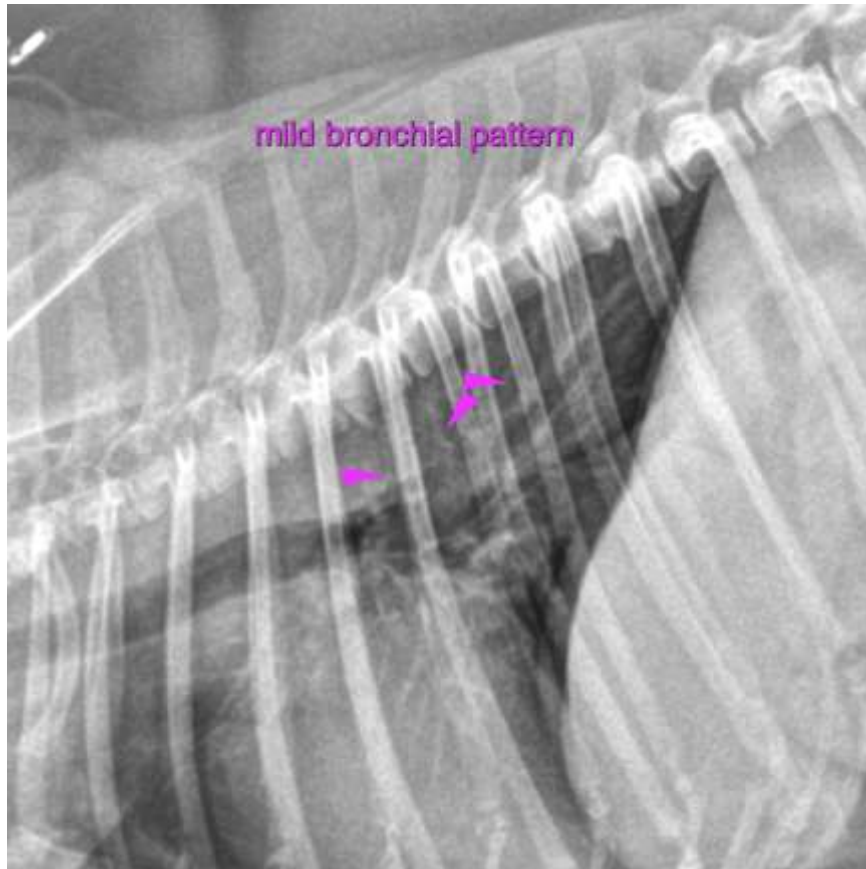
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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