



PATIENT

Paisley Dolphin

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Mass removed from L ventral thorax on 1/11/23. Histopathology consistent with high grade 3 mammary carcinoma. Submitting images today for pulmonary metastasis check. Owner reports rare cough. No further clinical concerns.

SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Pre-op BW on 12/21/22 was unremarkable. Temp today was 102.6F. Cardiac auscultation is unremarkable.

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

FS

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

Pleural fissure lines are visible, and a small amount of soft tissue opaque material is seen in the pleural space, L>R. The lung lobes are mildly retracted from the thoracic wall. The caudal part of the left cranial lung lobe has a mild increased radiopacity.

AGE

12 Years

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Ruidoso Animal Clinic

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Sarah Botkin

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild pleural effusion, L>R
- Unstructured interstitial pattern caudal part left cranial lung lobe

INVOICE

56386

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is evidence of mild pleural effusion, an underlying cause cannot be specified. The focal increased radiopacity level with the caudal part of the left cranial lung lobe is most likely a sequela to focal trapped pleural effusion and dystelectasis of the lung. A cause for the pleural effusion cannot be specified, potentials can include pancreatitis, cardiac disease, hepatic disease, inflammatory, paraneoplastic, other. Further workup warrants fluid analysis.

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1-25-23



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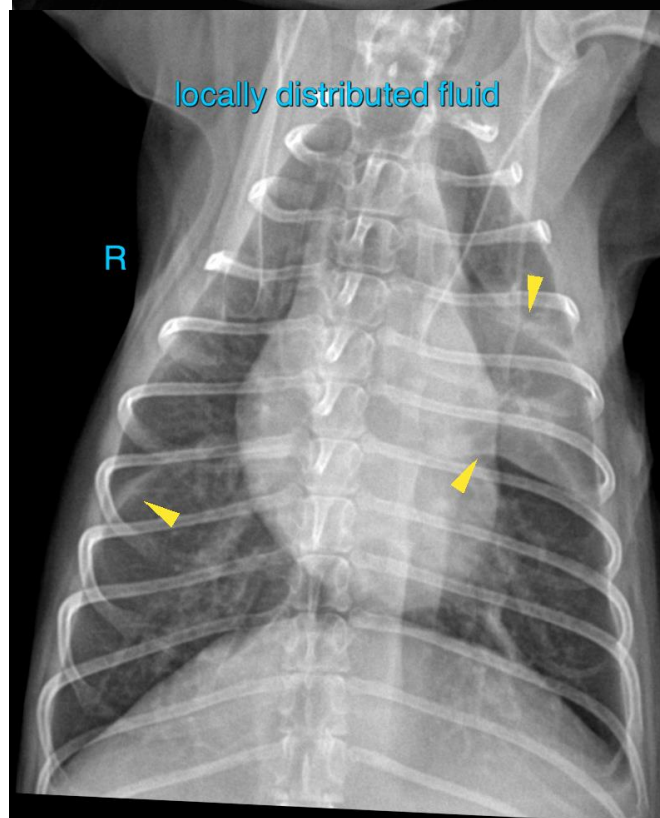
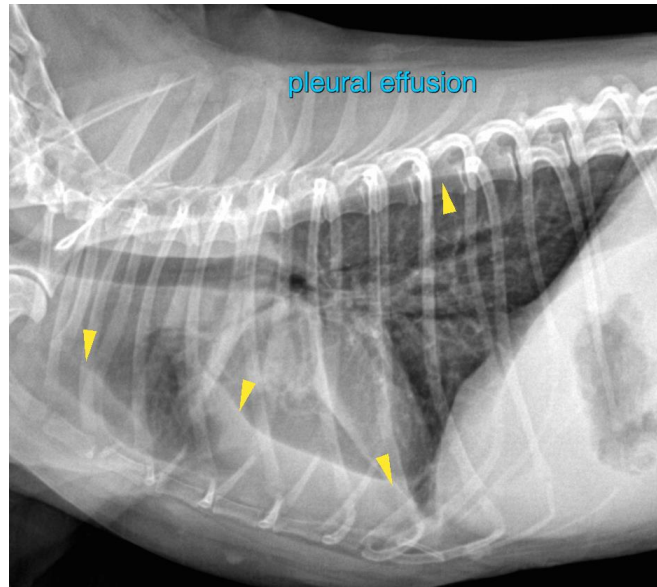
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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