



PATIENT

Yogi Peitucha

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

coughing started at the beginning of January and was treated medically but once done the treatment started to cough over the weekend. Did radiographs to see if something other than kennel cough

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

A complete set of radiographs of the thorax is provided for review.

BREED

Lab Mix

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The body condition score is 7/9.

SEX

Male Neutered

The vertebral endplates T12/T13 present moderate spondylosis formation. Advanced osteophyte formation is seen at the caudal aspect of both humeral heads.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

AGE

7 Years

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Chappelle Veterinary
Clinic

The lung parenchyma presents a generalized mild to moderate ground glass opacification of the lung parenchyma, mildly effacing the peripheral pulmonary vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Bassam Abdelmalek

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild to moderate unstructured interstitial lung pattern
- Degenerative osteoarthritis shoulder joints bilaterally
- Spondylosis deformans
- Mild obesity

INVOICE

49845

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

1-25-22

The unstructured interstitial lung pattern is very likely a sequela to the mild obesity of the patient and the odds for 'real' interstitial pulmonary disease are considered low. As interstitial lung pattern is not specific potentials can include pneumonitis (infectious versus non-infectious), fibrosis, non-cardiogenic edema/systemic disease, hemorrhage, neoplasia.



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If clinical signs do not improve, bronchoscopy including BAL might be used as advanced diagnostic tests.

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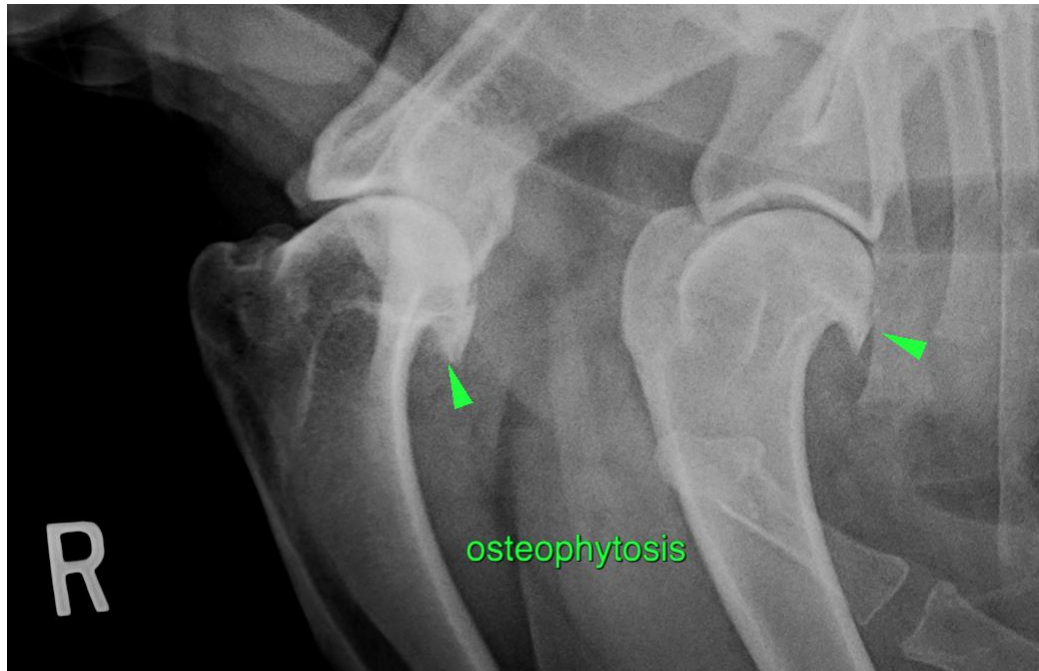
Bassam Abdelmalek

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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